Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority

New Haven, Connecticut

BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

for the construction of the

Process Air Compressor System for Low Level Nitrogen Removal at the East Shore Water Pollution Abatement Facility

Project No. CWF 2019-04

Volume 1 Division 00, Procurement and Contracting Requirements Division 01, General Requirements

JACOBS

Wethersfield, CT

July 2023

Copy No.\_\_

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

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Request for Proposal for Process Air Compressor Equipment, dated December 2021

APG—Neuros Proposal; High Efficiency Air Bearing Turbo Blower, dated February 2, 2022

# **VOLUME 4**

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# PART 1

# PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

# Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority

# INVITATION

for Constructing

PROJECT: CWF - 2019-04

PROCESS AIR COMPRESSOR SYSTEM FOR LOW-LEVEL NITROGEN REMOVAL, EAST SHORE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT FACILITY

Sealed bids will be received at the Office of the Director of Finance and Administration of the Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority located <u>at 260 East Street</u>, <u>New Haven, Connecticut 06511</u> for **PROJECT: CWF 2019-04**, **PROCESS AIR COMPRESSOR SYSTEM FOR LOW-LEVEL NITROGEN REMOVAL, EAST SHORE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT FACILITY 11:00 AM Local Time on Wednesday, August 30, 2023** at which time and place said bids will be opened publicly or via video conference and read aloud.

The Project contemplated consists of providing all materials, equipment, labor, and supervision for the construction of a new process air compressor facility including, site civil work, relocation of underground utilities, abandonment of existing utilities, installing micropiles, construction of a new process air compressor building with an electrical room, installation of 6 process air compressor units, installation of process air piping and controls, demolition of existing process air piping and controls, construction of walk ways and sidewalks, repair to existing building masonry, repair to aeration basin construction joints, installation of site drainage, and paving of a new road. The process air compressor manufacturer and scope of supply have been preselected. Bidders will include the cost of the preselected equipment in their bid as shown on the Bid Form. The project duration is 750 calendar days.

The information for Bidders, Proposal, Form of Contract, Plans and Specifications may be examined at the web address <u>https://gnhwpca.com/doing-business-withgnhwpca/vendor-portal/</u>. The Plans and a "bid package" containing the Invitation; Labor Rates; Proposal; Special Specifications and Notes, can be obtained upon a nonrefundable payment of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00), payable by check made out to GNHWPCA. Anyone submitting a bid for this project must be listed with GNHWPCA as having purchased the "bid package" from GNHWPCA. Documents may be mailed or picked up By Appointment Only at 260 East Street, New Haven, Connecticut. Appointments to obtain the Standard Specifications, Plans, and Bid Package may be made by calling (203) 466-5280 ext. 346.

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 INVITATION TO BID 00 11 13 - 1 For clarification and to purchase Bidding Documents, contact both the Engineer and Owner electronically at the following email addresses:

Engineering@gnhwpca.com

Karina.Massey@jacobs.com

Address all emails to both email addresses.

A non-mandatory Pre-Bid Meeting will be held at 1:00 PM Local Time on Tuesday, August 8, 2023, at the East Shore Water Pollution Abatement Facility Operations Building, 345 East Shore Parkway (aka 10 Connecticut Ave) New Haven, CT.

All bidders are to note this project is subject to the following requirements:

- Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements, including Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) and Women Business Enterprise (WBE) participation in accordance with the most recent CT DEEP's CWF Memorandum which requires a compliance statement be submitted with the proposal, and submittal of the Clean Water Fund Subcontractor Verification Form with in (14) Calendar Days after bid opening to the municipality along with the corresponding DBE certification for each subcontractor.
- 2. Contractor and Subcontractor affirmative action to ensure equal opportunity for employment, as noted in the Governor's Executive Orders Three and Seventeen.
- 3. Any contract awarded under this invitation for bids is expected to be funded in part by the State of Connecticut, Department of Energy and Environmental Protection. Neither the State of Connecticut nor any of its departments, agencies, or employees is or will be party to this invitation for bids or any resulting contract. This procurement will be subject to the requirements contained in Title 22a, Section 22a-842-4, subsections (h), (j), and (o).
- 4. Bidders must hold a current State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Sewer and Water Lines, Water Treatment Plants and General Building Construction (Group C) Prequalification Certificates.
- 5. American Iron and Steel (AIS) requirements of Section 436 of Public Law (P.L.) 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014.
- 6. State of Connecticut Wage Rates and Federal Minimum Wage Rates, as determined by the United States Department of Labor under the Davis-Bacon Act.

Each Bid must be submitted on the prescribed Bid Form and a certified check or bid bond in the amount of ten percent (10 %) of the total bid amount must accompany the bid. Said checks or bid bonds will be returned to the unsuccessful bidders upon Award of the Contract to the selected firm and execution of the Agreement. If any bid is not accompanied by a bid bond or check at the specified time for the bid opening, the incomplete bid will not be read, and this action will constitute automatic rejection of the bid. The successful bidder will be required to furnish a performance bond and a labor and materials payment bond in the form as attached to the Bid Documents for the amount of the total bid. A certified check cannot be substituted for either bond. The Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority reserves the right to alter quantities and to accept or reject any or all bids or any portion of any bids, for any or no reason, including unavailability of appropriated funds as it may deem to be in its best interests.

All bidders are to note that the award of this Contract is subject to the following conditions and contingencies:

- 1. The approval of such governmental agencies as may be required by law.
- 2. The appropriation of adequate funds by the proper agencies.
- 3. The Proposal submitted with all applicable certifications and documentation in accordance with the bid documents.

Gabriel Varca Director of Finance FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**

#### 1. DEFINED TERMS

1.1. Terms used in these Instructions to Bidders have the meanings indicated in the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions. Additional terms used in these Instructions to Bidders have the meanings indicated below:

1.1.1. *Issuing Office*—The office from which the Bidding Documents are to be issued and where the bidding procedures are to be administered.

#### 2. COPIES OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

2.1. Complete sets of the Bidding Documents in the number and for the sum, if any, stated in the Invitation to Bid may be obtained from the Issuing Office.

2.2. Complete sets of Bidding Documents shall be used in preparing Bids. Neither Owner nor Engineer assumes responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from use of incomplete sets of Bidding Documents.

2.3. Bidding documents included Specifications and Drawings bound in the Bidding Documents are photographic reductions of original tracings. Amount of reduction is indicated by a note or scale bar on Drawing. Half-size Drawings may be obtained from Engineer at cost of reproduction and handling, plus postage for mailing (if mailing is requested). Drawings will only be made available to firms listed as having complete sets of Bidding Documents. No return of half-size Drawings is required, and no refund will be made.

2.4. Owner and Engineer, in making copies of Bidding Documents made available on the above terms, do so only for the purpose of obtaining Bids for the Work and do not authorize or confer a license or grant for any other use.

# QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS

3.1. In order to perform public work, Bidder and its Subcontractors, prior to award of Contract or as otherwise required by the jurisdiction, shall hold or obtain such licenses as required by State Statutes, and federal and local Laws and Regulations.

3.2. To demonstrate Bidder's qualifications to perform the Work, Bidder shall submit written evidence such as financial data, previous experience, present commitments, and such other data as may be required with the bid.

The Bidder shall hold a current DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate from the Department of Administrative Services of the State of Connecticut according to C.G.S 4a-100, C.G.S. §4b-101 and C.G.S.§4b-91. Bidders shall submit with their

bids a DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate along with a current Update (Bid) Statement. Any bid submitted without a copy of the DAS Prequalification Certificate and an Update (Bid) Statement may be invalid. Prior to the commencement of any portion of the Work by a Subcontractor whose subcontract value is equal to or greater than \$500,000, the Contractor shall provide to the Owner a current DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate for such Subcontractor along with an Update (Bid) Statement. Bidders do not need to include subcontractor certificates with their bids but must have them at the time they commence work on the Project.

#### 4. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

4.1. Contractors and Subcontractors, in order to perform public work in the State of Connecticut, are required to hold, prior to award of Contract, State of Connecticut Contractor's Licenses of the class required to perform the specified Work.

# 5. EXAMINATION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS, OTHER RELATED DATA, AND SITE

5.1. Subsurface and Physical Conditions:

5.1.1. The Supplementary Conditions identify:

5.1.1.1. Those reports known to Owner of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or contiguous to the Site.

5.1.1.2. Those drawings known to Owner of physical conditions relating to existing surface and subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities).

5.1.2. Copies of reports and drawings referenced will be made available by Owner to any Bidder on request. The "technical data" contained therein upon which Bidder is entitled to rely as provided in Paragraph 5.03 of the General Conditions has been identified and established in Paragraph 5.03 of the Supplementary Conditions. Bidder is responsible for any interpretation or conclusion Bidder draws from any "technical data" or any other data, interpretations, opinions, or information contained in such reports or shown or indicated in such drawings. Costs associated with making available copies of reports and drawings shall be borne by Bidder.

5.2. Underground Facilities: Information and data shown or indicated in the Bidding Documents with respect to existing Underground Facilities at or contiguous to the Site is based upon information and data furnished to Owner and Engineer by owners of such Underground Facilities, including Owner or others.

5.3. Provisions concerning responsibilities for the adequacy of data furnished to prospective Bidders with respect to subsurface conditions, other physical conditions, and Underground Facilities, and possible changes in the Bidding Documents due to differing or unanticipated subsurface or physical conditions appear in Paragraph 5.03

through Paragraph 5.05 of the General Conditions. Provisions concerning responsibilities for the adequacy of data furnished to prospective Bidders with respect to a Hazardous Environmental Condition at the Site, if any, and possible changes in the Contract Documents as a result of any Hazardous Environmental Condition uncovered or revealed at the Site which was not shown or indicated in the Drawings or Specifications or identified in the Contract Documents to be within the scope of the Work, appear in Paragraph 5.06 of the General Conditions.

5.4. Related Work at Site: Reference is made to the General Requirements for identification of the general nature of other work that is to be performed at the Site by Owner or others (such as utilities and other prime contractors) that relates to the Work contemplated by these Bidding Documents. On request Owner will provide to each Bidder for examination, access to or copies of contract documents (other than portions thereof related to price) for such other work.

5.5. It is responsibility of each Bidder before submitting a Bid to:

5.5.1. Examine and carefully study the Bidding Documents, other related data identified in the Bidding Documents, and any Addenda.

5.5.2. Visit the Site to become familiar with and satisfy Bidder as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

5.5.3. Become familiar with and satisfy Bidder as to all federal, state, and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

5.5.4. Carefully study all reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or contiguous to the Site and all drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities) that have been identified in Paragraph 5.03 of the Supplementary Conditions as containing reliable "technical data".

5.5.5. Consider the information known to Bidder; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Bidding Documents; and the Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on:

5.5.5.1. Cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

5.5.5.2. Means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Bidder, including applying any specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction expressly required by the Bidding Documents.

5.5.5.3. Bidder's safety precautions and programs.

5.5.6. Agree at the time of submitting its Bid that no further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of its Bid for performance of the Work at the price(s) Bid and within the times required, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

5.5.7. Become aware of the general nature of the work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents.

5.5.8. Promptly give Engineer written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder discovers in Bidding Documents and confirm that written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Bidder.

5.5.9. Determine Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance of the Work.

5.6. Submission of a Bid will constitute an incontrovertible representation by Bidder that Bidder has complied with every requirement of this article; that without exception the Bid is premised upon performing and furnishing the Work required by Bidding Documents and applying specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction that may be shown or indicated or expressly required by Bidding Documents; that Bidder has given Engineer written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, and discrepancies that Bidder has discovered in Bidding Documents and the written resolutions thereof by Engineer are acceptable to Bidder; and that Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of terms and conditions for performing and furnishing the Work.

# 6. PREBID CONFERENCE

6.1. A non-mandatory prebid conference will be held at 1:00 p.m. local time on August 8, 2023, the East Shore WPAF, 345 East Shore Parkway, New Haven, CT 06512. Representatives of Owner and Engineer will be present to discuss the Project. It is recommended that Bidders attend and participate in the conference. Engineer will transmit to prospective Bidders of record such Addenda as Engineer considers necessary in response to questions arising at the conference. Oral statements may not be relied upon and will not be binding or legally effective.

# 7. SITE AND OTHER AREAS

7.1. The Site is identified in the Bidding Documents. Easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in existing facilities are to be obtained and paid for by Owner, unless otherwise provided in the Bidding Documents. All additional lands and access thereto required for temporary construction facilities, construction equipment, or storage of materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Work are to be obtained and paid for by Contractor.

#### 8. INTERPRETATIONS AND ADDENDA

8.1. All questions about the meaning or intent of the Bidding Documents are to be submitted to Owner and Engineer in writing. Interpretations or clarifications considered necessary by Engineer in response to such questions will be issued by Addenda delivered electronically to all parties recorded by the office issuing documents as having received the Bidding Documents. Questions received less than 10 days prior to the date for opening of Bids may not be answered. Only questions answered by Addenda will be binding. Oral and other interpretations or clarifications will be without legal effect.

8.2. Addenda may also be issued to clarify, correct, or change the Bidding Documents as deemed advisable by Owner or Engineer.

#### 9. BID SECURITY

9.1. Bid shall be accompanied by Bid security made payable to Owner in an amount of 10 percent of Bidder's maximum Bid price and in the form of a certified check, bank money order, or a penal Bid bond (on the attached form), issued by a surety meeting the requirements of Paragraph 6.01 of the General Conditions.

9.2. The Bid security of the Successful Bidder will be retained until such Bidder has executed the Contract Documents, furnished the required contract security and met the other conditions of the Notice of Award, whereupon the Bid security will be returned. If the Successful Bidder fails to execute and deliver the Contract Documents and furnish the required contract security within the time period specified in Article Signing of Agreement, Owner may consider Bidder to be in default, annul the Notice of Award, and the Bid security of that Bidder will be forfeited. Such forfeiture shall be Owner's exclusive remedy if Bidder defaults. Bid security of other Bidders whom Owner believes to have a reasonable chance of receiving the award may be retained by Owner until the earlier of the 7th day after the Effective Date of the Agreement or the number of days specified for all Bids to remain subject to acceptance in Article Bids to Remain Subject to Acceptance, whereupon Bid security furnished by such Bidders will be returned.

# 10. CONTRACT TIMES

10.1. The number of days within which, or the dates by which, the Work is to be substantially completed and ready for final payment are set forth in the Agreement.

# 11. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

11.1. Provisions for liquidated damages, if any, are set forth in the Agreement.

#### 12. SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS

12.1. Bidder shall submit with its Bid the names and business addresses of each Subcontractor to be used in the execution of the Work. Dollar amounts of each

subcontract shall be listed with each Subcontractor shown and the portion of the Work that will be done by such Subcontractor.

12.2. Within 14 calendar days after bid opening, the apparent low bidder shall complete and submit to the Owner the MBE/WBE Subcontractor Verification Forms provided in the Contract Documents, along with corresponding MBE/WBE certification for each subcontractor.

#### 13. EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

13.1. In the employment of labor to perform the Work specified herein, preference shall be given to citizens of the United States, who are, and continuously for at least 3 months prior to the date hereof have been, residents of the labor market area, as established by the Connecticut Labor Commissioner, in which such Work is to be done, and if no such qualified person is available, then to citizens who have continuously resided in the county in which the Work is to be performed for at least 3 months prior to the date hereof, and then to citizens of the state who have continuously resided in the state at least 3 months prior to the date hereof. In no event shall said provisions be deemed to abrogate or supersede in any manner, any provision regarding residence requirements contained in a collective bargaining agreement to which the Successful Bidder is a party.

13.2. In the employment of mechanics, laborers, or workmen to perform the Work specified herein, preference shall be given to residents of the state who are, and continuously for at least 6 months prior to the date hereof have been, residents of this state and if no such person is available then to residents of other states.

13.3. Nondiscrimination in Employment: Bidder's attention is directed to the provisions of CGSA 4-114a, on nondiscrimination clauses, as set forth in Paragraph 7.10.D of the Supplementary Conditions.

# 14. WAGE RATES

14.1. The Work under these Bidding Documents is to be paid for by public funds; therefore, higher of the minimum prevailing wage rates published by the Connecticut Department of Labor Wage Rate Regulations as well as the Federal Davis Bacon Act Wage Rate Requirements appended. Refer to Paragraph 7.10 of the Supplementary Conditions for more information.

# 15. PREPARATION OF BID

15.1. With each copy of the Bidding Documents, Bidder will be furnished one separate unbound copy of the Bid Form, Bidder's Experience and Qualifications form, List of Subcontractors form, State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Contractor Prequalification – Update (Bid) Statement, and the Bid Bond Form. No substitution of the Bid Form will be allowed.

15.2. All blanks on the Bid Form shall be completed by typing or printing with ink and the Bid Form signed in ink. Erasures or alterations shall be initialed in ink by the person signing the Bid Form. A Bid price shall be indicated for each Bid item unit price item listed therein or the words "No Bid," "No Change," or "Not Applicable" entered.

15.3. A Bid by a corporation shall be executed in the corporate name by the president or a vice president or other corporate officer accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The corporate seal shall be affixed and attested by the secretary or an assistant secretary. The corporate address and state of incorporation shall be shown.

15.4. A Bid by a partnership shall be executed in the partnership name and signed by a partner (whose title must appear under the signature), accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The official address of the partnership shall be shown.

15.5. A Bid by a limited liability company shall be executed in the name of the firm by a member and accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The state of formation of the firm and the official address of the firm shall be shown.

15.6. A Bid by an individual shall show the Bidder's name and official address.

15.7. A Bid by a joint venture shall be executed by each joint venturer in the manner indicated on the Bid Form. The official address of the joint venture shall be shown.

15.8. All names shall be typed or printed in ink below the signatures.

15.9. The Bid shall contain an acknowledgement of receipt of all Addenda; the numbers of which shall be filled in on the Bid Form.

15.10. Postal and e-mail addresses and telephone number for communications regarding the Bid shall be shown.

15.11. The Bid shall contain evidence of Bidder's authority and qualification to do business in the state where the Project is located, or Bidder shall covenant in writing to obtain such authority and qualification prior to award of the Contract and attach such covenant to the Bid. Bidder's state contractor license number and class, if applicable, shall also be shown on the Bid Form.

# 16. BASIS OF BID; COMPARISON OF BIDS

16.1. Lump Sum: Bidders shall submit a Bid on a lump sum basis as set forth in the Bid Form.

16.2. Unit Price:

16.2.1. Bidders shall submit a Bid on a unit price basis for each item of Work listed in the Bid schedule.

16.2.2. The total of all estimated prices will be the sum of the products of the estimated quantity of each item and the corresponding unit price. The final quantities and Contract Price will be determined in accordance with Paragraph 13.03 of the General Conditions.

16.2.3. Discrepancies between the multiplication of units of Work and unit prices will be resolved in favor of the unit prices. Discrepancies between the indicated sum of any column of figures and the correct sum thereof will be resolved in favor of the correct sum.

16.3. Allowances:

16.3.1. Cash Allowance:

16.3.1.1. Bid price shall include such amounts as the Bidder deems proper for Contractor's costs for unloading and handling on the Site, labor, installation, overhead, profit, and other expenses on account of cash allowances.

16.3.1.2. As described in the Bid Form, General Conditions Paragraph 13.02, and Section 01 29 00, Payment Procedures.

#### 17. SUBMISSION OF BID

17.1. The unbound copy of the Bid Form is to be completed and submitted with the Bid security and the following data:

Bidder's Experience and Qualification.

17.1.1. List of Proposed Subcontractors. All Subcontractors contributing over 10% of the Contract amount shall be listed.

17.1.2. State of Connecticut DAS Update (Bid) Statement and State of Connecticut DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate. MBE/WBE Subcontractor Participation Form.

17.1.3. MBE/WBE Subcontractor Verification within 14 days of bid opening.

17.2. A Bid shall be submitted no later than the date and time prescribed, and at the place indicated in the Invitation to Bid. Enclose Bid in a plainly marked package with the Project title (and, if applicable, the designated portion of the Project for which the Bid is submitted), name and address of Bidder, and accompanied by the Bid security and other required documents. If a Bid is sent by mail or other delivery system, the sealed envelope containing the Bid shall be enclosed in a separate package plainly marked on the outside with the notation "BID ENCLOSED."

#### 18. MODIFICATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF BID

18.1. A Bid may be modified or withdrawn by an appropriate document duly executed in the same manner that a Bid must be executed and delivered to the place where Bids are to be submitted prior to the date and time for the opening of Bids.

18.2. If within 24 hours after Bids are opened any Bidder files a duly signed written notice with Owner and promptly thereafter demonstrates to the reasonable satisfaction of Owner that there was a material and substantial mistake in the preparation of its Bid, that Bidder may withdraw its Bid, and the Bid security will be returned. Thereafter, if the Work is rebid, that Bidder will be disqualified from further bidding on the Work.

#### 19. OPENING OF BIDS

19.1. Bids will be opened at the time and place indicated in the Invitation to Bid and unless obviously nonresponsive, read aloud publicly. An abstract of the amounts of the base Bids and major alternates, if any, will be made available to Bidders after the opening of Bids.

#### 20. BIDS TO REMAIN SUBJECT TO ACCEPTANCE

20.1. All Bids will remain subject to acceptance for the period of time stated in the Bid Form, but Owner may, in its sole discretion, release any Bid and return the Bid security prior to the end of this period.

# 21. EVALUATION OF BIDS AND AWARD OF CONTRACT

21.1. Owner reserves the right to reject any or all Bids, including without limitation, nonconforming, nonresponsive, unbalanced or conditional Bids. Owner further reserves the right to reject the Bid of any Bidder whom it finds, after reasonable inquiry and evaluation, to not be responsible. Owner may also reject the Bid of any Bidder if Owner believes that it would not be in the best interest of the Project to make an award to that Bidder. Owner also reserves the right to waive all informalities not involving price, time, or changes in the Work and to negotiate contract terms with the Successful Bidder.

21.2. More than one Bid for the same Work from an individual or entity under the same or different names will not be considered. Reasonable grounds for believing that any Bidder has an interest in more than one Bid for the Work may be cause for disqualification of that Bidder and the rejection of all Bids in which that Bidder has an interest.

21.3. In evaluating Bids, Owner will consider whether or not the Bids comply with the prescribed requirements, and such alternates, unit prices, and other data, as may be requested in the Bid Form or prior to the Notice of Award.

21.4. In evaluating Bidders, Owner may consider the qualifications of Bidders and may consider the qualifications and experience of Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities proposed for those portions of the Work for which the identity of Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities must be submitted either with the Bid, or otherwise prior to issuance of the Notice of Award. Failure to list the requested subcontractors may cause the bid to be rejected. Substitution of the listed subcontractors is subject to Owner concurrence.

21.5. Owner may conduct such investigations as Owner deems necessary to establish responsibility, qualifications, and financial ability of Bidders, proposed Subcontractors, Suppliers, individuals, or entities proposed for those portions of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

21.6. If the Contract is to be awarded, Owner will award the Contract to Bidder whose Bid is in the best interests of the Project.

# 22. CONTRACT SECURITY AND INSURANCE

22.1. Article 6 of the General Conditions, as may be modified by the Supplementary Conditions, sets forth Owner's requirements as to bonds and insurance. When Successful Bidder delivers executed Agreement to Owner, it shall be accompanied by such bonds.

# 23. SIGNING OF AGREEMENT

23.1. When Owner issues a Notice of Award to Successful Bidder, it shall be accompanied by the required number of unsigned counterparts of the Agreement along with the other Contract Documents that are identified in the Agreement as attached thereto. Within 15 days thereafter, Successful Bidder shall sign and deliver the required number of counterparts of the Agreement and attached documents to Owner. Within 10 days thereafter, Owner shall deliver one fully signed counterpart to Successful Bidder with a complete set of the Drawings with appropriate identification.

# 24. SALES AND USE TAXES

24.1. Owner is exempt from Connecticut state sales and use taxes on materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Work. The Owner will provide the successful bidder a Tax Exemption Certificate upon execution of the contract. Said taxes shall not be included in the Bid. Refer to Paragraph 7.09 of the Supplementary Conditions for additional information.

# 25. RETAINAGE

25.1. Provisions concerning retainage and Contractor's rights to deposit securities in lieu of retainage, if applicable, are set forth in the Agreement.

#### 26. CONTRACT TO BE PRESELECTED

26.1. Owner has preselected the Process Air Compressor Equipment from APG-Neuros. The Preselection includes a scope of supply at a fixed price from APG-Neuros. The fixed price is included in the Bid Form and Contractor shall include the fixed price in the base bid. Contractor shall be responsible for installation of preselected Process Air Compressor Equipment. Neuros Proposal including scope of supply is included in the Contract Documents.

#### 27. SUPPLEMENTS

27.1. The supplement listed below, following "End of Section," is a part of this Specification.

27.1.1. Escrow Bid Document Certificate.

#### **END OF SECTION**

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

#### ESCROW BID DOCUMENT CERTIFICATE

The undersigned hereby certifies that the Bid Documentation contained herein constitutes all the information used in the preparation of the Bid and has personally examined and found Bid Documentation is complete.

	Project Name:
	By:
	Title:
	Firm:
	Date:
` <	
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X NO	
$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

NOTE TO BIDDER: Use typewriter or BLACK ink for completing this Bid Form.

#### BID FORM (STIPULATED PRICE BASIS)

#### 1. BID RECIPIENT

1.1. This Bid is submitted to:

Owner:	Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority
Address:	260 East Street, New Haven, Connecticut 06511
Project Identification:	Project CWF 2019-04 Process Air Compressor System for Low-Level Nitrogen Removal
Contract No.:	CWF 2019-04

1.2. The undersigned Bidder proposes and agrees, if this Bid is accepted, to enter into an Agreement with Owner in the form included in the Bidding Documents to perform all Work as specified or indicated in the Bidding Documents for the prices and within the times indicated in this Bid and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

# 2. BIDDER'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

2.1. Bidder accepts all of the terms and conditions of the Instructions to Bidders, including without limitation those dealing with the disposition of Bid security. This Bid will remain subject to acceptance for 120 days after the Bid opening, or for such longer period of time that Bidder may agree to in writing upon request of Owner.

# 3. BIDDER'S REPRESENTATIONS

3.1. In submitting this Bid, Bidder represents that:

3.1.1. Bidder has examined and carefully studied the Bidding Documents, the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents, and the following Addenda, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Addendum No.	Addendum Date

(Bidder shall insert number of each Addendum received.)

BID FORM 00 41 13 - 1 3.1.2. Bidder has visited the Site and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

3.1.3. Bidder is familiar with and is satisfied as to all Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

3.1.4. Bidder has carefully studied: i) reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or contiguous to the Site and drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities) which have been identified in Paragraph 5.03 of the Supplementary Conditions as containing reliable "technical data,"; and ii) reports and drawings of Hazardous Environmental Conditions, if any, at the Site that have been identified in Paragraph 5.06 of the Supplementary Conditions as containing reliable "technical data."

3.1.5. Bidder has considered the information known to Bidder; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Bidding Documents; and the Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on (1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; (2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Bidder, including applying the specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction expressly required by the Bidding Documents; and (3) Bidder's safety precautions and programs.

3.1.6. Based on information and observations referred to in paragraph above, Bidder does not consider that further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of this Bid for performance of the Work at the price(s) Bid and within the times required, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

3.1.7. Bidder is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents.

3.1.8. Bidder has given Engineer written notice of conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder has discovered in the Bidding Documents, and the written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Bidder.

3.1.9. The Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of terms and conditions for the performance of the Work for which this Bid is submitted.

3.1.10. Bidder acknowledges and accepts provisions of the preselected equipment. Cost of preselected equipment is included in the Bid and Contractor has included installation cost in the Bid.

#### 4. BIDDER'S CERTIFICATION

4.1. Bidder certifies:

4.1.1. This Bid is genuine and not made in the interest of or on behalf of any undisclosed individual or entity and is not submitted in conformity with any collusive agreement or rules of any group, association, organization, or corporation.

4.1.2. Bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other Bidder to submit a false or sham Bid.

4.1.3. Bidder has not solicited or induced any individual or entity to refrain from bidding.

4.1.4. Bidder has not engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, or coercive practices in competing for the Contract. For the purposes of this paragraph:

4.1.4.1. "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value likely to influence the action of a public official in the bidding process;

4.1.4.2. "fraudulent practice" means an intentional misrepresentation of facts made (a) to influence the bidding process to the detriment of Owner, (b) to establish Bid prices at artificial noncompetitive levels, or (c) to deprive Owner of the benefits of free and open competition;

4.1.4.3. "collusive practice" means a scheme or arrangement between two or more Bidders, with or without the knowledge of Owner, a purpose of which is to establish Bid prices at artificial, noncompetitive levels; and

4.1.4.4. "coercive practice" means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in the bidding process or affect the execution of the Contract.

4.1.5. Required sales and use taxes are included in the stated Bid prices for the Work unless provision is made herein for the Bidder to separately itemize the estimated amount of sales tax or if Instructions to Bidders state Owner is tax exempt.

#### 5. BASIS OF BIDS

5.1. Bidder shall complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents for the following price(s):

- 5.2. Lump Sum Bid Price:
- 5.3. Unit Price Bid Schedule:

5.3.1. Unit prices have been computed in accordance with Paragraph 13.03.C of the General Conditions.

\$

5.3.2. Bidder acknowledges that estimated quantities are not guaranteed and are solely for the purpose of comparison of Bids, and final payment for all unit price Bid items will be based on actual quantities, determined as provided in the Contract Documents.

Unit Price Bid Schedule					
Item No.	Description	Estimated Quantity	Unit	Bid Unit Price	Extended Bid Unit Price
1.	Mobilization/Demobilization, furnish, and install 46 10.75-inch micropiles in accordance with Specification 31 43 00, Micropiles	3,501	LF	\$	\$
2.	10.75-inch Micropile Static Load Test		EACH	\$	\$
		Total of E	xtended Bid	Unit Prices	\$

5.4. Preselected Equipment from APG-Neuros \$1,356,343

# 5.5. Base Bid (Total of Above):

5.5.1. Total of Lump Sum Bid Price, Extended Bid Unit Price, Extended Allowances, and Preselected Equipment from APG-Neuros.

# 6. TIME OF COMPLETION

6.1. Bidder agrees the Work, and any Milestones specified in Section 01 31 13, Project Coordination, will be substantially complete and will be completed and ready for final payment in accordance with Paragraph 15.06 of the General Conditions on or before the dates, or within the number of calendar days, indicated in the Agreement. 6.2. Bidder accepts the provisions of the Agreement as to liquidated damages in the event of failure to complete the Work, and any specified Milestones, within the Contract Times.

#### 7. ATTACHMENTS TO THIS BID

- 7.1. The following documents are submitted with and made a condition of this Bid:
  - 7.1.1. Required Bid security in the form of Bid bond. (10% of Bid)
  - 7.1.2. Bidder's Experience and Qualification.
  - 7.1.3. List of Subcontractors.

7.1.4. State of Connecticut DAS Update (Bid) Statement.

7.1.5. State of Connecticut DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate (no form provided; Contractor to provide).

7.1.6. Clean Water Fund Memorandum 2019-003 dated June 19, 2019. (DBE Subcontractor Verification Form Due 14 days after Bid).

7.1.7. American Iron and Steel Act Certification Form.

#### 8. DEFINED TERMS

8.1. The terms used in this Bid with initial capital letters have the meanings stated in the Instructions to Bidders, the General Conditions, and the Supplementary Conditions.

# 9. BID SUBMITTAL

9.1. This Bid submitted by:

If Bidder is:

# An Individual

Name (typed or printed): \_\_\_\_\_

By (signature):

Doing business as:

# A Partnership

Partnership Name:	(SEAL)
By:	ority to sign)
Name (typed or printed):	
<u>A Corporation</u>	
Corporation Name:	(SEAL)
State of Incorporation:	
Type (General Business, Professional, Service, Limited Li	ability):
By:	
(Signature – attach evidence of authority to si	gn)
Name (typed or printed):	
Title: (CORPOR Attest:	ATE SEAL)
(Signature of Corporate Secretary)	
Date of Qualification to do business in the State of Connect	cticut is:
<u>A Joint Venture</u>	
Joint Venturer Name:	(SEAL)
By: (Signature of joint venture partner – attach evidence of authority)	ority to sign)
Name (typed or printed):	
Title:	
(Each joint venturer must sign. The manner of signing for each inc partnership, and corporation that is a party to the joint venture sho manner indicated above.)	

manner indicated above.)

Phone No.:	FAX No.:	
E-mail:		4
SUBMITTED on	, 20	1.0
Connecticut Contractor's	License No.:	
Contractor's License Cla	ss (where applicable):	s S
	END OF SECTION	
		N°
$Q_{i}$	2	

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

#### **BID BOND**

Any singular reference to Bidder, Surety, Owner, or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

BIDDER (Name and Address):

	7,6
SURETY (Name and Address of Principal Place of Business):	N'CV
OWNER (Name and Address):	SN RPO
BID	
Bid Due Date: Project (Brief Description Including Location):	()
BOND	
Bond Number: Date (Not later than Bid due date):	
Penal sum	
(Words)	(Figures)
Surety and Bidder, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject	to the terms printed on the reverse side hereof

Surety and Bidder, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject to the terms printed on the reverse side hereof, do each cause this Bid Bond to be duly executed on its behalf by its authorized officer, agent, or representative.

BIDDER		SURETY	
Bidder's Name and Corporate Seal	(Seal)	Surety's Name and Corporate Seal	(Seal)
By: Signature and Title		By: Signature and Title	
		(Attach Power of Attorney)	
Attest:		Attest:	
Signature and Title		Signature and Title	

Note: Above addresses are to be used for giving required notice.

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

1. Bidder and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to pay to Owner upon default of Bidder the penal sum set forth on the face of this Bond. Payment of the penal sum is the extent of Surety's liability.

2. Default of Bidder shall occur upon the failure of Bidder to deliver within the time required by the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Owner) the executed Agreement required by the Bidding Documents and any performance and payment bonds required by the Bidding Documents.

3. This obligation shall be null and void if:

3.1. Owner accepts Bidder's Bid and Bidder delivers within the time required by the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Owner) the executed Agreement required by the Bidding Documents and any performance and payment bonds required by the Bidding Documents, or

3.2. All Bids are rejected by Owner, or

3.3. Owner fails to issue a Notice of Award to Bidder within the time specified in the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Bidder and, if applicable, consented to by Surety when required by Paragraph 5 hereof).

4. Payment under this Bond will be due and payable upon default by Bidder and within 30 calendar days after receipt by Bidder and Surety of written notice of default from Owner, which notice will be given with reasonable promptness, identifying this Bond and the Project and including a statement of the amount due.

5. Surety waives notice of any and all defenses based on or arising out of any time extension to issue Notice of Award agreed to in writing by Owner and Bidder, provided that the total time for issuing Notice of Award including extensions shall not in the aggregate exceed 120 days from Bid due date without Surety's written consent. 6. No suit or action shall be commenced under this Bond prior to 30 calendar days after the notice of default required in Paragraph 4 above is received by Bidder and Surety and in no case later than one year after Bid due date.

7. Any suit or action under this Bond shall be commenced only in a court of competent jurisdiction located in the state in which the Project is located.

8. Notices required hereunder shall be in writing and sent to Bidder and Surety at their respective addresses shown on the face of this Bond. Such notices may be sent by personal delivery, commercial courier, or by United States Registered or Certified Mail, return receipt requested, postage pre-paid, and shall be deemed to be effective upon receipt by the party concerned.

9. Surety shall cause to be attached to this Bond a current and effective Power of Attorney evidencing the authority of the officer, agent, or representative who executed this Bond on behalf of Surety to execute, seal, and deliver such Bond and bind the Surety thereby.

10. This Bond is intended to conform to all applicable statutory requirements. Any applicable requirement of any applicable statute that has been omitted from this Bond shall be deemed to be included herein as if set forth at length. If any provision of this Bond conflicts with any applicable statute, then the provision of said statute shall govern and the remainder of this Bond that is not in conflict therewith shall continue in full force and effect.

11. The term "Bid" as used herein includes a Bid, offer, or proposal as applicable.

# **END OF SECTION**

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

# SECTION 00 44 25 BIDDER'S EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS

Corporations from outside the State of Connecticut shall furnish a certificate to the effect that they are authorized by the Secretary of State to do business in the State of Connecticut.

Pursuant to the laws of the State of Connecticut as set forth in Laws of 1971, chapter 198, as amended, the undersigned does herewith certify to the Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority (Authority) that it owns, leases, or controls all of the necessary equipment required to perform the work shown and described in the Specifications for the Wet Weather Capacity Improvements and Nitrogen Reduction—Phase 1.

The undersigned does further certify to the Authority that Bidder is financially responsible and financially capable of accomplishing the work to be performed under the said Contract above mentioned.

The undersigned does further certify to the Authority that Bidder is fully qualified to perform the work under the said Contract above mentioned.

The Bidder is requested to state below, or on sheets to be attached, at least three projects successfully completed by the bidder within the last 6 years that are similar to that proposed in this contract. The information required below shall include the title of the contract, name and telephone number of municipality or agency, name of Engineer and dollar volume of work completed. This information, along with the additional organizational information requested below, will assist the Authority to judge the Bidder's experience, skill, and business standing.

Previous work of similar nature completed within the past 6 years (list three).

1.	(Town or Utility)	Phone No.
	Town or Utility Business Address	
	Type of Work	
	Contract Price \$	Extra Work Required \$
	Approx. Date of	Approx. Date
	Contract Award	of Completion
2	Names, Address and Phone No. of To	own's or Utility's Engineer or Superintendent

		Phone No.
	(Town or Utility)	
	Town or Utility Business Address	
	Type of Work	
	Contract Price \$	_ Extra Work Required \$
	Approx. Date of Contract Award	Approx. Date of Completion
	Names, Address and Phone No. of T	Fown's or Utility's Engineer or Superintendent
		Phone No.
	(Town or Utility)	
	Town or Utility Business Address	
	Type of Work	
	Contract Price \$	_ Extra Work Required \$
	Approx. Date of Contract Award	Approx. Date of Completion
	Names, Address and Phone No. of T	Fown's or Utility's Engineer or Superintendent
st	approximate volume of work of sin	nilar nature complete within the past 6 years.
st	of Fauinment required for this job	o which you now own
<b>5</b> t	of Equipment required for this job	
	)	

<u>Name</u>	<b>Occupation</b>	Business Address	Phone No.
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ank Reference		2	
Name	Address	Phone No.	
			<u>)</u>
umber of Perm	anently Employed Pe	rsons in your Organization	l
		)	
		*	
		the laws of the State of	
	(a Corporation)		
		h	aving principal offices at
		116	aving principal offices at
$\bigcirc$			

# General Business References (List two or three)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this Certificate to be executed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_. President **END OF SECTION** 

# LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

## **SUBCONTRACTORS:**

Include the names of subcontractors you intend to use in the execution of the work of this contract. Include only one sub-contractor name for each type of work identified below. Failure to list the requested subcontractors may cause the bid to be rejected. Replacement of the listed subcontractors is subject to owner concurrence.

NAME	ADDRESS	TYPE OF WORK	ESTIMATED VALUE OF WORK (\$)	MBE/WBE CERTIFIED
		Medium voltage (13kV) electrical work		
		Low voltage (480V and below) electrical work		
		Process Instrumentation and Controls (PIC)		
		Process Mechanical		
.0	K.Or			
PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023			LIST OF SUBCON	NTRACTORS 00 44 27

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PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS 00 44 27

JULY 2023

	(Statement to be included with the bid)	e bid)	
Connecticut G	Connecticut General Statute §4a-100 and Connecticut General Statute §4b-91	t General Statute §4b-91	
Each bid submitted for a contract shall include a copy of a prequalification <u>certificate</u> issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services. The bid shall also be accompanied by an <b>update bid statement</b> in such form as the Commissioner of Administrative Services prescribes. The form for such update bid statement shall provide space for information regarding all projects completed by the bidder since the date the bidder's prequalification certificate was issued or renewed, all projects the bidder currently has under contract, including the percentage of work on such projects not completed, any the names and qualifications of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibility for the performance of the contract, any significant changes in the bidder's financial position or <u>corporate structure</u> since the date the certificate was issued or renewed, <u>any change bid statement</u> shall be invalid. Any public agency that accepts a bid submitted without a copy of the prequalification certificate and an <u>update bid statement</u> shall be invalid. Any public agency that accepts a bid submitted without a copy of such this section, may become ineligible for the receipt of funds related to such bid.	ion <u>certificate</u> issued by the Commissioner of Adn is prescribes. The form for such update bid state if or renewed, all projects the bidder currently has y responsibility for the performance of the contract or contractor's qualification status and such other in an update bid statement shall be invalid. Any p hay become ineligible for the receipt of funds relat	certificate issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services. The bid shall also be accompanied by an update bid rescribes. The form for such update bid statement shall provide space for information regarding all projects completed renewed, all projects the bidder currently has under contract, including the percentage of work on such projects not com insponsibility for the performance of the contract, any significant changes in the bidder's financial position or <u>corporate stru</u> miscolor's qualification status. and such other relevant information as the Commissioner of Administrative Services presc update bid statement shall be invalid. Any public agency that accepts a bid submitted without a copy of such prequalifi- become ineligible for the receipt of funds related to such bid.	panied by an update bid ig all projects completed by the outch projects not completed position or <u>corporate structure</u> inistrative Services prescribes. a copy of such prequalification
Name of Project that company is bidding on:			
Project Number:			
Name of Company:			
FEIN:			
Company Address:			
Prequalification Contact:		Telephone Number:	
Date of Prequalification Similar the DAS:	Single Limit:	Aggregate Work Capacity (AWC):	
* This amount equals your company's AWC minus the Tol	Total \$ Amount of Work Remaining.	* Remaining Aggregate Work Capacity:	apacity:
Please list all of your company's BONDED PROJECTS (BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE) WHICH PREQUALIFICATION WAS ISSUED OR RENEWED: (Please add additional page(s) if required)		(BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE) WHICH WERE 100% COMPLETED SINCE THE DATE YOUR ase add additional page(s) if required)	E THE DATE YOUR
Name of Project	Owner of Project	Date Project Completed	Total Contract Amount

00490-1

Name of Project	Owner of Project	Total Contract Amount	% Complete	Work Remaining (\$)
	Total \$ Amo	Total \$ Amount of Work Remaining		
Please list the names and titles of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibility for the performance of the contract being bid on: (Please add additional page(s) if required)	will have supervisory responsibility for th	ie performance of the c	ontract being	bid on:
Individual Name	Title of Individual	lual		
Have there been any changes in your company's financial condition or business organization, which might affect your company's ability to successfully complete this contract?	financial condition or business organiz	ation, which might af	fect your com	ıpany's ability to
Yes D No D				
If yes, please explain:				

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Date

It is the responsibility of the Awarding Authority to determine if any of the information provided above will impact the contractor's performance on this project. The DAS' Contractor Prequalification Program can be reached at (860) 713-5280

00490-2

# State of Connecticut DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate

No form provided;

Contractor to provide.

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES



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#### Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2019-003)

## Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Subcontractor Participation on Clean Water Fund (CWF) Projects for Construction Projects

## I. PURPOSE

The municipality, through its prime contractor must make specified good faith efforts to attain the DBE goals as specified in this document in Section III. This is an administrative condition of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Grant which funds CWF projects.

This memorandum supersedes the Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2016-003)

# **II. GOVERNING STATUTE OR REGULATION**

General Compliance (Federal), 40 CFR, Part 33: The municipality, through its prime contractor must comply with the requirements of EPA's Program for Utilization of DBEs.

#### **III. EPA REQUIREMENTS**

The following clause shall be included in all construction contract documents and amendments for goods and services to be funded under the CWF:

The requirement for DBE subcontractor participation, expressed as a percentage of the total eligible contract amount, shall be a minimum of 8.0 percent with the following makeup:

# Minority Business Enterprise (MBE): 3.0 percent Woman Business Enterprise (WBE): 5.0 percent

Failure to meet or exceed the required percentage or submit acceptable documentation of the six good faith efforts may render a bid non-responsive and may cause the bid to be rejected.

# IV. THE SIX GOOD FAITH EFFORTS AS SPECIFICALLY DEFINED BY EPA

The Six Good Faith Efforts are required methods employed by all Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) CWF recipients to ensure that all DBEs have the opportunity to compete for procurements funded by DEEP financial assistance dollars. The prime contractor is expected to employ the six good faith efforts throughout the entire project to insure that the DBE percentages are maintained or exceeded in the event that one DBE subcontractor needs to be substituted for another.

1. Ensure DBEs are made aware of contracting opportunities to the fullest extent practicable through outreach and recruitment activities. For Indian Tribal, State and Local and Government recipients, this will include placing DBEs on solicitation lists and soliciting them whenever they are potential sources.

- 2. Make information on forthcoming opportunities available to DBEs and arrange time frames for contracts and establish delivery schedules, where the requirements permit, in a way that encourages and facilitates participation by DBEs in the competitive process. This includes, whenever possible, posting solicitations for bids or proposals for a minimum of 30 calendar days before the bid or proposal closing date.
- Consider in the contracting process whether firms competing for large contracts could subcontract with DBEs. For Indian Tribal, State and local Government recipients, this will include dividing total requirements when economically feasible into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by DBEs in the competitive process.
- 4. Encourage contracting with a consortium of DBEs when a contract is too large for one of these firms to handle individually.
- 5. Use the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration (SBA) (Federal) and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.
- 6. If the prime contractor awards subcontracts, require the prime contractor to take the above steps.

The prime contractor's certification as a DBE has no effect on this requirement. Therefore, if the prime contractor is a DBE, the Six Good Faith Efforts defined above must be employed in the procurement of subcontracts to be secured to achieve the MBE 3.0% and WBE 5.0% participation.

# **V. CERTIFICATION**

A DBE must be certified at the time that the subcontract for their services is executed. A business that is pending new certification, recertification, or whose certification has expired **cannot** be counted toward the goals.

In the case where a subcontractor DBE is certified as both a MBE and a WBE (a woman who is also a member of a minority class):

- 1. The prime contractor may count the entire value of the subcontract as either a MBE or a WBE.
- 2. The prime contractor may choose to split the subcontract between the MBE and the WBE categories to fulfill both goals. If the prime contractor chooses this route:
  - a. They must indicate the dollars to be apportioned to the categories either on the face of the copy of the fully executed subcontract submitted to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) or by some other written method.
  - b. The certification submitted to DEEP must indicate that the principal of the subcontractor is both a woman and a minority.
  - c. For a certification that only identifies the subcontractor as a DBE, additional documentation is required as proof of dual status. In the case of Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT), the detailed information page within their online database suffices as proof.

# VI. ACCEPTABLE CERTIFICATION OPTIONS

- 1. Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) DEEP will continue to accept DAS certification until such time as other State entities are identified whose certification processes meet the EPA criteria. DAS will only certify Connecticut based firms that meet the criteria under Connecticut General Statute 4a-60g.
- 2. **CTDOT** Companies that desire to do business with CTDOT as well as the DEEP should seek CTDOT certification which will be accepted by the DEEP. DBE firms are advised that the certification process can take 90 days to complete. CTDOT will certify both in state as well as out of state firms.

- 3. **EPA** In the event an entity cannot be certified by CTDOT as a DBE, that entity should seek certification with EPA. Such entities must provide EPA with evidence from CTDOT denying certification.
- SBA Certification is available to companies under the Woman Owned Small Business (WOSB) program and the SBA 8(a) Business Development Program (www.sba.gov/8abd/) which has a net worth ceiling of \$250,000 for initial applicants.
- 5. Other states certification Prime contractors may utilize certification from other states. Such certification must specify the DBE designation. Where there is no DBE certification option within a state, the instance must be presented to the DEEP Financial Administrator assigned to the project for consideration on a per case basis.

## VII. DBE COMPLIANCE PROCESS

- 1. Within fourteen (14) calendar days after bid opening the prime contractor (apparent low bidder) shall complete and submit two copies of the DEEP Subcontractor Verification Form along with the DBE certification for each subcontractor to the municipality. The municipality must then submit one copy of these documents to DEEP as part of the authorization to award request.
- Once DEEP authorizes the municipality to award the contract, the prime contractor is required to submit two copies of the executed DBE subcontracts to the municipality who submits one copy to the DEEP Financial Administrator.
- 3. No payment requests will be processed by DEEP until the executed copies of the subcontracts and the DBE certifications are on file in the DEEP office.
- 4. Should the prime contractor not meet the goals, documentation of good faith efforts will be required to be submitted to the DEEP Municipal Facilities Wastewater Engineer for consideration that the good faith effort was extensive enough to warrant the acceptance of a lower goal for the specific contract in question.
- 5. In the event that a DBE subcontractor is substituted for another during the project, two copies of the executed subcontract along with the corresponding DBE certification for the substitute are submitted to the municipality who forwards one copy of each to the DEEP Financial Administrator.
- 6. If additional construction costs are approved by DEEP, the prime contractor employs the good faith efforts defined above to meet the goals for the new total eligible contract amount.

# VIII. DAS PREQUALIFICATION CERTIFICATION FOR DBE SUBCONTRACTORS

At time that the prime contractor submits copies of the executed DBE subcontracts to the municipality, two copies of the current DAS Prequalification Certificate for each DBE subcontractor whose subcontract value is equal to or greater than \$500,000 must also be submitted. In turn, the municipality is required to submit one copy of each DBE Prequalification Certification to the DEEP Financial Administrator. Suppliers of material or products who do not do installation or construction work are not subject to the DAS Construction Contractor prequalification requirement.

#### IX. SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM

This form is to be signed by the contractor or the contractor's authorized representative. The form is then submitted to the municipality's representative for signature. The municipality includes the form as part of the authorization to award request to DEEP.

I hereby verify that I have read and unders subcontracts whose percentages will meet o	stand the DBE requirements in this memorandum and will procure or exceed the minimums listed above.
Contract Name	
Name of Prime Contractor	
Name and Title of Authorized Officer	
Authorized Signature	Date
Town Official and Title	
Authorized Signature	Date

#### X. DEFINITIONS

CGS: Connecticut General Statutes

CTDOT: Connecticut Department of Transportation

CWF: Clean Water Fund

DAS: Connecticut Department of Administrative Services

DBE: Disadvantaged Business Enterprise

DEEP: Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (Federal)

MBE: Minority Business Enterprise

SBA: Small Business Administration (Federal)

WBE: Woman Business Enterprise

WOSB: Woman Owned Small Business (Federal program - SBA)

June 19, 2019 Date

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Denise Ruzicka, Director Water Planning and Management Division Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse

Page 4 of 4

# **Disadvantage Business Enterprise (DBE)** Subcontractor Verification Form

Note to general contractor: You are required to complete this form for each DBE (MBE or WBE) subcontractor to be employed in the completion of this contract, and submit an original of each completed form, along with each subcontractor's current, valid DBE certification, to the municipality within 14 days of bid opening. Failure to submit this form and the DBE certification within 14 days of bid opening may render your bid non-responsive and result in the rejection of your bid.

Name of subcontractor:	
Address:	
Contact person:	
Phone number: Is the subcontractor a $\Box$ MBE o	r □ WBE?
Type of work to be performed	)
Estimated dollar amount of subcontract: \$	
Percent of total contract%	
Please attach a current, valid copy of the subcontractor's DBE certification form	to this document.
The completion and submission of this form does not constitute a contractual agr contractor and the named subcontractor, but is solely for documenting proposed participation under the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's (I Should another subcontractor be substituted in place of the firm named above, be DEEP (Clean Water Fund Unit, 79 Elm Street, Hartford 06106-5127) should be (3) business days of the change, and a copy of this form must be completed for the The DBE percentages shall be maintained or exceeded in the event of one subcon- another.	compliance with DBE DEEP) Clean Water Fund (CWF). oth the municipality and the notified in writing within three he replacement subcontractor.
Contract name:	

# Contract name:

Prime contractor company name:

Prime contractor authorized signature: Date:

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES



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# Memorandum

To: All Connecticut Municipalities, Water Pollution Control Facilities, and Consultants

Date: May 28, 2015

Re: Revised American Iron and Steel Memorandum

The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's (DEEP) Municipal Water Pollution Control Section has updated the American Iron and Steel (AIS) memorandum that was distributed on May 19, 2014.

On June 10, 2014, the Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2014 (WRRDA) was signed into law by President Obama, which amended the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA). The FWPCA section 608 extended the AIS provision that was originally scheduled to expire on September 30, 2014.

This means that AIS is now a **permanent** project requirement for all Connecticut Clean Water Fund (CWF) projects.

The effective date for the newly codified AIS provision is the date of enactment of the WRRDA, or June 10, 2014.

A recent Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) memorandum dated September 18, 2014 indicates that EPA intends to interpret the WRRDA language for the AIS requirement in the same manner as described in an earlier EPA guidance memo dated March 20, 2014. Therefore, the March 20, 2014 EPA memorandum shall still serve as the final EPA AIS guidance on how to apply the AIS requirement, and it is attached to the revised CWF memo.

The final memorandum is now available on our website at http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp.

Sincerely,

George V. Hicks, P.E.

Supervising Sanitary Engineer Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse



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Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

#### Revised Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2014-001a)

#### TO: All Connecticut Municipalities and Consultants

## RE: Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions on Connecticut Clean Water Fund Projects

#### I. PURPOSE

To provide clarification on the applicability of American Iron and Steel (AIS) provisions to construction projects funded by the Connecticut Clean Water Fund (CWF).

#### II. GOVERNING FEDERAL PUBLIC LAW

Section 436 of Public Law (P.L.) 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014.

#### III. APPLICABILITY

All Connecticut CWF projects must use "iron and steel products" (Section III.A) that are "produced in the United States" for construction projects. The final Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) AIS guidance memorandum dated March 20, 2014 ("final EPA AIS guidance") on how to apply the AIS requirement is attached.

This memorandum summarizes the final EPA AIS guidance, and describes how it relates specifically to Connecticut CWF projects. Section III.C details what is required for a CWF project that is subject to the AIS provisions. Any definitions provided by the final EPA AIS guidance are included in Section IV.

Section 436 of P.L. 113-76 excludes products (Section III.B) to the AIS requirement, as well as a waiver request process to exclude products or the entire project from AIS requirements (Section III.D).

#### A. Applicable Iron and Steel Products

- 1. The AIS requirement applies to all of the following products:
  - a. Lined or unlined pipes and fittings;
  - b. Manholes covers and other "municipal castings";
  - c. Hydrants;
  - d. Tanks;
  - e. Flanges;
  - f. Pipe clamps and restraints;
  - g. Valves;
  - h. "Structural steel";
  - i. Reinforced precast concrete; or
  - j. "Construction materials".

Refer to Section IV for further clarification of items b, h, and j.

- 2. Each project item listed in Section III.A.1 and is considered to be "primarily iron or steel", or comprised of greater than 50% iron or "steel" as measured by cost, becomes subject to the AIS requirement.
  - a. The cost used to determine AIS applicability shall be based on the material costs, and shall include the cost to pour and cast iron and/or steel components.
  - b. The cost used to determine AIS applicability shall not include assembly cost.
- 3. Unlike the products listed in Section III.A.1.a h and j, all reinforced precast concrete used in applicable products is subject to the AIS requirement, no matter how much iron or steel comprises the reinforced precast concrete. The reinforcing bar and wire must be produced in the US and meet the same standards as for any other iron or steel product. The casting of the concrete product must take place in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in concrete production are not required to be of domestic origin.
- 4. "Construction materials" are any products that become permanently incorporated into the project, even if those products may be considered temporary in most instances. For example, any iron or steel sheeting or piles that are not removed after construction is completed are considered to be "construction materials" subject to the AIS requirement.

#### **B.** Excluded Products

- 1. The AIS requirement does <u>not</u> apply to any mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems. Mechanical and electrical components, equipment and systems are not considered construction materials.
- 2. The following examples (including their appurtenances necessary for their intended use and operation) are NOT considered construction materials, and are therefore NOT subject to the AIS requirement:
  - a. Pumps;
  - b. Motors;
  - c. Gear reducers;
  - d. Drives (including variable frequency drives (VFDs));
  - e. Electric/pneumatic/manual accessories used to operate valves (such as electric valve actuators);
  - f. Mixers;
  - g. Gates;
  - h. Motorized screens (such as traveling screens);
  - i. Blowers/aeration equipment;
  - j. Compressors;
  - k. Meters, sensors, controls and switches;
  - 1. Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA);
  - m. Membrane bioreactor systems;
  - n. Membrane filtration systems;
  - o. Filters, clarifiers and clarifier mechanisms;
  - p. Rakes, grinders;
  - q. Disinfection systems;
  - r. Presses (including belt presses);
  - s. Conveyors, cranes;
  - t. HVAC (excluding ductwork), water heaters, heat exchangers;
  - u. Generators;

- v. Cabinetry and housings (such as electrical boxes/enclosures);
- w. Lighting fixtures;
- x. Electrical conduit;
- y. Emergency life systems;
- z. Metal office furniture, shelving;
- aa. Laboratory equipment, analytical instrumentation; and
- bb. Dewatering equipment.
- Raw materials such as iron ore, limestone, and iron/steel scrap are not covered by the AIS
  requirement. If any raw materials are being applied as a coating, the raw materials are similarly not
  covered.

#### C. AIS Requirements

- 1. For each item that meets the criteria indicated in Sections III.A, the iron and steel products contained in that item must be "produced in the United States (US)".
  - a. All manufacturing processes must take place in the US, with the exception of metallurgical processes involving the refinement of steel additives.
  - b. Manufacturing processes covered by the AIS requirement include: melting, refining, forming, rolling, drawing, refining, finishing, fabricating, coating.
  - c. In the case of reinforced precast concrete, the casting of the concrete must also occur in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in the concrete production may come from non-US sources.
  - d. Each domestic iron and steel product must remain in the US for the entire manufacturing process; otherwise, it will be considered foreign source material.
  - e. Non-iron or steel components of an iron and steel product may come from non-US sources.
- 2. The construction contract language contained in Appendix 4 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance must be included in the CWF contract documents in order to obtain CWF approval of the engineering plans and specifications.
- 3. Certification for AIS compliance
  - a. Certification must be provided for all items in Section III.A.
  - b. Types of Certification
    - i. <u>Step certification process</u>: Each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer, processor, etc) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed.
    - ii. <u>Final manufacturer certification</u>: Alternatively, the final manufacturer that delivers the iron or steel product to the worksite, vendor, or contractor, may provide a certification asserting that all manufacturing processes occurred in the US.
  - c. AIS compliance certification must be provided on company letterhead, in the format provided by Appendix 5 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - d. These certifications shall be collected and maintained by the municipality, and must be available upon request by either the EPA or the DEEP.

#### **D.** Waiver Request Process

- 1. A waiver from the AIS requirement may be requested for a CWF project if at least one of the following conditions is sufficiently demonstrated:
  - a. The AIS requirement will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent, as demonstrated by the inclusion of a bid alternate and backup calculations;

- b. The iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and "reasonably available quantities" and of "satisfactory quality", as demonstrated by soliciting proposals from at least three manufacturers; or
- c. The AIS requirement is inconsistent with the public interest.
- 2. Waiver Request Format
  - a. The waiver request must include a table with responses to the "Information Checklist for Waiver Request" in Appendix 1 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - b. Evaluation of the waiver request shall include the criteria in the "HQ Review Checklist for Waiver Request" in Appendix 2 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - c. Waiver requests shall be submitted to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) for initial screening.
  - d. If the DEEP determines that a waiver to the AIS requirement has been sufficiently demonstrated, the DEEP will forward the waiver request to the EPA.
- 3. Final Waiver Determination
  - a. The waiver request shall be made available on the EPA website and the DEEP CWF webpage.
  - b. The EPA shall allow for informal public input for at least 15 days prior to making a determination.

#### IV. DEFINITIONS

AIS: American Iron and Steel

<u>Assistant recipients</u>: A borrower or grantee that receives funding from a State CWSRF program. In the case of Connecticut CWF projects, "assistance recipients" are the municipalities, as defined below.

CGS: Connecticut General Statutes

<u>Construction materials</u>: Construction materials are those articles, materials, or supplies made primarily of iron and steel, that are permanently incorporated into the applicable project, not including mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems.

Some construction materials may overlap with what is also considered "structural steel". This includes, but is not limited to, the following products: wire rod, bar, angles, concrete reinforcing bar, wire, wire cloth, wire rope and cables, tubing, framing, joists, trusses, fasteners (i.e., nuts and bolts), welding rods, decking, grating, railings, stairs, access ramps, fire escapes, ladders, wall panels, dome structures, roofing, ductwork, surface drains, cable hanging systems, manhole steps, fencing and fence tubing, guardrails, doors, and stationary screens.

CWF: Connecticut Clean Water Fund

CWSRF: Clean Water State Revolving Fund

DEEP: Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

<u>Electrical equipment</u>: Electrical equipment is typically any machine powered by electricity and includes components that are part of the electrical distribution system.

EPA: Federal Environmental Protection Agency

FWPCA: Federal Water Pollution Control Act

Final EPA AIS Guidance: This refers to the attached EPA Memorandum entitled "Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014" dated March 20, 2014.

HVAC: Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning

<u>Municipality</u>: Any "municipality" eligible for the CWF, as defined in Section 22a-475 of the CGS. The municipalities are the "assistance recipients" for the purposes of the AIS requirement.

<u>Iron and Steel Products</u>: The term "iron and steel products" means the following products are made of "primarily iron or steel": lined or unlined pipes and fittings, manholes covers and other municipal castings, hydrants, tanks, flanges, pipe clamps and restraints, valves, structural steel, reinforced precast concrete, and construction materials.

<u>Mechanical equipment</u>: Mechanical equipment is typically that which has motorized parts and/or is powered by a motor.

<u>Municipal castings</u>: Municipal castings are cast iron or steel infrastructure products that are melted and cast. They typically provide access, protection, or housing for components incorporated into utility owned drinking water, storm water, wastewater, and surface infrastructure. They are typically made of grey or ductile iron, or steel. Examples of municipal castings are:

- Access Hatches;
- Ballast Screen;
- Benches (Iron or Steel);
- Bollards;
- Cast Bases;
- Cast Iron Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular;
- Cast Iron Riser Rings;
- Catch Basin Inlet;
- Cleanout/Monument Boxes;
- Construction Covers and Frames;
- Curb and Corner Guards;
- Curb Openings;
- Detectable Warning Plates;
- Downspout Shoes (Boot, Inlet);
- Drainage Grates, Frames and Curb Inlets;
- Inlets;
- Junction Boxes;
- Lampposts;
- Manhole Covers, Rings and Frames, Risers;
- Meter Boxes;
- Service Boxes;
- Steel Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular;
- Steel Riser Rings;

- Trash receptacles;
- Tree Grates;
- Tree Guards;
- Trench Grates; and
- Valve Boxes, Covers and Risers.

<u>Primarily Iron or Steel</u>: To be considered "primarily iron or steel", the product must be made of greater than 50% iron or steel, measured by cost. The cost should be based on the material costs.

#### P.L.: Public Law

<u>Production in the US</u>: For the purposes of the AIS requirement, "production in the US" of the iron or steel used in an applicable product requires that all manufacturing processes must take place in the US, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives.

<u>Reasonably Available Quantity</u>: The quantity of iron or steel products is available or will be available at the time needed and place needed, and in the proper form or specification as specified in the project plans and design.

Satisfactory Quality: The quality of iron or steel products, as specified in the project plans and designs.

SCADA: Supervisory control and data acquisition

<u>Steel</u>: An alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements. Metallic elements such as chromium, nickel, molybdenum, manganese, and silicon may be added during the melting of steel for the purpose of enhancing properties such as corrosion resistance, hardness, or strength. The definition of steel includes carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, tool steel, and other specialty steels.

<u>Step Certification</u>: A step certification is a process under which each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer, processor, etc.) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed.

<u>Structural steel</u>: Structural steel is rolled flanged shapes, having at least one dimension of their cross-section three inches or greater, which are used in the construction of bridges, buildings, ships, railroad rolling stock, and for numerous other constructional purposes. Such shapes are designated as wide-flange shapes, standard I-beams, channels, angles, tees and zees. Other shapes include H-piles, sheet piling, tie plates, cross ties, and those for other special purposes. Some structural steel may overlap with what is also considered "construction materials" (see definition above).

RCSA: Regulations of the Connecticut State Agencies

US: United States

<u>VFDs</u>: Variable frequency drives

WRRDA: Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2014

5/28/2015 Date

George V. Hicks, P.E. Supervising Sanitary Engineer Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse

Attachment: EPA Memorandum: "Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014" dated March 20, 2014.



TO:

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

# MAR 2 0 2014

OFFICE OF WATER

#### MEMORANDUM

- SUBJECT: Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014
- FROM: For Andrew D. Sawyers, Director Office of Wastewater Management (4201M)

Peter C. Grevatt, Director Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water (4601M)

Water Management Division Directors Regions I - X

P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (Act), includes an "American Iron and Steel (AIS)" requirement in section 436 that requires Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) and Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund (DWSRF) assistance recipients to use iron and steel products that are produced in the United States for projects for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works if the project is funded through an assistance agreement executed beginning January 17, 2014 (enactment of the Act), through the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2014.

Section 436 also sets forth certain circumstances under which EPA may waive the AIS requirement. Furthermore, the Act specifically exempts projects where engineering plans and specifications were approved by a State agency prior to January 17, 2014.

The approach described below explains how EPA will implement the AIS requirement. The first section is in the form of questions and answers that address the types of projects that must comply with the AIS requirement, the types of products covered by the AIS requirement, and compliance. The second section is a step-by-step process for requesting waivers and the circumstances under which waivers may be granted.

#### Implementation

The Act states:

Sec. 436. (a)(1) None of the funds made available by a State water pollution control revolving fund as authorized by title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) or made available by a drinking water treatment revolving loan fund as authorized by section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12) shall be used for a project for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works unless all of the iron and steel products used in the project are produced in the United States.

(2) In this section, the term "iron and steel products" means the following products made primarily of iron or steel: lined or unlined pipes and fittings, manhole covers and other municipal castings, hydrants, tanks, flanges, pipe clamps and restraints, valves, structural steel, reinforced precast concrete, and construction materials.

(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply in any case or category of cases in which the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (in this section referred to as the "Administrator") finds that—

(1) applying subsection (a) would be inconsistent with the public interest;

(2) iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or

(3) inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

(c) If the Administrator receives a request for a waiver under this section, the Administrator shall make available to the public on an informal basis a copy of the request and information available to the Administrator concerning the request, and shall allow for informal public input on the request for at least 15 days prior to making a finding based on the request. The Administrator shall make the request and accompanying information available by electronic means, including on the official public Internet Web site of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(d) This section shall be applied in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.

(e) The Administrator may retain up to 0.25 percent of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Clean and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds for carrying out the provisions described in subsection (a)(1) for management and oversight of the requirements of this section.

(f) This section does not apply with respect to a project if a State agency approves the engineering plans and specifications for the project, in that agency's capacity to approve such plans and specifications prior to a project requesting bids, prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

The following questions and answers provide guidance for implementing and complying with the AIS requirements:

# **Project Coverage**

# 1) What classes of projects are covered by the AIS requirement?

All treatment works projects funded by a CWSRF assistance agreement, and all public water system projects funded by a DWSRF assistance agreement, from the date of enactment through the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2014, are covered. The AIS requirements apply to the entirety of the project, no matter when construction begins or ends. Additionally, the AIS requirements apply to all parts of the project, no matter the source of funding.

# 2) Does the AIS requirement apply to nonpoint source projects or national estuary projects?

No. Congress did not include an AIS requirement for nonpoint source and national estuary projects unless the project can also be classified as a 'treatment works' as defined by section 212 of the Clean Water Act.

# 3) Are any projects for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works excluded from the AIS requirement?

Any project, whether a treatment works project or a public water system project, for which engineering plans and specifications were approved by the responsible state agency prior to January 17, 2014, is excluded from the AIS requirements.

## 4) What if the project does not have approved engineering plans and specifications but has signed an assistance agreement with a CWSRF or DWSRF program prior to January 17, 2014?

The AIS requirements do not apply to any project for which an assistance agreement was signed prior to January 17, 2014.

5) What if the project does not have approved engineering plans and specifications, but bids were advertised prior to January 17, 2014 and an assistance agreement was signed after January 17, 2014?

If the project does not require approved engineering plans and specifications, the bid advertisement date will count in lieu of the approval date for purposes of the exemption in section 436(f).

# 6) What if the assistance agreement that was signed prior to January 17, 2014, only funded a part of the overall project, where the remainder of the project will be funded later with another SRF loan?

If the original assistance agreement funded any construction of the project, the date of the original assistance agreement counts for purposes of the exemption. If the original assistance agreement was only for planning and design, the date of that assistance agreement will count for purposes of the exemption only if there is a written commitment or expectation on the part of the assistance recipient to fund the remainder of the project with SRF funds.

# 7) What if the assistance agreement that was signed prior to January 17, 2014, funded the first phase of a multi-phase project, where the remaining phases will be funded by SRF assistance in the future?

In such a case, the phases of the project will be considered a single project if all construction necessary to complete the building or work, regardless of the number of contracts or assistance agreements involved, are closely related in purpose, time and place. However, there are many situations in which major construction activities are clearly undertaken in phases that are distinct in purpose, time, or place. In the case of distinct phases, projects with engineering plans and specifications approval or assistance agreements signed prior to January 17, 2014 would be excluded from AIS requirements while those approved/signed on January 17, 2014, or later would be covered by the AIS requirements.

## 8) What if a project has split funding from a non-SRF source?

Many States intend to fund projects with "split" funding, from the SRF program and from State or other programs. Based on the Act language in section 436, which requires that American iron and steel products be used in any project for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works receiving SRF funding between and including January 17, 2014 and September 30, 2014, any project that is funded in whole or in part with such funds must comply with the AIS requirement. A "project" consists of all construction necessary to complete the building or work regardless of the number of contracts or assistance agreements involved so long as all contracts and assistance agreements awarded are closely related in purpose, time and place. This precludes the intentional splitting of SRF projects into separate and smaller contracts or assistance agreements to avoid AIS coverage on some portion of a larger

project, particularly where the activities are integrally and proximately related to the whole. However, there are many situations in which major construction activities are clearly undertaken in separate phases that are distinct in purpose, time, or place, in which case, separate contracts or assistance agreement for SRF and State or other funding would carry separate requirements.

## 9) What about refinancing?

If a project began construction, financed from a non-SRF source, prior to January 17, 2014, but is refinanced through an SRF assistance agreement executed on or after January 17, 2014 and prior to October 1, 2014, AIS requirements will apply to all construction that occurs on or after January 17, 2014, through completion of construction, unless, as is likely, engineering plans and specifications were approved by a responsible state agency prior to January 17, 2014. There is no retroactive application of the AIS requirements where a refinancing occurs for a project that has completed construction prior to January 17, 2014.

# 10) Do the AIS requirements apply to any other EPA programs, besides the SRF program, such as the Tribal Set-aside grants or grants to the Territories and DC?

No, the AIS requirement only applies to funds made available by a State water pollution control revolving fund as authorized by title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) or made available by a drinking water treatment revolving loan fund as authorized by section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12)

# **Covered Iron and Steel Products**

# 11) What is an iron or steel product?

For purposes of the CWSRF and DWSRF projects that must comply with the AIS requirement, an iron or steel product is one of the following made primarily of iron or steel that is permanently incorporated into the public water system or treatment works:

Lined or unlined pipes or fittings; Manhole Covers; Municipal Castings (defined in more detail below); Hydrants; Tanks; Flanges; Pipe clamps and restraints; Valves; Structural steel (defined in more detail below); Reinforced precast concrete; and Construction materials (defined in more detail below).

#### 12) What does the term 'primarily iron or steel' mean?

'Primarily iron or steel' places constraints on the list of products above. For one of the listed products to be considered subject to the AIS requirements, it must be made of greater than 50% iron or steel, measured by cost. The cost should be based on the material costs.

#### 13) Can you provide an example of how to perform a cost determination?

For example, the iron portion of a fire hydrant would likely be the bonnet, body and shoe, and the cost then would include the pouring and casting to create those components. The other material costs would include non-iron and steel internal workings of the fire hydrant (i.e., stem, coupling, valve, seals, etc). However, the assembly of the internal workings into the hydrant body would not be included in this cost calculation. If one of the listed products is not made primarily of iron or steel, United States (US) provenance is not required. An exception to this definition is reinforced precast concrete, which is addressed in a later question.

# 14) If a product is composed of more than 50% iron or steel, but is not listed in the above list of items, must the item be produced in the US? Alternatively, must the iron or steel in such a product be produced in the US?

The answer to both question is no. Only items on the above list must be produced in the US. Additionally, the iron or steel in a non-listed item can be sourced from outside the US.

# 15) What is the definition of steel?

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements. Metallic elements such as chromium, nickel, molybdenum, manganese, and silicon may be added during the melting of steel for the purpose of enhancing properties such as corrosion resistance, hardness, or strength. The definition of steel covers carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, tool steel and other specialty steels.

#### 16) What does 'produced in the United States' mean?

Production in the United States of the iron or steel products used in the project requires that all manufacturing processes, including application of coatings, must take place in the United States, with the exception of metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. All manufacturing processes includes processes such as melting, refining, forming, rolling, drawing, finishing, fabricating and coating. Further, if a domestic iron and steel product is taken out of the US for any part of the manufacturing process, it becomes foreign source material. However, raw materials such as iron ore, limestone and iron and steel scrap are not covered by the AIS requirement, and the material(s), if any, being applied as a coating are similarly not covered. Non-iron or steel components of an iron and steel product may come from non-US sources. For example, for products such as valves and hydrants, the individual non-iron and steel components do not have to be of domestic origin.

# 17) Are the raw materials used in the production of iron or steel required to come from US sources?

No. Raw materials, such as iron ore, limestone, scrap iron, and scrap steel, can come from non-US sources.

# 18) If an above listed item is primarily made of iron or steel, but is only at the construction site temporarily, must such an item be produced in the US?

No. Only the above listed products made primarily of iron or steel, permanently incorporated into the project must be produced in the US. For example trench boxes, scaffolding or equipment, which are removed from the project site upon completion of the project, are not required to be made of U.S. Iron or Steel.

# **19**) What is the definition of 'municipal castings'?

Municipal castings are cast iron or steel infrastructure products that are melted and cast. They typically provide access, protection, or housing for components incorporated into utility owned drinking water, storm water, wastewater, and surface infrastructure. They are typically made of grey or ductile iron, or steel. Examples of municipal castings are:

Access Hatches; Ballast Screen; Benches (Iron or Steel); Bollards; Cast Bases; Cast Iron Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular; Cast Iron Riser Rings; Catch Basin Inlet; Cleanout/Monument Boxes: Construction Covers and Frames; Curb and Corner Guards; Curb Openings; Detectable Warning Plates; Downspout Shoes (Boot, Inlet); Drainage Grates, Frames and Curb Inlets; Inlets; Junction Boxes; Lampposts; Manhole Covers, Rings and Frames, Risers;

Meter Boxes; Service Boxes; Steel Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular; Steel Riser Rings; Trash receptacles; Tree Grates; Tree Guards; Trench Grates; and Valve Boxes, Covers and Risers.

#### 20) What is 'structural steel'?

Structural steel is rolled flanged shapes, having at least one dimension of their cross-section three inches or greater, which are used in the construction of bridges, buildings, ships, railroad rolling stock, and for numerous other constructional purposes. Such shapes are designated as wide-flange shapes, standard I-beams, channels, angles, tees and zees. Other shapes include H-piles, sheet piling, tie plates, cross ties, and those for other special purposes.

# 21) What is a 'construction material' for purposes of the AIS requirement?

Construction materials are those articles, materials, or supplies made primarily of iron and steel, that are permanently incorporated into the project, not including mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems. Some of these products may overlap with what is also considered "structural steel". This includes, but is not limited to, the following products: wire rod, bar, angles, concrete reinforcing bar, wire, wire cloth, wire rope and cables, tubing, framing, joists, trusses, fasteners (i.e., nuts and bolts), welding rods, decking, grating, railings, stairs, access ramps, fire escapes, ladders, wall panels, dome structures, roofing, ductwork, surface drains, cable hanging systems, manhole steps, fencing and fence tubing, guardrails, doors, and stationary screens.

# 22) What is not considered a 'construction material' for purposes of the AIS requirement?

Mechanical and electrical components, equipment and systems are not considered construction materials. Mechanical equipment is typically that which has motorized parts and/or is powered by a motor. Electrical equipment is typically any machine powered by electricity and includes components that are part of the electrical distribution system.

The following examples (including their appurtenances necessary for their intended use and operation) are NOT considered construction materials: pumps, motors, gear reducers, drives (including variable frequency drives (VFDs)),

electric/pneumatic/manual accessories used to operate valves (such as electric valve actuators), mixers, gates, motorized screens (such as traveling screens), blowers/aeration equipment, compressors, meters, sensors, controls and switches, supervisory control and

data acquisition (SCADA), membrane bioreactor systems, membrane filtration systems, filters, clarifiers and clarifier mechanisms, rakes, grinders, disinfection systems, presses (including belt presses), conveyors, cranes, HVAC (excluding ductwork), water heaters, heat exchangers, generators, cabinetry and housings (such as electrical boxes/enclosures), lighting fixtures, electrical conduit, emergency life systems, metal office furniture, shelving, laboratory equipment, analytical instrumentation, and dewatering equipment.

## 23) If the iron or steel is produced in the US, may other steps in the manufacturing process take place outside of the US, such as assembly?

No. Production in the US of the iron or steel used in a listed product requires that all manufacturing processes must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives.

# 24) What processes must occur in the US to be compliant with the AIS requirement for reinforced precast concrete?

While reinforced precast concrete may not be at least 50% iron or steel, in this particular case, the reinforcing bar and wire must be produced in the US and meet the same standards as for any other iron or steel product. Additionally, the casting of the concrete product must take place in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in concrete production are not required to be of domestic origin.

If the reinforced concrete is cast at the construction site, the reinforcing bar and wire are considered to be a construction material and must be produced in the US.

#### **Compliance**

# 25) How should an assistance recipient document compliance with the AIS requirement?

In order to ensure compliance with the AIS requirement, specific AIS contract language must be included in each contract, starting with the assistance agreement, all the way down to the purchase agreements. Sample language for assistance agreements and contracts can be found in Appendix 3 and 4.

EPA recommends the use of a step certification process, similar to one used by the Federal Highway Administration. The step certification process is a method to ensure that producers adhere to the AIS requirement and assistance recipients can verify that products comply with the AIS requirement. The process also establishes accountability and better enables States to take enforcement actions against violators.

Step certification creates a paper trail which documents the location of the manufacturing process involved with the production of steel and iron materials. A step certification is a process under which each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer,

processor, etc) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed. Each time a step in the manufacturing process takes place, the manufacturer delivers its work along with a certification of its origin. A certification can be quite simple. Typically, it includes the name of the manufacturer, the location of the manufacturing facility where the product or process took place (not its headquarters), a description of the product or item being delivered, and a signature by a manufacturer's responsible party. Attached, as Appendix 5, are sample certifications. These certifications should be collected and maintained by assistance recipients.

Alternatively, the final manufacturer that delivers the iron or steel product to the worksite, vendor, or contractor, may provide a certification asserting that all manufacturing processes occurred in the US. While this type of certification may be acceptable, it may not provide the same degree of assurance. Additional documentation may be needed if the certification is lacking important information. Step certification is the best practice.

## 26) How should a State ensure assistance recipients are complying with the AIS requirement?

In order to ensure compliance with the AIS requirement, States SRF programs must include specific AIS contract language in the assistance agreement. Sample language for assistance agreements can be found in Appendix 3.

States should also, as a best practice, conduct site visits of projects during construction and review documentation demonstrating proof of compliance which the assistance recipient has gathered.

# 27) What happens if a State or EPA finds a non-compliant iron and/or steel product permanently incorporated in the project?

If a potentially non-compliant product is identified, the State should notify the assistance recipient of the apparent unauthorized use of the non-domestic component, including a proposed corrective action, and should be given the opportunity to reply. If unauthorized use is confirmed, the State can take one or more of the following actions: request a waiver where appropriate; require the removal of the non-domestic item; or withhold payment for all or part of the project. Only EPA can issue waivers to authorize the use of a non-domestic item. EPA may use remedies available to it under the Clean Water Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, and 40 CFR part 31 grant regulations, in the event of a violation of a grant term and condition.

It is recommended that the State work collaboratively with EPA to determine the appropriate corrective action, especially in cases where the State is the one who identifies the item in noncompliance or there is a disagreement with the assistance recipient.

If fraud, waste, abuse, or any violation of the law is suspected, the Office of Inspector General (OIG) should be contacted immediately. The OIG can be reached at 1-

888-546-8740 or OIG\_Hotline@epa.gov. More information can be found at this website: http://www.epa.gov/oig/hotline.htm.

# 28) How do international trade agreements affect the implementation of the AIS requirements?

The AIS provision applies in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements. Typically, these obligations only apply to direct procurement by the entities that are signatories to such agreements. In general, SRF assistance recipients are not signatories to such agreements, so these agreements have no impact on this AIS provision. In the few instances where such an agreement applies to a municipality, that municipality is under the obligation to determine its applicability and requirements and document the actions taken to comply for the State.

#### Waiver Process

The statute permits EPA to issue waivers for a case or category of cases where EPA finds (1) that applying these requirements would be inconsistent with the public interest; (2) iron and steel products are not produced in the US in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or (3) inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the US will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

In order to implement the AIS requirements, EPA has developed an approach to allow for effective and efficient implementation of the waiver process to allow projects to proceed in a timely manner. The framework described below will allow States, on behalf of the assistance recipients, to apply for waivers of the AIS requirement directly to EPA Headquarters. Only waiver requests received from states will be considered. Pursuant to the Act, EPA has the responsibility to make findings as to the issuance of waivers to the AIS requirements.

#### Definitions

The following terms are critical to the interpretation and implementation of the AIS requirements and apply to the process described in this memorandum:

<u>Reasonably Available Quantity</u>: The quantity of iron or steel products is available or will be available at the time needed and place needed, and in the proper form or specification as specified in the project plans and design.

<u>Satisfactory Quality</u>: The quality of iron or steel products, as specified in the project plans and designs.

Assistance Recipient: A borrower or grantee that receives funding from a State CWSRF or DWSRF program.

#### **Step-By-Step Waiver Process**

#### Application by Assistance Recipient

Each local entity that receives SRF water infrastructure financial assistance is required by section 436 of the Act to use American made iron and steel products in the construction of its project. However, the recipient may request a waiver. Until a waiver is granted by EPA, the AIS requirement stands, except as noted above with respect to municipalities covered by international agreements.

The waiver process begins with the SRF assistance recipient. In order to fulfill the AIS requirement, the assistance recipient must in good faith design the project (where applicable) and solicit bids for construction with American made iron and steel products. It is essential that the assistance recipient include the AIS terms in any request for proposals or solicitations for bids, and in all contracts (see Appendix 3 for sample construction contract language). The assistance recipient may receive a waiver at any point before, during, or after the bid process, if one or more of three conditions is met:

- 1. Applying the American Iron and Steel requirements of the Act would be inconsistent with the public interest;
- 2. Iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or
- 3. Inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

Proper and sufficient documentation must be provided by the assistance recipient. A checklist detailing the types of information required for a waiver to be processed is attached as Appendix 1.

Additionally, it is strongly encouraged that assistance recipients hold pre-bid conferences with potential bidders. A pre-bid conference can help to identify iron and steel products needed to complete the project as described in the plans and specifications that may not be available from domestic sources. It may also identify the need to seek a waiver prior to bid, and can help inform the recipient on compliance options.

In order to apply for a project waiver, the assistance recipient should email the request in the form of a Word document (.doc) to the State SRF program. It is strongly recommended that the State designate a single person for all AIS communications. The State SRF designee will review the application for the waiver and determine whether the necessary information has been included. Once the waiver application is complete, the State designee will forward the application to either of two email addresses. For CWSRF waiver requests, please send the application to: <u>cwsrfwaiver@epa.gov</u>. For DWSRF waiver requests, please send the application to: <u>dwsrfwaiver@epa.gov</u>.

#### Evaluation by EPA

After receiving an application for waiver of the AIS requirements, EPA Headquarters will publish the request on its website for 15 days and receive informal comment. EPA Headquarters will then use the checklist in Appendix 2 to determine whether the application properly and adequately documents and justifies the statutory basis cited for the waiver – that it is quantitatively and qualitatively sufficient – and to determine whether or not to grant the waiver.

In the event that EPA finds that adequate documentation and justification has been submitted, the Administrator may grant a waiver to the assistance recipient. EPA will notify the State designee that a waiver request has been approved or denied as soon as such a decision has been made. Granting such a waiver is a three-step process:

1. Posting – After receiving an application for a waiver, EPA is required to publish the application and all material submitted with the application on EPA's website for 15 days. During that period, the public will have the opportunity to review the request and provide informal comment to EPA. The website can be found at: <u>http://water.epa.gov/grants\_funding/aisrequirement.cfm</u>

2. Evaluation – After receiving an application for waiver of the AIS requirements, EPA Headquarters will use the checklist in Appendix 2 to determine whether the application properly and adequately documents and justifies the statutory basis cited for the waiver – that it is quantitatively and qualitatively sufficient – and to determine whether or not to grant the waiver.

3. Signature of waiver approval by the Administrator or another agency official with delegated authority – As soon as the waiver is signed and dated, EPA will notify the State SRF program, and post the signed waiver on our website. The assistance recipient should keep a copy of the signed waiver in its project files.

#### Public Interest Waivers

EPA has the authority to issue public interest waivers. Evaluation of a public interest waiver request may be more complicated than that of other waiver requests so they may take more time than other waiver requests for a decision to be made. An example of a public interest waiver that might be issued could be for a community that has standardized on a particular type or manufacturer of a valve because of its performance to meet their specifications. Switching to an alternative valve may require staff to be trained on the new equipment and additional spare parts would need to be purchased and stocked, existing valves may need to be unnecessarily replaced, and portions of the system may need to be redesigned. Therefore, requiring the community to install an alternative valve would be inconsistent with public interest.

EPA also has the authority to issue a public interest waiver that covers categories of products that might apply to all projects.

EPA reserves the right to issue national waivers that may apply to particular classes of assistance recipients, particular classes of projects, or particular categories of iron or steel products. EPA may develop national or (US geographic) regional categorical waivers through the identification of similar circumstances in the detailed justifications presented to EPA in a waiver request or requests. EPA may issue a national waiver based on policy decisions regarding the public's interest or a determination that a particular item is not produced domestically in reasonably available quantities or of a sufficient quality. In such cases, EPA may determine it is necessary to issue a national waiver.

If you have any questions concerning the contents of this memorandum, you may contact us, or have your staff contact Jordan Dorfman, Attorney-Advisor, State Revolving Fund Branch, Municipal Support Division, at dorfman.jordan@epa.gov or (202) 564-0614 or Kiri Anderer, Environmental Engineer, Infrastructure Branch, Drinking Water Protection Division, at anderer.kirsten@epa.gov or (202) 564-3134.

Attachments

#### **Appendix 1: Information Checklist for Waiver Request**

The purpose of this checklist is to help ensure that all appropriate and necessary information is submitted to EPA. EPA recommends that States review this checklist carefully and provide all appropriate information to EPA. This checklist is for informational purposes only and does not need to be included as part of a waiver application.

	Items	Notes
• Wai	<ul> <li>ver request includes the following information:</li> <li>Description of the foreign and domestic construction materials</li> <li>Unit of measure</li> </ul>	
• Assi	<ul> <li>Quantity</li> <li>Price</li> <li>Time of delivery or availability</li> <li>Location of the construction project</li> <li>Name and address of the proposed supplier</li> <li>A detailed justification for the use of foreign construction materials</li> <li>ver request was submitted according to the instructions in the memorandum</li> <li>stance recipient made a good faith effort to solicit bids for domestic iron and steel products, as demonstrated by language in</li> </ul>	
requ st Waiver I	ests for proposals, contracts, and communications with the prime contractor Requests	
• Wai	<ul> <li>ver request includes the following information:</li> <li>Comparison of overall cost of project with domestic iron and steel products to overall cost of project with foreign iron and steel products</li> <li>Relevant excerpts from the bid documents used by the contractors to complete the comparison</li> <li>Supporting documentation indicating that the contractor made a reasonable survey of the market, such as a description of the</li> </ul>	
	process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers	
• Wai	<ul> <li>Waiver Requests</li> <li>ver request includes the following supporting documentation necessary to demonstrate the availability, quantity, and/or quality of naterials for which the waiver is requested:         <ul> <li>Supplier information or pricing information from a reasonable number of domestic suppliers indicating availability/delivery date for construction materials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Documentation of the assistance recipient's efforts to find available domestic sources, such as a description of the process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers.</li> <li>Project schedule</li> <li>Relevant excerpts from project plans, specifications, and permits indicating the required quantity and quality of construction materials</li> </ul>	
	ver request includes a statement from the prime contractor and/or supplier confirming the non-availability of the domestic struction materials for which the waiver is sought	
<ul> <li>Has</li> </ul>	the State received other waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects?	

#### **Appendix 2: HQ Review Checklist for Waiver Request**

Instructions: To be completed by EPA. Review all waiver requests using the questions in the checklist, and mark the appropriate box as Yes, No or N/A. Marks that fall inside the shaded boxes may be grounds for denying the waiver. If none of your review markings fall into a shaded box, the waiver is eligible for approval if it indicates that one or more of the following conditions applies to the domestic product for which the waiver is sought:

- 1. The iron and/or steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality.
- 2. The inclusion of iron and/or steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

Review Items Yes No	N/A	Comments
Cost Waiver Requests		
Does the waiver request include the following information?		
<ul> <li>Comparison of overall cost of project with domestic iron and steel products to overall cost of project with foreign iron and</li> </ul>		
steel products		
<ul> <li>Relevant excerpts from the bid documents used by the contractors to complete the comparison</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>A sufficient number of bid documents or pricing information from domestic sources to constitute a reasonable survey of</li> </ul>		
the market		
Does the Total Domestic Project exceed the Total Foreign Project Cost by more than 25%?		
Availability Waiver Requests		
• Does the waiver request include supporting documentation sufficient to show the availability, quantity, and/or quality of the		
iron and/or steel product for which the waiver is requested?		
<ul> <li>Supplier information or other documentation indicating availability/delivery date for materials</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Project schedule</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Relevant excerpts from project plans, specifications, and permits indicating the required quantity and quality of materials</li> </ul>		
Does supporting documentation provide sufficient evidence that the contractors made a reasonable effort to locate domestic		
suppliers of materials, such as a description of the process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers?		
Based on the materials delivery/availability date indicated in the supporting documentation, will the materials be unavailable		
when they are needed according to the project schedule? (By item, list schedule date and domestic delivery quote date or other		
relevant information)		
Is EPA aware of any other evidence indicating the non-availability of the materials for which the waiver is requested?		
Examples include:		
<ul> <li>Multiple waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects in the same State</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Multiple waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects in other States</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Correspondence with construction trade associations indicating the non-availability of the materials</li> </ul>		
Are the available domestic materials indicated in the bid documents of inadequate quality compared those required by the		
project plans, specifications, and/or permits?		
	1	
16		

#### **Appendix 3: Example Loan Agreement Language**

ALL ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT MUST HAVE A CLAUSE REQUIRING COMPLIANCE WITH THE AIS REQUIREMENT. THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF WHAT COULD BE INCLUDED IN SRF ASSISTANCE AGREEMENTS. EPA MAKES NO CLAIMS REGARDING THE LEGALITY OF THIS CLAUSE WITH RESPECT TO STATE LAW:

Comply with all federal requirements applicable to the Loan (including those imposed by the 2014 Appropriations Act and related SRF Policy Guidelines) which the Participant understands includes, among other, requirements that all of the iron and steel products used in the Project are to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") unless (i) the Participant has requested and obtained a waiver from the Agency pertaining to the Project or (ii) the Finance Authority has otherwise advised the Participant in writing that the American Iron and Steel Requirement is not applicable to the Project.

Comply with all record keeping and reporting requirements under the Clean Water Act/Safe Drinking Water Act, including any reports required by a Federal agency or the Finance Authority such as performance indicators of program deliverables, information on costs and project progress. The Participant understands that (i) each contract and subcontract related to the Project is subject to audit by appropriate federal and state entities and (ii) failure to comply with the Clean Water Act/Safe Drinking Water Act and this Agreement may be a default hereunder that results in a repayment of the Loan in advance of the maturity of the Bonds and/or other remedial actions.

#### **Appendix 4: Sample Construction Contract Language**

ALL CONTRACTS MUST HAVE A CLAUSE REQUIRING COMPLIANCE WITH THE AIS REQUIREMENT. THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF WHAT COULD BE INCLUDED IN ALL CONTRACTS IN PROJECTS THAT USE SRF FUNDS. EPA MAKES NO CLAIMS REGARDING THE LEGALITY OF THIS CLAUSE WITH RESPECT TO STATE OR LOCAL LAW:

The Contractor acknowledges to and for the benefit of the City of ("Purchaser") and the (the "State") that it understands the goods and services under this Agreement are being funded with monies made available by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and/or Drinking Water State Revolving Fund that have statutory requirements commonly known as "American Iron and Steel;" that requires all of the iron and steel products used in the project to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") including iron and steel products provided by the Contactor pursuant to this Agreement. The Contractor hereby represents and warrants to and for the benefit of the Purchaser and the State that (a) the Contractor has reviewed and understands the American Iron and Steel Requirement, (b) all of the iron and steel products used in the project will be and/or have been produced in the United States in a manner that complies with the American Iron and Steel Requirement, unless a waiver of the requirement is approved, and (c) the Contractor will provide any further verified information, certification or assurance of compliance with this paragraph, or information necessary to support a waiver of the American Iron and Steel Requirement, as may be requested by the Purchaser or the State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any failure to comply with this paragraph by the Contractor shall permit the Purchaser or State to recover as damages against the Contractor any loss, expense, or cost (including without limitation attorney's fees) incurred by the Purchaser or State resulting from any such failure (including without limitation any impairment or loss of funding, whether in whole or in part, from the State or any damages owed to the State by the Purchaser). While the Contractor has no direct contractual privity with the State, as a lender to the Purchaser for the funding of its project, the Purchaser and the Contractor agree that the State is a third-party beneficiary and neither this paragraph (nor any other provision of this Agreement necessary to give this paragraph force or effect) shall be amended or waived without the prior written consent of the State.

#### **Appendix 5: Sample Certifications**

The following information is provided as a sample letter of <u>step</u> certification for AIS compliance. Documentation must be provided on company letterhead.

Date

Company Name

Company Address

City, State Zip

Subject: American Iron and Steel Step Certification for Project (XXXXXXXXX)

I, (company representative), certify that the (melting, bending, coating, galvanizing, cutting, etc.) process for (manufacturing or fabricating) the following products and/or materials shipped or provided for the subject project is in full compliance with the American Iron and Steel requirement as mandated in EPA's State Revolving Fund Programs.

Item, Products and/or Materials:

- 1. Xxxx
- 2. Xxxx
- 3. Xxxx

Such process took place at the following location:

If any of the above compliance statements change while providing material to this project we will immediately notify the prime contractor and the engineer.

Signed by company representative

The following information is provided as a sample letter of certification for AIS compliance. Documentation must be provided on company letterhead.

Date

Company Name

Company Address

City, State Zip

Subject: American Iron and Steel Certification for Project (XXXXXXXXX)

I, (company representative), certify that the following products and/or materials shipped/provided to the subject project are in full compliance with the American Iron and Steel requirement as mandated in EPA's State Revolving Fund Programs.

Item, Products and/or Materials:

- 1. Xxxx
- 2. Xxxx
- 3. Xxxx

Such process took place at the following location:

If any of the above compliance statements change while providing material to this project we will immediately notify the prime contractor and the engineer.

Signed by company representative



## American Iron and Steel Provisions - Bidder Certification

The Bidder ("Contractor") acknowledges to and for the benefit of the Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority ("Purchaser") and the State of Connecticut ("State") that it understands the goods and services under this Agreement are being funded with monies made available by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and/or Drinking Water State Revolving Fund that have statutory requirements commonly known as "American Iron and Steel;" that requires all of the iron and steel products used in the project to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") including iron and steel products provided by the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement. The Contractor hereby represents and warrants to and for the benefit of the Purchaser and the State that (a) the Contractor has reviewed and understands the American Iron and Steel Requirement, (b) all of the iron and steel products used in the project will be and/or have been produced in the United States in a manner that complies with the American Iron and Steel Requirement, unless a waiver of the requirement is approved, and (c) the Contractor will provide any further verified information, certification or assurance of compliance with this paragraph, or information necessary to support a waiver of the American Iron and Steel Requirement, as may be requested by the Purchaser or the State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any failure to comply with this paragraph by the Contractor shall permit the Purchaser or State to recover as damages against the Contractor any loss, expense or cost (including without limitation attorney's fees) incurred by the Purchaser or State resulting from any such failure (including without limitation any impairment or loss of funding, whether in whole or in part, from the State or any damages owed to the State by the Purchaser). While the Contractor has no direct contractual privity with the State, as a lender to the Purchaser for the funding of its project, the Purchaser and the Contractor agree that the State is a third-party beneficiary and neither this paragraph (nor any other provision of this Agreement necessary to give this paragraph force or effect) shall be amended or waived without the prior written consent of the State.

**Please Print** 

Bidder (Contractor):

By:

Name of Contractor (Company)

Address

Signature

Print Name

City/State/Zip Code

Date

3

# PART 2

# **CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS**

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

#### AGREEMENT

This Agreement is by and between The Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority (Owner) and [TO BE DETERMINED] \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Contractor) (the "Agreement").

Owner and Contractor, in consideration of the mutual covenants set forth herein, agree as follows:

#### 1. WORK

1.1. Contractor shall complete the Work as specified or indicated in the Contract Documents.

#### 2. THE PROJECT

2.1. The Project for which the Work under the Contract Documents may be the whole or only a part is generally described as follows:

Project CWF 2019-04 – Process Air Compressor System for Low Level Nitrogen Removal

#### 3. ENGINEER

3.1. The part of the Project that pertains to the Work has been designed by: Jacobs, 100 Great Meadow Road, Suite 707, Wethersfield, CT 06109.

3.2. The Owner has retained Jacobs (Engineer) to act as Owner's representative, assume duties and responsibilities, and have the rights and authority assigned to Engineer in the Contract Documents in connection with the completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

#### 4. CONTRACT TIMES

4.1. Time of the Essence: All time limits for Substantial Completion, and completion and readiness for Final Payment as stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract.

4.2. Days to Achieve Substantial Completion and Final Payment:

4.2.1. The Work shall be substantially completed within 670 days from the date when the Contract Times commence to run as provided in Paragraph 4.01 of the General Conditions and completed and ready for Final Payment in accordance with Paragraph 15.06 of the General Conditions within 750 days after the date when the Contract Times commence to run.

#### 4.3. Liquidated Damages:

4.3.1. Contractor and Owner recognize that time is of the essence in the performance of the Work under this Agreement, and agree that it would be impractical and extremely difficult to determine the actual damages which the Owner would sustain in the event the Contractor does not achieve Substantial Completion of the Work within the times specified in Paragraph 4.2.1 above, plus any extensions thereof allowed in accordance with Article 11 of the General Conditions. Accordingly, in the event of the Contractor's failure to achieve Substantial Completion as set forth above, the Owner and Contractor agree that Contractor shall be liable for and shall pay the Owner liquidated damages in the sum of **Two Thousand Dollars (\$ 2,000.00)** per day for every calendar day that expires after the time specified herein for Substantial Completion until the Work is substantially complete. Such liquidated damages, although inadequate to compensate the Owner, are intended to constitute compensatory damages and do not constitute a penalty of any kind. The Owner and Contractor understand and agree that, by including provisions for liquidated damages in this Agreement, or in pursuing any relief pursuant to such provisions: (i) the parties do not intend to set a price for the privilege not to perform; (ii) the availability of liquidated damages may not be relied upon as a basis for argument that the Owner has an exclusive remedy at law; and (iii) the remedies available to the Owner under the Contract Documents are cumulative and not exclusive.

4.3.2. After Substantial Completion, if Contractor neglects, refuses, or fails to complete remaining Work for Final Completion and readiness for Final Payment within the Contract Time or any proper extension thereof granted by Owner, Contractor shall pay Owner **Five Hundred Dollars** (**\$500.00**) per day for every calendar day that expires after the time specified herein for Final Completion and readiness for Final Payment until Final Completion.

4.3.3. Liquidated damages for failing to timely attain Substantial Completion and Final Completion are not additive and will not be imposed concurrently.

4.3.4. The Owner may, in its sole discretion, deduct liquidated damages provided for pursuant to this Section 4.3 from any monies which may then be due or subsequently become due to Contractor under this Agreement. Any liquidated damages not so deducted shall be payable by the Contractor to the Owner immediately upon the Owner's written demand, together with interest which shall begin to accrue at the rate stated in Section 7.01 of this Agreement, from the date of such demand.

## 5. CONTRACT PRICE

5.1. For all Work, at the prices stated in Contractor's Bid, attached hereto as an exhibit.

5.2. Owner will pay Contractor for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents an amount in current funds equal to the sum of the amounts determined pursuant to the following or as stated in the Contractor's Bid, attached hereto as an exhibit, subject to adjustments under the Contract Documents:

5.2.1. Lump Sum: For Work other than Unit Price Work, a lump sum of \$ [TO BE DETERMINED].

5.2.2. Unit Prices:

5.2.2.1. As provided in Paragraph 13.03 of the General Conditions, estimated quantities are not guaranteed, and determinations of actual quantities and classifications are to be made by Engineer as provided in Paragraph 10.06 of the General Conditions, and to the extent modified by the Supplemental Conditions. Unit prices have been computed as provided in Paragraph 13.03 of the General Conditions.

5.2.2.2. For Unit Price Work, an amount equal to the sum of established unit price for each separately identified item of Unit Price Work times the estimated quantity of that item as indicated in this paragraph:

Unit Price Bid Schedule							
Item No.	Description	Estimated Quantity	Unit	Bid Unit Price	Extended Bid Unit Price		
1.	Furnish and install (44) 10.75-inch Micropiles in accordance with Section 31 43 00, Micropiles	3,400	LF	\$	\$		
2.	10.75-inch Micropile Mobilization/Demolition	1	EACH	\$	\$		
3.	10.75-inch Micropile Static Load Test	1	EACH	\$	\$		
4.	Handling and disposal of regulated materials in accordance with Section 02 61 00, Removal and Disposal of Contaminated Soil	1	Allowance	\$50,000	\$50,000		

5.2.2.3. TOTAL OF EXTENDED UNIT PRICES:

\$\_\_\_\_\_

5.2.3. Preselected Equipment from APG-Neuros:

As an express condition of this Agreement, Contractor agrees and warrants that it shall accept the proposal from APG-Neuros for procurement of goods and special services for Process Air Compressors set forth in Section 8.1.1.8 of this Agreement.

#### 5.2.4. TOTAL BASE BID (Numeric):

#### TOTAL BASE BID (Words):

#### 6. PAYMENT PROCEDURES

6.1. Submittal and Processing of Payments: Contractor shall submit Applications for Payment in accordance with Article 15 of the General Conditions. Applications for Payment will be processed by Engineer as provided in the General Conditions, except as modified by the Supplemental Conditions.

6.2. Progress Payments and Retainage: Owner will make progress payments on account of the Contract Price on the basis of processed Contractor's Application for Payment on the date of each month as established in the preconstruction conference during performance of the Work as provided herein. All such payments will be measured by the Schedule of Values established as provided in Paragraph 2.05 of the General Conditions (and in the case of Unit Price Work based on the number of units completed).

6.2.1. Prior to Substantial Completion, progress payments due and owing will be made in an amount equal to the percentage indicated below but, in each case, less the aggregate of payments previously made and less such amounts as Engineer may determine or Owner may withhold, including but not limited to liquidated damages pursuant to Section 4.3 of this Agreement, indemnity obligations or any other obligations of the Contractor owed to or to become owing to the Owner under the Contract Documents, in accordance with Paragraph 15.01 of the General Conditions:

6.2.1.1. Ninety-five percent (95%) of Work completed (with the balance being retainage). If the Work has been fifty percent (50%) completed as determined by Engineer, and if the character and progress of the Work have been satisfactory to Owner and Engineer, Owner, on recommendation of Engineer, may determine that retainage will be reduced to two percent (2%) of the dollar value of all work satisfactory progress as determined by the Engineer, and there is no specific cause for greater withholding. At any time at its sole discretion, Owner may reinstate retainage withholding up to five percent (5%) of the Work completed if the Contractor is not making satisfactory progress or there is other specific cause for such withholdings.

1,356,343

Dollars

\$

6.2.1.2. Ninety-five percent (95%) of cost of materials and equipment, stored onsite and not yet incorporated in the Work (with the balance being retainage).

6.2.2. Upon Substantial Completion, Owner will pay an amount sufficient to increase total payments to Contractor to one hundred percent (100%) of the Work completed, less such amounts as Engineer will determine in accordance with Paragraph 15.01.C.6 of the General Conditions and less two hundred percent (200%) of Engineer's estimate of the value of Work to be completed or corrected as shown on the preliminary list of items to be completed or corrected prepared by the Engineer and attached to the certificate of Substantial Completion, less any monies withheld from the Contractor for liquidated damages pursuant to Section 4.3 of this Agreement, and any indemnity or other obligations of the Contractor owed or to become owing to the Owner pursuant to the Contract Documents.

6.3. Process Air Compressor Equipment Payments:

6.3.1. Payments due and owing to APG-Neuros for Preselected Process Air Compressor Equipment shall be as follows:

6.3.1.1. Ten percent (10%) of total price for Preselected Equipment upon the approval of the Engineer of all shop drawing submittals submitted through the Contractor.

6.3.1.2. Five percent (5%) of the total price for Preselected Equipment upon Acceptance of the Owner and Engineer of the Operation and Maintenance manuals.

6.3.1.3. Seventy percent (70%) of total price for Preselected Equipment upon the Contractor's delivery of equipment to the Project site specified in Section 44 42 19.06, Process Air Compressor System, and the acceptance of the Owner and Engineer of such equipment.

6.3.1.4. Five percent (5%) of total price for Preselected Equipment upon the Contractor's completion of installation to the satisfaction of the Engineer, O&M training, startup assistance and testing to the satisfaction of the Owner, and successful demonstration testing to the satisfaction of the Owner.

6.3.1.5. Ten percent (10%) of total price for Preselected Equipment upon completion of all services described in Section 44 42 19.06, Process Air Compressor System, including acceptance of the installation by the Owner.



6.4. Final Payment:

6.4.1. Upon Final Completion and acceptance of the Work in accordance with Paragraph 15.06 of the General Conditions, Owner will pay the remainder of the Contract Price as recommended by Engineer as provided in Paragraph 15.06.

#### 7. CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS

7.1. In order to induce Owner to enter into this Agreement, Contractor makes the following representations:

7.1.1. Contractor has examined and carefully studied the Contract Documents and the other related data identified in the Bidding Documents.

7.1.2. Contractor has visited the Site and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

7.1.3. Contractor is familiar with and is satisfied as to all federal, state, and local Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.

7.1.4. Contractor has considered the information known to Contractor; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Contract Documents; and Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Contract Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on 1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; 2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor, including any specific means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction expressly required by the Contract Documents; and 3) Contractor's safety precautions and programs.

7.1.5. Based on the information and observations referred to above, Contractor does not consider that any further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the performance of the Work at the Contract Price, within the Contract Times, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Contract Documents.

**7.1.6.** Contractor is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as specified or indicated in the Contract Documents.

7.1.7. Contractor has given Engineer written notice of conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Contractor has discovered in the Contract Documents, and the written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Contractor.

7.1.8. The Contract Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of terms and conditions for performance and furnishing of the Work.

7.1.9. Contractor's entry of this Agreement constitutes an incontrovertible representation by Contractor that without exception all prices in this Agreement are premised upon performing and furnishing the Work as specified or as indicated in the Contract Documents and as required by the Contract Documents.

#### 8. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- 8.1. Contents:
  - 8.1.1. The Contract Documents consist of the following:
    - 8.1.1.1. This Agreement (pages 1 to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).
    - 8.1.1.2. Performance bond (pages\_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).
    - 8.1.1.3. Payment bond (pages \_\_\_\_\_\_, inclusive).
    - 8.1.1.4. General Conditions (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).
    - 8.1.1.5 Supplemental Conditions (pages \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).
    - 8.1.1.6. Special Conditions (pages \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.1.7. Specifications as listed in the table of contents of the Project Manual; said specifications are incorporated into and made part of the Contract Documents as if fully set forth herein.

8.1.1.8. APG-Neuros High Efficiency Turbo Blower Proposal, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_, in the amount of \$1,356,343.00.

8.1.1.9. Drawings consisting of 96sheets as listed in the table of contents of the Project Manual with each sheet bearing the following general title: "Process Air Compressor System for Low Level Nitrogen Removal"; said drawings are incorporated into and made part of the Contract Documents as if fully set forth herein.

8.1.1.10. Addenda (numbers \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.2. Exhibits to this Agreement (enumerated as follows):

8.1.2.1. Contractor's Executed Bid Form (pages \_\_\_\_\_to\_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.2.2. Contractor's List of Subcontractors (pages \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.2.3. Contractor's DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate (page \_\_).

8.1.2.4. Connecticut DEEP Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2019-003) (pages \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.2.5. Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Subcontractor Verification Form (page \_\_\_\_).

8.1.3. The following which may be delivered or issued on or after the Effective Date of the Agreement and are not attached hereto:

8.1.3.1. Notice to Proceed (pages \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_, inclusive).

8.1.3.2. Work Change Directives.

8.1.3.3. Change Order(s).

8.2. There are no Contract Documents other than those listed above in this Article 8.

8.3. The Contract Documents may only be amended, modified, or supplemented as provided in Paragraph 11.01 of the General Conditions.

#### 9. MISCELLANEOUS

9.1. Terms used in this Agreement will have the meanings stated in the General Conditions, the Supplemental Conditions, and the Special Conditions.

9.2. Successors and Assigns: Owner and Contractor each binds itself, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party hereto, its partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives in respect to all covenants, agreements, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

9.3. Severability: Any provision or part of the Contract Documents held to be void or unenforceable under any Law or Regulation shall be deemed stricken, and remaining provisions shall continue to be valid and binding upon Owner and Contractor, who agree the Contract Documents shall be reformed to replace such stricken provision or part thereof with a valid and enforceable provision that comes as close as possible to expressing the intention of the stricken provision.

#### 9.4. Assignment:

9.4.1. The proposal from APG-Nueros for procurement of goods and special services for Process Air Compressors will be assigned to Contractor upon execution of this Agreement, and Contractor shall accept such assignment and shall enter into an agreement with APG-Nueros in accordance with such proposal for the procurement of goods and special services as more specifically described in such proposal which is incorporated into and made a part of the Contract Documents under Section 8.1.1.8 of this Agreement.

9.4.2. Unless expressly agreed to elsewhere in the Contract Documents, no assignment by a party hereto of any rights under or interests in the Contract will be binding on another party hereto without the written consent of the party sought to be bound; and, specifically but without limitation, money that may become due and money that is due may not be assigned without such consent (except to the extent that the effect of this restriction may be limited by law), and unless specifically stated to the contrary in any written consent to an assignment, no assignment will release or discharge the assignor from any duty or responsibility under the Contract.

9.5. Contractor's Certifications:

9.5.1. Contractor certifies that it has not engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, or coercive practices in competing for or in executing the Contract. For the purposes of this paragraph:

9.5.1.1. "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value likely to influence the action of a public official in the bidding process or in the execution of this Agreement;

9.5.1.2. "fraudulent practice" means an intentional misrepresentation of facts made (a) to influence the bidding process or the execution of this Agreement to the detriment of Owner, (b) to establish Bid or Contract Price at artificial noncompetitive levels, or (c) to deprive Owner of the benefits of free and open competition;

9.5.1.3. "collusive practice" means a scheme or arrangement between two or more Bidders, with or without the knowledge of Owner, a purpose of which is to establish Bid prices at artificial, noncompetitive levels; and

9.5.1.4. "coercive practice" means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in the bidding process or affect the execution of this Agreement.

## [END OF SECTION. SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Owner and Contractor have signed this Agreement in triplicate. One counterpart each has been delivered to Owner, Contractor, and Engineer. All portions of the Contract Documents have been signed or identified by Owner and Contractor or on their behalf.

This Agreement will be effective on 20,	(which is the Effective Date of the
Agreement).	
OWNER:	CONTRACTOR:
By:	By:
	Title:
Title:	Title:
[CORPORATE SEAL]	[CORPORATE SEAL]
Attest:	Attest:
Title:	Title:
Address for giving notices:	Address for giving notices:
(If Owner is a corporation, attach evidence of	License No.:(Where applicable)
authority to sign. If Owner is a public body,	(where applicable)
attach evidence of authority to sign and	Agent for service or process:
resolution or other documents authorizing	
execution of this Agreement.)	
	(If Contractor is a corporation, a partnership,
$\langle \rangle \langle \rangle$	or a joint venture, attach evidence of authority to sign.)
END OF AC	GREEMENT
$\mathbf{V}$	

#### PERFORMANCE BOND FORM

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner, or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

#### CONTRACTOR

(Name and Address):

SURETY (Name and Address of Principal Place of Business):

OWNER (Name and Address):

CONTRACT

Date: Amount: Description (Name and Location):

#### BOND

Bond Number: Date (Not earlier than Contract Date): Amount: Modifications to this Bond Form:

Surety and Contractor, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject to the terms printed on the reverse side hereof, do each cause this Performance Bond to be duly executed on its behalf by its authorized officer, agent, or representative.

#### CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL

CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL

SURETY

Company:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Name and Title (Seal)

Surety's Name and Corporate Seal

By: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature and Title

(Attach Power of Attorney)

(Space is provided below for signatures of additional parties, if required.)

Attest: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature and Title

SURETY

Company:

Signature:

(Seal)

(Seal)

(Seal)

Surety's Name and Corporate Seal

By: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature and Title

(Attach Power of Attorney)

Attest: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature and Title 1. Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to Owner for the performance of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.

2. If Contractor performs the Contract, Surety and Contractor have no obligation under this Bond, except to participate in conferences as provided in Paragraph 3.1.

3. If there is no Owner Default, Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after:

3.1. Owner has notified Contractor and Surety, at the addresses described in Paragraph 10 below, that Owner is considering declaring a Contractor Default and has requested and attempted to arrange a conference with Contractor and Surety to be held not later than 15 days after receipt of such notice to discuss methods of performing the Contract. If Owner, Contractor and Surety agree, Contractor shall be allowed a reasonable time to perform the Contract, but such an agreement shall not waive Owner's right, if any, subsequently to declare a Contractor Default; and

3.2. Owner has declared a Contractor Default and formally terminated Contractor's right to complete the Contract. Such Contractor Default shall not be declared earlier than 20 days after Contractor and Surety have received notice as provided in Paragraph 3.1; and

3.3. Owner has agreed to pay the Balance of the Contract Price to:

1. Surety in accordance with the terms of the Contract;

2. Another contractor selected pursuant to Paragraph 4.3 to perform the Contract.

4. When Owner has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 3, Surety shall promptly and at Surety's expense take one of the following actions:

4.1. Arrange for Contractor, with consent of Owner, to perform and complete the Contract; or

4.2. Undertake to perform and complete the Contract itself, through its agents or through independent contractors; or

4.3. Obtain bids or negotiated proposals from qualified contractors acceptable to Owner for a contract for performance and completion of the Contract, arrange for a contract to be prepared for execution by Owner and Contractor selected with Owner's concurrence, to be secured with performance and payment bonds executed by a qualified surety equivalent to the bonds issued on the Contract, and pay to Owner the amount of damages as described in Paragraph 6 in excess of the Balance of the Contract Price incurred by Owner resulting from Contractor Default; or

4.4. Waive its right to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor and with reasonable promptness under the circumstances:

1. After investigation, determine the amount for which it may be liable to Owner and, as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, tender payment therefor to Owner; or

2. Deny liability in whole or in part and notify Owner citing reasons therefor.

5. If Surety does not proceed as provided in Paragraph 4 with reasonable promptness, Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond 15 days after receipt of an additional written notice from Owner to Surety demanding that Surety perform its obligations under this Bond, and Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to Owner. If Surety proceeds as provided in Paragraph 4.4, and Owner refuses the payment tendered or Surety has denied liability, in whole or in part, without further notice Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to Owner.

6. After Owner has terminated Contractor's right to complete the Contract, and if Surety elects to act under Paragraph 4.1, 4.2, or 4.3 above, then the responsibilities of Surety to Owner shall not be greater than those of Contractor under the Contract, and the responsibilities of Owner to Surety shall not be greater than those of Owner under the Contract. To a limit of the amount of this Bond, but subject to commitment by Owner of the Balance of the Contract Price to mitigation of costs and damages on the Contract, Surety is obligated without duplication for:

6.1. The responsibilities of Contractor for correction of defective Work and completion of the Contract;

6.2. Additional legal, design professional, and delay costs resulting from Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of Surety under Paragraph 4; and

6.3. Liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of Contractor.

7. Surety shall not be liable to Owner or others for obligations of Contractor that are unrelated to the Contract, and the Balance of the Contract Price shall not be reduced or set off on account of any such unrelated obligations. No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to any person or entity other than Owner or its heirs, executors, administrators, or successors.

8. Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders, and other obligations.

9. Any proceeding, legal or equitable, under this Bond may be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the Work or part of the Work is located and shall be instituted within two years after Contractor Default or within two years after Contractor ceased working or within two years after Surety refuses or fails to perform its obligations under this Bond, whichever occurs first. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.

10. Notice to Surety, Owner, or Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the signature page.

11. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory requirement in the location where the Contract was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory requirement shall be deemed deleted here from and provisions conforming to such statutory requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. The intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

12. Definitions.

12.1. Balance of the Contract Price: The total amount payable by Owner to Contractor under the Contract after all proper adjustments have been made, including allowance to Contractor of any amounts received or to be received by Owner in settlement of insurance or other Claims for damages to which Contractor is entitled, reduced by all valid and proper payments made to or on behalf of Contractor under the Contract.

12.2. Contract: The agreement between Owner and Contractor identified on the signature page, including all Contract Documents and changes thereto.

12.3. Contractor Default: Failure of Contractor, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to perform or otherwise to comply with the terms of the Contract.

12.4. Owner Default: Failure of Owner, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to pay Contractor as required by the Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other terms thereof.

FOR INFORMATION ONLY – Name, Address and Telephone Surety Agency or Broker Owner's Representative (engineer or other party)

### **END OF SECTION**

#### PAYMENT BOND FORM

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner, or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

#### CONTRACTOR

(Name and Address):

SURETY (Name and Address of Principal Place of Business):

OWNER (Name and Address):

CONTRACT

Date: Amount: Description (Name and Location):

#### BOND

Bond Number: Date (Not earlier than Contract Date): Amount: Modifications to this Bond Form:

Surety and Contractor, intending to be legally bound hereby, subject to the terms printed on the reverse side hereof, do each cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed on its behalf by its authorized officer, agent, or representative.

eal)

#### CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL

SURETY

Company:

Surety's Name and Corporate Seal

(Seal)

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature and Title

(Attach Power of Attorney)

(Space is provided below for signatures of additional parties, if required.)

Attest: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Signature and Title

Signature:(Seal)(Seal)	CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL		SURETY	
Name and Title Surety's Name and Corporate Seal By: Signature and Title (Attach Power of Attorney) Attest: Signature and Title OPPORT	Company:			
Name and Title Surety's Name and Corporate Seal By: Signature and Title (Attach Power of Attorney) Attest: Signature and Title OPPORT	Signature:	(Seal)		(Seal)
(Attach Power of Attorney) Attest:	Name and Title		Surety's Name and Corporate Seal	
(Attach Power of Attorney) Attest:			By:	
Attest:Signature and Title			Signature and Title	
Signature and Title			(Attach Power of Attorney)	C
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OR FOR BIDDING PURPOSI			Signature and Title	
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OR HOR BIDDING PURK				
OR FOR BIDDING PURY				
OR FOR BIDDING PUT				
OR FOR BIDDING PU				
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ACTION BILL				
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PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 1. Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to Owner to pay for labor, materials, and equipment furnished by Claimants for use in the performance of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.

2. With respect to Owner, this obligation shall be null and void if Contractor:

2.1. Promptly makes payment, directly or indirectly, for all sums due Claimants, and

2.2. Defends, indemnifies, and holds harmless Owner from all claims, demands, liens, or suits alleging non-payment by Contractor by any person or entity who furnished labor, materials, or equipment for use in the performance of the Contract, provided Owner has promptly notified Contractor and Surety (at the addresses described in Paragraph 12) of any claims, demands, liens, or suits and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens, or suits to Contractor and Surety, and provided there is no Owner Default.

3. With respect to Claimants, this obligation shall be null and void if Contractor promptly makes payment, directly or indirectly, for all sums due.

4. Surety shall have no obligation to Claimants under this Bond until:

4.1. Claimants who are employed by or have a direct contract with Contractor have given notice to Surety (at the addresses described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim.

4.2. Claimants who do not have a direct contract with Contractor:

1. Have furnished written notice to Contractor and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to Owner, within 90 days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the claim stating, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim and the name of the party to whom the materials or equipment were furnished or supplied, or for whom the labor was done or performed; and

2. Have either received a rejection in whole or in part from Contractor, or not

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 received within 30 days of furnishing the above notice any communication from Contractor by which Contractor had indicated the claim will be paid directly or indirectly; and

3. Not having been paid within the above 30 days, have sent a written notice to Surety and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice furnished to Contractor.

5. If a notice by a Claimant required by Paragraph 4 is provided by Owner to Contractor or to Surety, that is sufficient compliance.

6. Reserved.

7. Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by Surety.

8. Amounts owed by Owner to Contractor under the Contract shall be used for the performance of the Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any performance bond. By Contractor furnishing and Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by Contractor in the performance of the Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of Contractor and Surety under this Bond, subject to Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the Work.

9. Surety shall not be liable to Owner, Claimants, or others for obligations of Contractor that are unrelated to the Contract. Owner shall not be liable for payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligations to make payments to, give notices on behalf of, or otherwise have obligations to Claimants under this Bond.

10. Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Contract or to related Subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.

11. No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the Work or part of the Work is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant gave the notice required by Paragraph 4.1 or Paragraph 4.2.3, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.

12. Notice to Surety, Owner, or Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the addresses shown on the signature page. Actual receipt of notice by Surety, Owner, or Contractor, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received at the address shown on the signature page.

13. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory requirement in the location where the Contract was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory requirement shall be deemed deleted here from and provisions conforming to such statutory requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. The intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory Bond and not as a common law bond. 14. Upon request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.

#### 15. Definitions:

15.1. Claimant: An individual or entity having a direct contract with Contractor, or with a first-tier subcontractor of Contractor, to furnish labor, materials, or equipment for use in the performance of the Contract. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms "labor, materials or equipment" that part of water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service, or rental equipment used in the Contract, architectural and engineering services required for performance of the Work of Contractor and Contractor's Subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials, or equipment were furnished.

15.2. Contract: The agreement between Owner and Contractor identified on the signature page, including all Contract Documents and changes thereto.

15.3. Owner Default: Failure of Owner, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to pay Contractor as required by the Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other terms thereof.

FOR INFORMATION ONLY – Name, Address and Telephone Surety Agency or Broker: Owner's Representative (engineer or other party):



#### **END OF SECTION**

PAYMENT BOND FORM 00 61 13.16 - 4

## STANDARD GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Prepared by





Issued and Published Jointly by



American Council of Engineering Companies





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FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

#### **ARTICLE 1 – DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY**

#### 1.01 Defined Terms

- A. Wherever used in the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents, a term printed with initial capital letters, including the term's singular and plural forms, will have the meaning indicated in the definitions below. In addition to terms specifically defined, terms with initial capital letters in the Contract Documents include references to identified articles and paragraphs, and the titles of other documents or forms.
  - 1. *Addenda*—Written or graphic instruments issued prior to the opening of Bids which clarify, correct, or change the Bidding Requirements or the proposed Contract Documents.
  - 2. Agreement—The written instrument, executed by Owner and Contractor, that sets forth the Contract Price and Contract Times, identifies the parties and the Engineer, and designates the specific items that are Contract Documents.
  - 3. Application for Payment—The form acceptable to Engineer which is to be used by Contractor during the course of the Work in requesting progress or final payments and which is to be accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents.
  - 4. *Bid*—The offer of a Bidder submitted on the prescribed form setting forth the prices for the Work to be performed.
  - 5. *Bidder*—An individual or entity that submits a Bid to Owner.
    - *Bidding Documents*—The Bidding Requirements, the proposed Contract Documents, and all Addenda.
    - Bidding Requirements—The advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, Bid Bond or other Bid security, if any, the Bid Form, and the Bid with any attachments.

8. Change Order—A document which is signed by Contractor and Owner and authorizes an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work or an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or other revision to the Contract, issued

on or after the Effective Date of the Contract.

- 9. *Change Proposal*—A written request by duly Contractor, submitted in procedural compliance with the requirements set forth herein, seeking an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both; contesting an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or the acceptability of Work under the Contract Documents; challenging a setoff against payments due; or seeking other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract.
- 10. Claim—(a) A demand or assertion by Owner directly to Contractor, duly submitted in compliance with the procedural requirements set forth herein: seeking an adjustment of Contract Price or Contract Times, or both; contesting an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or the acceptability of Work under the Contract Documents; contesting Engineer's decision regarding a Change Proposal; seeking resolution of a contractual issue that Engineer has declined to address; or seeking other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract; or (b) a demand or assertion by Contractor directly to Owner, duly submitted in compliance with the procedural requirements set forth herein, contesting Engineer's decision regarding a Change Proposal; or seeking resolution of a contractual issue that Engineer has declined to address. A demand for money or services by a third party is not a Claim.
- 11. Constituent of Concern-Asbestos, petroleum, radioactive materials. polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), hazardous waste, and any substance, product, waste, or other material of any nature whatsoever that is or becomes listed, regulated, or addressed pursuant to (a) the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. §§9601 et seq. ("CERCLA"); (b) the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. §§5501 et seq.; (c) the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. §§6901 et seq. ("RCRA"); (d) the Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C.

§§2601 et seq.; (e) the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; (f) the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.; or (g) any other federal, state, or local statute, law, rule, regulation, ordinance, resolution, code, order, or decree regulating, relating to, or imposing liability or standards of conduct concerning, any hazardous, toxic, or dangerous waste, substance, or material.

- 12. *Contract*—The entire and integrated written contract between the Owner and Contractor concerning the Work.
- 13. *Contract Documents*—Those items so designated in the Agreement, and which together comprise the Contract.
- 14. *Contract Price*—The money that Owner has agreed to pay Contractor for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. .
- 15. *Contract Times*—The number of days or the dates by which Contractor shall: (a) achieve Milestones, if any; (b) achieve Substantial Completion; and (c) complete the Work.
- 16. *Contractor*—The individual or entity with which Owner has contracted for performance of the Work.
- 17. *Cost of the Work*—See Paragraph 13.01 for definition.
- 18. *Drawings*—The part of the Contract that graphically shows the scope, extent, and character of the Work to be performed by Contractor.
- 19. *Effective Date of the Contract*—The date, indicated in the Agreement, on which the Contract becomes effective.
- 20. *Engineer*—The individual or entity named as such in the Agreement.
- 21. *Field Order*—A written order issued by Engineer which requires minor changes in the Work but does not change the Contract Price or the Contract Times.
- 22. *Hazardous Environmental Condition* The presence at the Site of Constituents of Concern in such quantities or circumstances that may present a danger to persons or property exposed thereto. The presence at the Site of materials that are necessary for the execution of the Work, or that are to be incorporated in the Work, and that are controlled and

contained pursuant to industry practices, Laws and Regulations, and the requirements of the Contract, does not establish a Hazardous Environmental Condition.

- 23. Laws and Regulations; Laws or Regulations—Any and all applicable laws, statutes, rules, regulations, ordinances, codes, and orders of any and all governmental bodies, agencies, authorities, and courts having jurisdiction.
- 24. *Liens*—Charges, security interests, or encumbrances upon Contract-related funds, real property, or personal property.
- 25. *Milestone*—A principal event in the performance of the Work that the Contract requires Contractor to achieve by an intermediate completion date or by a time prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work.
- 26. *Notice of Award*—The written notice by Owner to a Bidder of Owner's acceptance of the Bid.
  - *Notice to Proceed*—A written notice by Owner to Contractor fixing the date on which the Contract Times will commence to run and on which Contractor shall start to perform the Work.
- 28. *Owner*—The individual or entity with which Contractor has contracted regarding the Work, and which has agreed to pay Contractor for the performance of the Work, pursuant to the terms of the Contract.
- 29. *Progress Schedule*—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, describing the sequence and duration of the activities comprising the Contractor's plan to accomplish the Work within the Contract Times.
- 30. *Project*—The total undertaking to be accomplished for Owner by engineers, contractors, and others, including planning, study, design, construction, testing, commissioning, and start-up, and of which the Work to be performed under the Contract Documents is a part.
- 31. *Project Manual*—The written documents prepared for, or made available for, procuring and constructing

the Work, including but not limited to the Bidding Documents or other construction procurement documents, geotechnical and existing conditions information, the Agreement, bond forms, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Specifications. The contents of the Project Manual may be bound in one or more volumes.

- 32. Resident Project Representative—The authorized representative of Engineer assigned to assist Engineer at the Site. As used herein, the term Resident Project Representative or "RPR" includes any assistants or field staff of Resident Project Representative.
- 33. *Samples*—Physical examples of materials, equipment, or workmanship that are representative of some portion of the Work and that establish the standards by which such portion of the Work will be judged.
- 34. Schedule of Submittals—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, of required submittals and the time requirements for Engineer's review of the submittals and the performance of related construction activities.
- 35. Schedule of Values—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, allocating portions of the Contract Price to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- 36. Shop Drawings—All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules, and other data or information that are specifically prepared or assembled by or for Contractor and submitted by Contractor to illustrate some portion of the Work. Shop Drawings, whether approved or not, are not Drawings and are not Contract Documents.
- 37. Site—Lands or areas indicated in the Contract Documents as being furnished by Owner upon which the Work is to be performed, including rights-of-way and easements, and such other lands furnished by Owner which are designated for the use of Contractor.
- 38. *Specifications*—The part of the Contract that consists of written requirements for materials, equipment, systems,

standards, and workmanship as applied to the Work, and certain administrative requirements and procedural matters applicable to the Work.

- 39. *Subcontractor*—An individual or entity having a direct contract with Contractor or with any other Subcontractor for the performance of a part of the Work.
- 40. Substantial Completion—The time at which the Work (or a specified part thereof) has progressed to the point where, in the opinion of Engineer, the Work (or a specified part thereof) is sufficiently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, so that the Work (or a specified part thereof) can be utilized for the purposes for which it is intended. The terms "substantially complete" and "substantially completed" as applied to all or part of the Work refer to Substantial Completion thereof.
- 41. *Successful Bidder*—The Bidder whose Bid the Owner accepts, and to which the Owner makes an award of contract, subject to stated conditions.
- 42. *Supplementary Conditions*—The part of the Contract that amends or supplements these General Conditions.
- 43. *Supplier*—A manufacturer, fabricator, supplier, distributor, materialman, or vendor having a direct contract with Contractor or with any Subcontractor to furnish materials or equipment to be incorporated in the Work by Contractor or a Subcontractor.
- 44. *Technical Data*—Those items expressly identified as Technical Data in the Supplementary Conditions, with respect to either (a) subsurface conditions at the Site, or physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground or (b) Hazardous Facilities) Environmental Conditions at the Site. If no such express identifications of Technical Data have been made with respect to conditions at the Site, then the data contained in boring logs, recorded measurements of subsurface water levels, laboratory test results, and other factual, objective information regarding conditions at the Site that are set forth in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made

available to Contractor are hereby defined as Technical Data with respect to conditions at the Site under Paragraphs 5.03, 5.04, and 5.06.

- 45. Underground Facilities—All underground pipelines, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, manholes, vaults, tanks, tunnels, or other such facilities or attachments, and any encasements containing such facilities, including but not limited to those that convey electricity, gases, steam, liquid petroleum products, telephone or other communications, fiber optic transmissions, cable television, water, wastewater, storm water, other liquids or chemicals, or traffic or other control systems.
- 46. *Unit Price Work*—Work to be paid for on the basis of unit prices.
- 47. *Work*—The entire construction or the various separately identifiable parts thereof required to be provided under the Contract Documents. Work includes and is the result of performing or providing all labor, services, and documentation necessary to produce such construction; furnishing, installing, and incorporating all materials and equipment into such construction; and may include related services such as testing, start-up, and commissioning, all as required by the Contract Documents.
- 48. Work Change Directive—A written directive to Contractor issued on or after the Effective Date of the Contract, signed by Owner and recommended by Engineer, ordering an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work.

### 1.02 Terminology

The words and terms discussed in the following paragraphs are not defined but, when used in the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents, have the indicated meaning.

- B. Intent of Certain Terms or Adjectives:
  - 1. The Contract Documents include the terms "as allowed," "as approved," "as ordered," "as directed" or terms of like effect or import to authorize an exercise of professional judgment by Engineer. In addition, the adjectives "reasonable," "suitable," "acceptable," "proper," "satisfactory," or adjectives of like effect

or import are used to describe an action or determination of Engineer as to the Work. It is intended that such exercise of professional judgment, action, or determination will be solely to evaluate, in general, the Work for compliance with the information in the Contract Documents and with the design concept of the Project as a functioning whole as shown or indicated in the Contract Documents (unless there is a specific statement indicating otherwise). The use of any such term or adjective is not intended to and shall not be effective to assign to Engineer any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the Work, or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility contrary to the provisions of Article 10 or any other provision of the Contract Documents.

Day:

The word "day" means a calendar day of 24 hours measured from midnight to the next midnight.

D. Defective:

1.

The word "defective," when modifying the word "Work," refers to Work that is unsatisfactory, faulty, or deficient in that it:

- a. does not conform to the Contract Documents; or
- b. does not meet the requirements of any applicable inspection, reference standard, test, or approval referred to in the Contract Documents; or
- c. has been damaged prior to Engineer's recommendation of final payment (unless responsibility for the protection thereof has been assumed by Owner at Substantial Completion in accordance with Paragraph 15.03 or 15.04).

### E. Furnish, Install, Perform, Provide:

1. The word "furnish," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to supply and deliver said services, materials, or equipment to the Site (or some other specified location) ready for use or installation and in usable or operable condition.

- 2. The word "install," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to put into use or place in final position said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- 3. The words "perform" or "provide," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to furnish and install said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- 4. If the Contract Documents establish an obligation of Contractor with respect to specific services, materials, or equipment, but do not expressly use any of the four words "furnish," "install," "perform," or "provide," then Contractor shall furnish and install said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- F. Unless stated otherwise in the Contract Documents, words or phrases that have a wellknown technical or construction industry or trade meaning are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meaning.

### ARTICLE 2 – PRELIMINARY MATTERS

- 2.01 Delivery of Bonds and Evidence of Insurance
  - A. *Bonds*: When Contractor delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner, Contractor shall also deliver to Owner such bonds as Contractor may be required to furnish.
  - B. *Evidence of Contractor's Insurance*: When Contractor delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner, Contractor shall also deliver to Owner, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or elsewhere in the Contract), the certificates and other evidence of insurance required to be provided by Contractor in accordance with Article 6.
    - Evidence of Owner's Insurance: After receipt of the executed counterparts of the Agreement and all required bonds and insurance documentation, Owner shall promptly deliver to Contractor, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or otherwise), the certificates and other evidence of

insurance required to be provided by Owner under Article 6.

## 2.02 *Copies of Documents*

- A. Owner shall furnish to Contractor four printed copies of the Contract (including one fully executed counterpart of the Agreement), and one copy in electronic portable document format (PDF). Additional printed copies will be furnished upon request at the cost of reproduction.
- Owner shall maintain and safeguard at least B. one original printed record version of the Drawings including Contract, and Specifications signed and sealed by Engineer and other design professionals. Owner shall make such original printed record version of the Contract available to Contractor for review. Owner may delegate the responsibilities under this provision to Engineer.

2.03 Before Starting Construction

- A. *Preliminary Schedules*: Within 10 days after the Effective Date of the Contract (or as otherwise specifically required by the Contract Documents), Contractor shall submit to Engineer for timely review:
  - 1. a preliminary Progress Schedule indicating the times (numbers of days or dates) for starting and completing the various stages of the Work, including any Milestones specified in the Contract;
  - 2. a preliminary Schedule of Submittals; and
  - 3. a preliminary Schedule of Values for all of the Work which includes quantities and prices of items which when added together equal the Contract Price and subdivides the Work into component parts in sufficient detail to serve as the basis for progress payments during performance of the Work. Such prices will include an appropriate amount of overhead and profit applicable to each item of Work.
- 2.04 Preconstruction Conference; Designation of Authorized Representatives
  - A. Before any Work at the Site is started, a conference attended by Owner, Contractor, Engineer, and others as appropriate will be held to establish a working understanding among the parties as to the Work and to discuss the schedules referred to in Paragraph

2.03.A, procedures for handling Shop Drawings, Samples, and other submittals, processing Applications for Payment, electronic or digital transmittals, and maintaining required records.

B. At this conference Owner and Contractor each shall designate, in writing, a specific individual to act as its authorized representative with respect to the services and responsibilities under the Contract. Such individuals shall have the authority to transmit and receive information, render decisions relative to the Contract, and otherwise act on behalf of each respective party.

#### 2.05 Initial Acceptance of Schedules

- A. At least 10 days before submission of the first Application for Payment a conference, attended by Contractor, Engineer, and others as appropriate, will be held to review for acceptability to Engineer as provided below the schedules submitted in accordance with Paragraph 2.03.A. Contractor shall have an additional 10 days to make corrections and adjustments and to complete and resubmit the schedules. No progress payment shall be made to Contractor until acceptable schedules are submitted to Engineer.
  - 1. The Progress Schedule will be acceptable to Engineer if it provides an orderly progression of the Work to completion within the Contract Times. Such acceptance will not impose on Engineer responsibility for the Progress Schedule, for sequencing, scheduling, or progress of the Work, nor interfere with or relieve Contractor from Contractor's full responsibility therefor.
  - 2. Contractor's Schedule of Submittals will be acceptable to Engineer if it provides a workable arrangement for reviewing and processing the required submittals.
    - Contractor's Schedule of Values will be acceptable to Engineer as to form and substance if it provides a reasonable allocation of the Contract Price to the component parts of the Work.

### 2.06 Electronic Transmittals

A. Except as otherwise stated elsewhere in the Contract, the Owner, Engineer, and Contractor may transmit, and shall accept, Project-related correspondence, text, data, documents, drawings, information, and graphics, including but not limited to Shop Drawings and other submittals, in electronic media or digital format, either directly, or through access to a secure Project website.

- B. If the Contract does not establish protocols for electronic or digital transmittals, then Owner, Engineer, and Contractor shall jointly develop such protocols.
- C. When transmitting items in electronic media or digital format, the transmitting party makes no representations as to long term compatibility, usability, or readability of the items resulting from the recipient's use of software application packages, operating systems, or computer hardware differing from those used in the drafting or transmittal of the items, or from those established in applicable transmittal protocols.

### ARTICLE 3 – DOCUMENTS: INTENT, REQUIREMENTS, REUSE

3.01 Intent

A. The Contract Documents are complementary; what is required by one is as binding as if required by all.

- B. It is the intent of the Contract Documents to describe a functionally complete project (or part thereof) to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, if there is a discrepancy between the electronic or digital versions of the Contract Documents (including any printed copies derived from such electronic or digital versions) and the printed record version, the printed record version shall govern.
- D. The Contract supersedes prior negotiations, representations, and agreements, whether written or oral.
- E. Engineer will issue clarifications and interpretations of the Contract Documents as provided herein.
- 3.02 *Reference Standards* 
  - A. Standards Specifications, Codes, Laws and Regulations
    - 1. Reference in the Contract Documents to standard specifications, manuals, reference standards, or codes of any technical society, organization, or association, or to Laws or Regulations, whether such reference be specific or by implication, shall mean the standard specification, manual, reference

standard, code, or Laws or Regulations in effect at the time of opening of Bids (or on the Effective Date of the Contract if there were no Bids), except as may be otherwise specifically stated in the Contract Documents.

No provision of any such standard 2. specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or any instruction of a Supplier, shall be effective to change the duties or responsibilities of Owner, Contractor, or Engineer, or any of their subcontractors, consultants, agents, or employees, from those set forth in the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer. No such provision or instruction shall be effective to assign to Owner, Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the Work or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility inconsistent with the provisions of the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer.

### 3.03 *Reporting and Resolving Discrepancies*

A. Reporting Discrepancies:

2

- Contractor's Verification of Figures and 1. Field Measurements: Before undertaking each part of the Work, Contractor shall carefully study the Contract Documents, and check and verify pertinent figures and dimensions therein, particularly with respect to applicable field measurements. Contractor shall promptly report in writing to Engineer any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy that Contractor discovers, or has actual knowledge of, and shall not proceed with any Work affected thereby until the conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy is resolved, by a clarification or interpretation by Engineer, or by an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents issued pursuant to Paragraph 11.01.
  - *Contractor's Review of Contract Documents*: If, before or during the performance of the Work, Contractor discovers any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy within the Contract Documents, or between the Contract

Documents and (a) any applicable Law Regulation, (b) actual or field conditions, (c) any standard specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or (d) any instruction of any Supplier, then Contractor shall promptly report it to Engineer in writing. Contractor shall not proceed with the Work affected thereby (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15) until the conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy is resolved, by a clarification or interpretation by Engineer, or by an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents issued pursuant to Paragraph 11.01.

- 3. Contractor shall not be liable to Owner or Engineer for failure to report any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy in the Contract Documents unless Contractor had actual knowledge thereof.
- Resolving Discrepancies:

1.

- Except as may be otherwise specifically stated in the Contract Documents, the provisions of the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer shall take precedence in resolving any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy between such provisions of the Contract Documents and:
  - a. the provisions of any standard specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or the instruction of any Supplier (whether or not specifically incorporated by reference as a Contract Document); or
  - the provisions of any Laws or b. Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work (unless such an interpretation of the provisions of the Contract Documents would result in violation of such Law or Regulation).
- 3.04 *Requirements of the Contract Documents* 
  - A. During the performance of the Work and until final payment, Contractor and Owner shall submit to the Engineer all matters in question concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents (sometimes referred to as requests for information or interpretation—RFIs), or relating to the acceptability of the Work under

the Contract Documents, as soon as possible after such matters arise. Engineer will be the initial interpreter of the requirements of the Contract Documents, and judge of the acceptability of the Work thereunder.

- B. Engineer will, with reasonable promptness, render a written clarification, interpretation, or decision on the issue submitted, or initiate an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents. Engineer's written clarification, interpretation, or decision will be final and binding on Contractor, unless it appeals by submitting a Change Proposal, and on Owner, unless it appeals by filing a Claim.
- C. If a submitted matter in question concerns terms and conditions of the Contract Documents that do not involve (1) the performance or acceptability of the Work under the Contract Documents, (2) the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or (3) other engineering or technical matters, then Engineer will promptly give written notice to Owner and Contractor that Engineer is unable to provide a decision or interpretation. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on resolution of such a matter in question, either party may pursue resolution as provided in Article 12.

#### 3.05 *Reuse of Documents*

- A. Contractor and its Subcontractors and Suppliers shall not:
  - 1. have or acquire any title to or ownership rights in any of the Drawings, Specifications, or other documents (or copies of any thereof) prepared by or bearing the seal of Engineer or its consultants, including electronic media editions, or reuse any such Drawings, Specifications, other documents, or copies thereof on extensions of the Project or any other project without written consent of Owner and Engineer and specific written verification or adaptation by Engineer; or

2. have or acquire any title or ownership rights in any other Contract Documents, reuse any such Contract Documents for any purpose without Owner's express written consent, or violate any copyrights pertaining to such Contract Documents.

B. The prohibitions of this Paragraph 3.05 will survive final payment, or termination of the Contract. Nothing herein shall preclude Contractor from retaining copies of the Contract Documents for record purposes.

#### ARTICLE 4 – COMMENCEMENT AND PROGRESS OF THE WORK

- 4.01 Commencement of Contract Times; Notice to Proceed
  - A. The Contract Times will commence to run on the thirtieth day after the Effective Date of the Contract or, if a Notice to Proceed is given, on the day indicated in the Notice to Proceed. A Notice to Proceed may be given at any time within 30 days after the Effective Date of the Contract. In no event will the Contract Times commence to run later than the sixtieth day after the day of Bid opening or the thirtieth day after the Effective Date of the Contract, whichever date is earlier.

### 4.02 Starting the Work

A.

Contractor shall start to perform the Work on the date when the Contract Times commence to run. No Work shall be done at the Site prior to such date.

### 4.03 Reference Points

- Α. Owner shall provide engineering surveys to establish reference points for construction which in Engineer's judgment are necessary to enable Contractor to proceed with the Work. Contractor shall be responsible for laying out the Work, shall protect and preserve the established reference points and property monuments, and shall make no changes or relocations without the prior written approval of Owner. Contractor shall report to Engineer whenever any reference point or property monument is lost or destroyed or requires relocation because of necessary changes in grades or locations, and shall be responsible for the accurate replacement or relocation of such reference points or property monuments by professionally qualified personnel.
- 4.04 *Progress Schedule* 
  - A. Contractor shall adhere to the Progress Schedule established in accordance with Paragraph 2.05 as it may be adjusted from time to time as provided below.
    - 1. Contractor shall submit to Engineer for acceptance (to the extent indicated in Paragraph 2.05) proposed adjustments in the Progress Schedule that will not result in changing the Contract Times.

- 2. Proposed adjustments in the Progress Schedule that will change the Contract Times shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements of Article 11.
- B. Contractor shall carry on the Work and adhere to the Progress Schedule during all disputes or disagreements with Owner. No Work shall be delayed or postponed pending resolution of any disputes or disagreements, or during any appeal process, except as permitted by Paragraph 16.04, or as Owner and Contractor may otherwise agree in writing.

### 4.05 Delays in Contractor's Progress

- A. If Owner, Engineer, or anyone for whom Owner is responsible, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the performance or progress of the Work, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Times and Contract Price. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.
- B. Contractor shall not be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times for delay, disruption, or interference caused by or within the control of Contractor. Delay, disruption, and interference attributable to and within the control of a Subcontractor or Supplier shall be deemed to be within the control of Contractor.
- C. If Contractor's performance or progress is delayed, disrupted, or interfered with by unanticipated causes not the fault of and beyond the control of Owner, Contractor, and those for which they are responsible, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in Contract Times. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times. Such an adjustment shall be Contractor's sole and exclusive remedy for the delays, disruption, and interference described in this paragraph. Causes of delay, disruption, or interference that may give rise to an adjustment in Contract Times under this paragraph include but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. severe and unavoidable natural catastrophes such as fires, floods, epidemics, and earthquakes;
  - 2. abnormal weather conditions;

- 3. acts or failures to act of utility owners (other than those performing other work at or adjacent to the Site by arrangement with the Owner, as contemplated in Article 8); and
- 4. acts of war or terrorism.
- D. Delays, disruption, and interference to the performance or progress of the Work resulting from the existence of a differing subsurface or physical condition, an Underground Facility that was not shown or indicated by the Contract Documents, or not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, and those resulting from Hazardous Environmental Conditions, are governed by Article 5.
- E. Paragraph 8.03 governs delays, disruption, and interference to the performance or progress of the Work resulting from the performance of certain other work at or adjacent to the Site.
  - . Contractor shall not be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times for any delay, disruption, or interference if such delay is concurrent with a delay, disruption, or interference caused by or within the control of Contractor.
- G. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times under this paragraph within 30 days of the commencement of the delaying, disrupting, or interfering event.

#### ARTICLE 5 – AVAILABILITY OF LANDS; SUBSURFACE AND PHYSICAL CONDITIONS; HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- 5.01 Availability of Lands
  - A. Owner shall furnish the Site. Owner shall notify Contractor of any encumbrances or restrictions not of general application but specifically related to use of the Site with which Contractor must comply in performing the Work.
  - B. Upon reasonable written request, Owner shall furnish Contractor with a current statement of record legal title and legal description of the lands upon which permanent improvements are to be made and Owner's interest therein as necessary for giving notice of or filing a mechanic's or construction lien against such lands in accordance with applicable Laws and Regulations.

- C. Contractor shall provide for all additional lands and access thereto that may be required for temporary construction facilities or storage of materials and equipment.
- 5.02 Use of Site and Other Areas
  - A. Limitation on Use of Site and Other Areas:
    - 1. Contractor shall confine construction equipment, temporary construction facilities, the storage of materials and equipment, and the operations of workers to the Site, adjacent areas that Contractor has arranged to use through construction easements or otherwise, and other adjacent areas permitted by Laws and Regulations, and shall not unreasonably encumber the Site and such other adjacent areas with construction equipment or other materials or equipment. Contractor shall assume full responsibility for (a) damage to the Site; (b) damage to any such other adjacent areas used for Contractor's operations; (c) damage to any other adjacent land or areas; and (d) for injuries and losses sustained by the owners or occupants of any such land or areas; provided that such damage or injuries result from the performance of the Work or from other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible.
    - If a damage or injury claim is made by 2. the owner or occupant of any such land or area because of the performance of the Work, or because of other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible, Contractor shall (a) take immediate corrective or remedial action as required by Paragraph 7.12, or otherwise; (b) promptly attempt to settle the claim as to all parties through negotiations with such owner or occupant, or otherwise resolve the claim by arbitration or other dispute resolution proceeding, or at law; and (c) to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and officers. directors. the members. partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against any such claim, and against all costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all

court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any claim or action, legal or equitable, brought by any such owner or occupant against Owner, Engineer, or any other party indemnified hereunder to the extent caused directly or indirectly, in whole or in part by, or based upon, Contractor's performance of the Work, or because of other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible.

- B. *Removal of Debris During Performance of the Work*: During the progress of the Work the Contractor shall keep the Site and other adjacent areas free from accumulations of waste materials, rubbish, and other debris. Removal and disposal of such waste materials, rubbish, and other debris shall conform to applicable Laws and Regulations.
- C. *Cleaning*: Prior to Substantial Completion of the Work Contractor shall clean the Site and the Work and make it ready for utilization by Owner. At the completion of the Work Contractor shall remove from the Site and adjacent areas all tools, appliances, construction equipment and machinery, and surplus materials and shall restore to original condition all property not designated for alteration by the Contract Documents.
- D. *Loading of Structures*: Contractor shall not load nor permit any part of any structure to be loaded in any manner that will endanger the structure, nor shall Contractor subject any part of the Work or adjacent structures or land to stresses or pressures that will endanger them.
- 5.03 Subsurface and Physical Conditions
  - A. *Reports and Drawings*: The Supplementary Conditions identify:
    - 1. those reports known to Owner of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or adjacent to the Site;
    - 2. those drawings known to Owner of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities); and
    - 3. Technical Data contained in such reports and drawings.
  - B. *Reliance by Contractor on Technical Data Authorized*: Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data expressly identified in the Supplementary Conditions

with respect to such reports and drawings, but such reports and drawings are not Contract Documents. If no such express identification has been made, then Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data (as defined in Article 1) contained in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made available to Contractor. Except for such reliance on Technical Data, Contractor may not rely upon or make any claim against Owner or Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, with respect to:

- 1. the completeness of such reports and drawings for Contractor's purposes, including, but not limited to, any aspects of the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor, and safety precautions and programs incident thereto; or
- 2. other data, interpretations, opinions, and information contained in such reports or shown or indicated in such drawings; or
- any Contractor interpretation of or conclusion drawn from any Technical Data or any such other data, interpretations, opinions, or information.

#### 5.04 Differing Subsurface or Physical Conditions

- A. *Notice by Contractor*: If Contractor believes that any subsurface or physical condition that is uncovered or revealed at the Site either:
  - 1. is of such a nature as to establish that any Technical Data on which Contractor is entitled to rely as provided in Paragraph 5.03 is materially inaccurate; or
  - 2. is of such a nature as to require a change in the Drawings or Specifications; or
  - 3. differs materially from that shown or indicated in the Contract Documents; or
  - 4. is of an unusual nature, and differs materially from conditions ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in work of the character provided for in the Contract Documents;

then Contractor shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before further disturbing the subsurface or physical conditions or performing any Work in connection therewith (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15), notify Owner and Engineer in writing about such condition. Contractor shall not further disturb such condition or perform any Work in connection therewith (except with respect to an emergency) until receipt of a written statement permitting Contractor to do so.

- Engineer's Review: After receipt of written B. notice as required by the preceding paragraph, Engineer will promptly review the subsurface or physical condition in question; determine the necessity of Owner's obtaining additional exploration or tests with respect to the condition; conclude whether the condition falls within any one or more of the differing site condition categories in Paragraph 5.04.A above; obtain any pertinent cost or schedule information from Contractor; prepare recommendations to Owner regarding the Contractor's resumption of Work in connection with the subsurface or physical condition in question and the need for any change in the Drawings or Specifications; and advise Owner in writing of Engineer's findings, conclusions, and recommendations.
- C. **Owner's** Statement to Contractor Regarding Site Condition: After receipt of Engineer's written findings, conclusions. and recommendations, Owner shall issue a written statement to Contractor (with a copy to Engineer) regarding the subsurface or physical condition in question, addressing the resumption of Work in connection with such condition, indicating whether any change in the Drawings or Specifications will be made, and adopting or rejecting Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations, in whole or in part.
- D. Possible Price and Times Adjustments:
  - 1. Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, to the extent that the existence of a differing subsurface or physical condition, or any related delay, disruption, or interference, causes an increase or decrease in Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of the Work; subject, however, to the following:
    - a. such condition must fall within any one or more of the categories described in Paragraph 5.04.A;
    - b. with respect to Work that is paid for on a unit price basis, any adjustment in Contract Price will

be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03; and,

- c. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.
- 2. Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times with respect to a subsurface or physical condition if:
  - a. Contractor knew of the existence of such condition at the time Contractor made a commitment to Owner with respect to Contract Price and Contract Times by the submission of a Bid or becoming bound under a negotiated contract, or otherwise; or
  - the existence of such condition b. reasonably could have been discovered or revealed as a result of any examination, investigation, exploration, test, or study of the Site and contiguous areas expressly required bv the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents to be conducted by or for Contractor prior to Contractor's making such commitment; or
  - c. Contractor failed to give the written notice as required by Paragraph 5.04.A.
- 3. If Owner and Contractor agree regarding Contractor's entitlement to and the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then any such adjustment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
  - Contractor may submit a Change Proposal regarding its entitlement to or the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after Owner's issuance of the Owner's written statement to Contractor regarding the subsurface or physical condition in question.

### 5.05 Underground Facilities

A. *Contractor's Responsibilities*: The information and data shown or indicated in the Contract Documents with respect to existing

Underground Facilities at or adjacent to the Site is based on information and data furnished to Owner or Engineer by the owners of such Underground Facilities, including Owner, or by others. Unless it is otherwise expressly provided in the Supplementary Conditions:

- 1. Owner and Engineer do not warrant or guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any such information or data provided by others; and
- 2. the cost of all of the following will be included in the Contract Price, and Contractor shall have full responsibility for:
  - a. reviewing and checking all information and data regarding existing Underground Facilities at the Site;
  - b. locating all Underground Facilities shown or indicated in the Contract Documents as being at the Site;
    - coordination of the Work with the owners (including Owner) of such Underground Facilities, during construction; and
  - d. the safety and protection of all existing Underground Facilities at the Site, and repairing any damage thereto resulting from the Work.
- B. Notice by Contractor: If Contractor believes that an Underground Facility that is uncovered or revealed at the Site was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, then Contractor shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before further disturbing conditions affected thereby or performing any Work in connection therewith (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15), identify the owner of such Underground Facility and give written notice to that owner and to Owner and Engineer.
- C. *Engineer's Review*: Engineer will promptly review the Underground Facility and conclude whether such Underground Facility was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy; obtain any pertinent cost or schedule information from Contractor; prepare recommendations to Owner regarding the Contractor's resumption of Work in connection with the Underground Facility in question; determine the extent, if any, to

which a change is required in the Drawings or Specifications to reflect and document the consequences of the existence or location of the Underground Facility; and advise Owner in writing of Engineer's findings, conclusions, and recommendations. During such time, Contractor shall be responsible for the safety and protection of such Underground Facility.

- D. Owner's Statement to Contractor Regarding Underground Facility: After receipt of Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations, Owner shall issue a written statement to Contractor (with a copy to Engineer) regarding the Underground Facility in question, addressing the resumption of Work in connection with such Underground Facility, indicating whether any change in the Drawings or Specifications will be made, and adopting or rejecting Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations in whole or in part.
- E. Possible Price and Times Adjustments:
  - 1. Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, to the extent that any existing Underground Facility at the Site that was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, or any related delay, disruption, or interference, causes an increase or decrease in Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of the Work; subject, however, to the following:
    - a. Contractor did not know of and could not reasonably have been expected to be aware of or to have anticipated the existence or actual location of the Underground Facility in question;
      - With respect to Work that is paid for on a unit price basis, any adjustment in Contract Price will be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03;
        - Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times; and
    - d. Contractor gave the notice required in Paragraph 5.05.B.

- 2. If Owner and Contractor agree regarding Contractor's entitlement to and the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then any such adjustment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
- 3. Contractor may submit a Change Proposal regarding its entitlement to or the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after Owner's issuance of the Owner's written statement to Contractor regarding the Underground Facility in question.
- 5.06 Hazardous Environmental Conditions at Site
  - A. *Reports and Drawings*: The Supplementary Conditions identify:
    - 1. those reports and drawings known to Owner relating to Hazardous Environmental Conditions that have been identified at or adjacent to the Site; and
      - Technical Data contained in such reports and drawings.
    - Reliance by Contractor on Technical Data Authorized: Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data expressly identified in the Supplementary Conditions with respect to such reports and drawings, but such reports and drawings are not Contract Documents. If no such express identification has been made, then Contractor may rely on the accuracy of the Technical Data (as defined in Article 1) contained in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made available to Contractor. Except for such reliance on Technical Data. Contractor may not rely upon or make any claim against Owner or Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors with respect to:
      - 1. the completeness of such reports and drawings for Contractor's purposes, including, but not limited to, any aspects of the means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor and safety precautions and programs incident thereto; or
      - 2. other data, interpretations, opinions and information contained in such reports or shown or indicated in such drawings; or

- 3. any Contractor interpretation of or conclusion drawn from any Technical Data or any such other data, interpretations, opinions or information.
- C. Contractor shall not be responsible for removing or remediating any Hazardous Environmental Condition encountered, uncovered, or revealed at the Site unless such removal or remediation is expressly identified in the Contract Documents to be within the scope of the Work.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for controlling, containing, and duly removing all Constituents of Concern brought to the Site by Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or anyone else for whom Contractor is responsible, and for any associated costs; and for the costs of removing and remediating any Hazardous Environmental Condition created by the presence of any such Constituents of Concern.
- E. If Contractor encounters, uncovers, or reveals a Hazardous Environmental Condition whose removal or remediation is not expressly identified in the Contract Documents as being within the scope of the Work, or if Contractor or anyone for whom Contractor is responsible Environmental Hazardous creates а Condition, then Contractor shall immediately: (1) secure or otherwise isolate such condition; (2) stop all Work in connection with such condition and in any area affected thereby (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15); and (3) notify Owner and Engineer (and promptly thereafter confirm such notice in writing). Owner shall promptly consult with Engineer concerning the necessity for Owner to retain a qualified expert to evaluate such condition or take corrective action, if any. Promptly after consulting with Engineer, Owner shall take such actions as are necessary to permit Owner to timely obtain required permits and provide Contractor the written notice required by Paragraph 5.06.F. If Contractor or anyone for whom Contractor is responsible created the Hazardous Environmental Condition in question, then Owner may remove and remediate the Hazardous Environmental Condition, and impose a set-off against payments to account for the associated costs.
- F. Contractor shall not resume Work in connection with such Hazardous Environmental Condition or in any affected area until after Owner has obtained any required permits related thereto, and delivered

written notice to Contractor either (1) specifying that such condition and any affected area is or has been rendered safe for the resumption of Work, or (2) specifying any special conditions under which such Work may be resumed safely.

- G. If Owner and Contractor cannot agree as to entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, as a result of such Work stoppage or such special conditions under which Work is agreed to be resumed by Contractor, then within 30 days of Owner's written notice regarding the resumption of Work, Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may impose a set-off.
- H. If after receipt of such written notice Contractor does not agree to resume such Work based on a reasonable belief it is unsafe, or does not agree to resume such Work under such special conditions, then Owner may order the portion of the Work that is in the area affected by such condition to be deleted from the Work, following the contractual change procedures in Article 11. Owner may have such deleted portion of the Work performed by Owner's own forces or others in accordance with Article 8.

I.

To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless Contractor, Subcontractors, and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to a Hazardous Environmental Condition, provided that such Hazardous Environmental Condition (1) was not shown or indicated in the Drawings, Specifications, or other Contract Documents, identified as Technical Data entitled to limited reliance pursuant to Paragraph 5.06.B, or identified in the Contract Documents to be included within the scope of the Work, and (2) was not created by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible. Nothing in this Paragraph 5.06.H shall obligate Owner to indemnify any individual or entity from and against the consequences of that individual's or entity's own negligence.

J. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Contractor shall indemnify and

hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners. employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to the failure to control, contain, or remove a Constituent of Concern brought to the Site by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible, or to a Hazardous Environmental Condition created by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible. Nothing in this Paragraph 5.06.J shall obligate Contractor to indemnify any individual or entity from and against the consequences of that individual's or entity's own negligence.

K. The provisions of Paragraphs 5.03, 5.04, and 5.05 do not apply to the presence of Constituents of Concern or to a Hazardous Environmental Condition uncovered or revealed at the Site.

### **ARTICLE 6 – BONDS AND INSURANCE**

- 6.01 *Performance, Payment, and Other Bonds* 
  - Contractor shall furnish a performance bond A. and a payment bond, each in an amount at least equal to the Contract Price, as security for the faithful performance and payment of all of Contractor's obligations under the Contract. These bonds shall remain in effect until one year after the date when final payment becomes due or until completion of the correction period specified in Paragraph 15.08, whichever is later, except as provided otherwise by Laws or Regulations, the Supplementary Conditions, or other specific provisions of the Contract. Contractor shall also furnish such other bonds as are required by the Supplementary Conditions or other specific provisions of the Contract.
  - All bonds shall be in the form prescribed by the Contract except as provided otherwise by Laws or Regulations, and shall be executed by such sureties as are named in "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as published in Circular 570 (as amended and supplemented) by the Financial Management Service, Surety Bond Branch, U.S. Department of the Treasury. A bond signed by

an agent or attorney-in-fact must be accompanied by a certified copy of that individual's authority to bind the surety. The evidence of authority shall show that it is effective on the date the agent or attorney-infact signed the accompanying bond.

- C. Contractor shall obtain the required bonds from surety companies that are duly licensed or authorized in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located to issue bonds in the required amounts.
- D. If the surety on a bond furnished by Contractor is declared bankrupt or becomes insolvent, or its right to do business is terminated in any state or jurisdiction where any part of the Project is located, or the surety ceases to meet the requirements above, then Contractor shall promptly notify Owner and Engineer and shall, within 20 days after the event giving rise to such notification, provide another bond and surety, both of which shall comply with the bond and surety requirements above.
- E. If Contractor has failed to obtain a required bond, Owner may exclude the Contractor from the Site and exercise Owner's termination rights under Article 16.
  - Upon request, Owner shall provide a copy of the payment bond to any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other person or entity claiming to have furnished labor or materials used in the performance of the Work.

### Insurance—General Provisions

- A. Owner and Contractor shall obtain and maintain insurance as required in this Article and in the Supplementary Conditions.
- B. All insurance required by the Contract to be purchased and maintained by Owner or Contractor shall be obtained from insurance companies that are duly licensed or authorized, in the state or jurisdiction in which the Project is located, to issue insurance policies for the required limits and coverages. Unless a different standard is indicated in the Supplementary Conditions, all companies that provide insurance policies required under this Contract shall have an A.M. Best rating of A-VII or better.
- C. Contractor shall deliver to Owner, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in this Article, in the Supplementary Conditions, or elsewhere in the Contract), certificates of insurance establishing that Contractor has obtained and is maintaining the policies, coverages, and

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endorsements required by the Contract. Upon request by Owner or any other insured, Contractor shall also furnish other evidence of such required insurance, including but not limited copies of policies to and documentation endorsements, and of self-insured applicable retentions and deductibles. Contractor may block out (redact) confidential premium or pricing any information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.

- Owner shall deliver to Contractor, with copies D. to each named insured and additional insured identified in this Article, the (as Supplementary Conditions, or elsewhere in the Contract), certificates of insurance establishing that Owner has obtained and is maintaining the policies, coverages, and endorsements required of Owner by the Contract (if any). Upon request by Contractor or any other insured, Owner shall also provide other evidence of such required insurance (if any), including but not limited to copies of endorsements, policies and and documentation of applicable self-insured retentions and deductibles. Owner may block out (redact) any confidential premium or pricing information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.
- E. Failure of Owner or Contractor to demand such certificates or other evidence of the other party's full compliance with these insurance requirements, or failure of Owner or Contractor to identify a deficiency in compliance from the evidence provided, shall not be construed as a waiver of the other party's obligation to obtain and maintain such insurance.
- F. If either party does not purchase or maintain all of the insurance required of such party by the Contract, such party shall notify the other party in writing of such failure to purchase prior to the start of the Work, or of such failure to maintain prior to any change in the required coverage.
- G. If Contractor has failed to obtain and maintain required insurance, Owner may exclude the Contractor from the Site, impose an appropriate set-off against payment, and exercise Owner's termination rights under Article 16.
- H. Without prejudice to any other right or remedy, if a party has failed to obtain required insurance, the other party may elect to obtain equivalent insurance to protect such other

party's interests at the expense of the party who was required to provide such coverage, and the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly.

- I. Owner does not represent that insurance coverage and limits established in this Contract necessarily will be adequate to protect Contractor or Contractor's interests.
- J. The insurance and insurance limits required herein shall not be deemed as a limitation on Contractor's liability under the indemnities granted to Owner and other individuals and entities in the Contract.
- 6.03 Contractor's Insurance

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- A. *Workers' Compensation*: Contractor shall purchase and maintain workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance for:
  - claims under workers' compensation, disability benefits, and other similar employee benefit acts.
  - United States Longshoreman and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and Jones Act coverage (if applicable).
  - claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of Contractor's employees (by stop-gap endorsement in monopolist worker's compensation states).
  - 4. Foreign voluntary worker compensation (if applicable).
- B. Commercial General Liability—Claims Covered: Contractor shall purchase and maintain commercial general liability insurance, covering all operations by or on behalf of Contractor, on an occurrence basis, against:
  - 1. claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than Contractor's employees.
  - 2. claims for damages insured by reasonably available personal injury liability coverage.
  - 3. claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property wherever located, including loss of use resulting therefrom.
- C. Commercial General Liability—Form and Content: Contractor's commercial liability policy shall be written on a 1996 (or later) ISO

commercial general liability form (occurrence form) and include the following coverages and endorsements:

- 1. Products and completed operations coverage:
  - a. Such insurance shall be maintained for three years after final payment.
  - b. Contractor shall furnish Owner and each other additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or elsewhere in the Contract) evidence of continuation of such insurance at final payment and three years thereafter.
- 2. Blanket contractual liability coverage, to the extent permitted by law, including but not limited to coverage of Contractor's contractual indemnity obligations in Paragraph 7.18.
- 3. Broad form property damage coverage.
- 4. Severability of interest.
- 5. Underground, explosion, and collapse coverage.
- 6. Personal injury coverage.
- 7. Additional insured endorsements that include both ongoing operations and products and completed operations coverage through ISO Endorsements CG 20 10 10 01 and CG 20 37 10 01 (together); or CG 20 10 07 04 and CG 20 37 07 04 (together); or their equivalent.
- For design professional additional insureds, ISO Endorsement CG 20 32 07 04, "Additional Insured—Engineers, Architects or Surveyors Not Engaged by the Named Insured" or its equivalent.
- D. Automobile liability: Contractor shall purchase and maintain automobile liability insurance against claims for damages because of bodily injury or death of any person or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle. The automobile liability policy shall be written on an occurrence basis.
- E. Umbrella or excess liability: Contractor shall purchase and maintain umbrella or excess liability insurance written over the underlying employer's liability, commercial general liability, and automobile liability insurance described in the paragraphs above. Subject to industry-standard exclusions, the coverage

afforded shall follow form as to each and every one of the underlying policies.

- F. Contractor's pollution liability insurance: Contractor shall purchase and maintain a policy covering third-party injury and property damage claims, including clean-up costs, as a result of pollution conditions arising from Contractor's operations and completed operations. This insurance shall be maintained for no less than three years after final completion.
- Contractor's G. Additional insureds: The commercial general liability, automobile liability, umbrella or excess, and pollution liability policies shall include and list as additional insureds Owner and Engineer, and any individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions; include coverage for the respective officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of all such additional insureds; and the insurance afforded to these additional insureds shall provide primary coverage for all claims covered thereby (including as applicable those arising from both ongoing and completed operations) on a non-contributory basis. Contractor shall obtain all necessary endorsements to support these requirements.
- Contractor's professional liability insurance: H. If Contractor will provide or furnish professional services under this Contract, through a delegation of professional design services or otherwise, then Contractor shall be responsible for purchasing and maintaining applicable professional liability insurance. This insurance shall provide protection against claims arising out of performance of professional design or related services, and caused by a negligent error, omission, or act for which the insured party is legally liable. It shall be maintained throughout the duration of the Contract and for a minimum of two years Substantial Completion. If such after professional design services are performed by a Subcontractor, and not by Contractor itself, then the requirements of this paragraph may be satisfied through the purchasing and maintenance of such insurance by such Subcontractor.
- I. *General provisions*: The policies of insurance required by this Paragraph 6.03 shall:
  - 1. include at least the specific coverages provided in this Article.

- 2. be written for not less than the limits of liability provided in this Article and in the Supplementary Conditions, or required by Laws or Regulations, whichever is greater.
- 3. contain a provision or endorsement that the coverage afforded will not be canceled, materially changed, or renewal refused until at least 10 days prior written notice has been given to Contractor. Within three days of receipt of any such written notice, Contractor shall provide a copy of the notice to Owner, Engineer, and each other insured under the policy.
- 4. remain in effect at least until final payment (and longer if expressly required in this Article) and at all times thereafter when Contractor may be correcting, removing, or replacing defective Work as a warranty or correction obligation, or otherwise, or returning to the Site to conduct other tasks arising from the Contract Documents.
- 5. be appropriate for the Work being performed and provide protection from claims that may arise out of or result from Contractor's performance of the Work and Contractor's other obligations under the Contract Documents, whether it is to be performed by Contractor, any Subcontractor or Supplier, or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
- J. The coverage requirements for specific policies of insurance must be met by such policies, and not by reference to excess or umbrella insurance provided in other policies.

## 6.04 Owner's Liability Insurance

- A. In addition to the insurance required to be provided by Contractor under Paragraph 6.03, Owner, at Owner's option, may purchase and maintain at Owner's expense Owner's own liability insurance as will protect Owner against claims which may arise from operations under the Contract Documents.
- B. Owner's liability policies, if any, operate separately and independently from policies required to be provided by Contractor, and Contractor cannot rely upon Owner's liability

policies for any of Contractor's obligations to the Owner, Engineer, or third parties.

### 6.05 Property Insurance

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- A. *Builder's Risk*: Unless otherwise provided in the Supplementary Conditions, Contractor shall purchase and maintain builder's risk insurance upon the Work on a completed value basis, in the amount of the full insurable replacement cost thereof (subject to such deductible amounts as may be provided in the Supplementary Conditions or required by Laws and Regulations). This insurance shall:
  - include the Owner and Contractor as 1. named insureds, and all Subcontractors, and any individuals or entities required by the Supplementary Conditions to be insured under such builder's risk policy, as insureds or named insureds. For purposes of the remainder of this Paragraph 6.05, Paragraphs 6.06 and 6.07, and corresponding any Supplementary Conditions, the parties required to be insured shall collectively be referred to as "insureds."
    - be written on a builder's risk "all risk" policy form that shall at least include insurance for physical loss or damage to the Work, temporary buildings, falsework, and materials and equipment in transit, and shall insure against at least the following perils or causes of loss: fire; lightning; windstorm; riot; civil commotion; terrorism; vehicle impact; aircraft; smoke; theft; vandalism and mischief; malicious mechanical breakdown. boiler explosion, and artificially generated electric current; earthquake; volcanic activity, and other earth movement: flood: collapse: explosion; debris removal; demolition occasioned by enforcement of Laws and Regulations; water damage (other than that caused by flood); and such other perils or causes of loss as may be specifically required by the Supplementary Conditions. If insurance against mechanical breakdown, boiler explosion, and artificially generated electric current; earthquake; volcanic activity, and other earth movement; or flood, are not commercially available under builder's risk policies, by endorsement or otherwise, such insurance may be provided through other insurance policies acceptable to Owner and Contractor.

- cover, as insured property, at least the 3. following: (a) the Work and all supplies, machinery, materials, apparatus, equipment, fixtures, and other property of a similar nature that are to be incorporated into or used in the preparation, fabrication, construction, erection, or completion of the Work, including Owner-furnished or assigned property; (b) spare parts inventory required within the scope of the Contract; and (c) temporary works which are not intended to form part of the permanent constructed Work but which are intended to provide working access to the Site, or to the Work under construction, or which are intended to provide temporary support for the Work construction. under including scaffolding, form work, fences, shoring, falsework, and temporary structures.
- 4. cover expenses incurred in the repair or replacement of any insured property (including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers and architects).
- 5. extend to cover damage or loss to insured property while in temporary storage at the Site or in a storage location outside the Site (but not including property stored at the premises of a manufacturer or Supplier).
- 6. extend to cover damage or loss to insured property while in transit.
- 7. allow for partial occupation or use of the Work by Owner, such that those portions of the Work that are not yet occupied or used by Owner shall remain covered by the builder's risk insurance.
- 8. allow for the waiver of the insurer's subrogation rights, as set forth below.
  - provide primary coverage for all losses and damages caused by the perils or causes of loss covered.
- 10. not include a co-insurance clause.
- 1. include an exception for ensuing losses from physical damage or loss with respect to any defective workmanship, design, or materials exclusions.
- 12. include performance/hot testing and start-up.
- 13. be maintained in effect, subject to the provisions herein regarding Substantial

Completion and partial occupancy or use of the Work by Owner, until the Work is complete.

- B. Notice of Cancellation or Change: All the policies of insurance (and the certificates or other evidence thereof) required to be purchased and maintained in accordance with this Paragraph 6.05 will contain a provision or endorsement that the coverage afforded will not be canceled or materially changed or renewal refused until at least 10 days prior written notice has been given to the purchasing policyholder. Within three days of receipt of any such written notice, the purchasing policyholder shall provide a copy of the notice to each other insured.
- C. *Deductibles*: The purchaser of any required builder's risk or property insurance shall pay for costs not covered because of the application of a policy deductible.
- D. Partial Occupancy or Use by Owner: If Owner will occupy or use a portion or portions of the Work prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work as provided in Paragraph 15.04, then Owner (directly, if it is the purchaser of the builder's risk policy, or through Contractor) will provide notice of such occupancy or use to the builder's risk insurer. The builder's risk insurance shall not be canceled or permitted to lapse on account of any such partial use or occupancy; rather, those portions of the Work that are occupied or used by Owner may come off the builder's risk policy, while those portions of the Work not yet occupied or used by Owner shall remain covered by the builder's risk insurance.
- E. *Additional Insurance*: If Contractor elects to obtain other special insurance to be included in or supplement the builder's risk or property insurance policies provided under this Paragraph 6.05, it may do so at Contractor's expense.
- F. *Insurance of Other Property*: If the express insurance provisions of the Contract do not require or address the insurance of a property item or interest, such as tools, construction equipment, or other personal property owned by Contractor, a Subcontractor, or an employee of Contractor or a Subcontractor, then the entity or individual owning such property item will be responsible for deciding whether to insure it, and if so in what amount.

#### 6.06 Waiver of Rights

- All policies purchased in accordance with A. Paragraph 6.05, expressly including the builder's risk policy, shall contain provisions to the effect that in the event of payment of any loss or damage the insurers will have no rights of recovery against any insureds thereunder, or against Engineer or its consultants, or their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents. consultants, or subcontractors. Owner and Contractor waive all rights against each other and the respective officers, directors, partners, employees, members, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, for all losses and damages caused by, arising out of, or resulting from any of the perils or causes of loss covered by such policies and any other property insurance applicable to the Work; and, in addition, waive all such rights against Engineer, its consultants, all Subcontractors, all individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions as insureds, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, under such policies for losses and damages so caused. None of the above waivers shall extend to the rights that any party making such waiver may have to the proceeds of insurance held by Owner or Contractor as trustee or fiduciary, or otherwise payable under any policy so issued.
- B. Owner waives all rights against Contractor, Subcontractors, and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them, for:
  - . loss due to business interruption, loss of use, or other consequential loss extending beyond direct physical loss or damage to Owner's property or the Work caused by, arising out of, or resulting from fire or other perils whether or not insured by Owner; and
  - 2. loss or damage to the completed Project or part thereof caused by, arising out of, or resulting from fire or other insured peril or cause of loss covered by any property insurance maintained on the completed Project or part thereof by Owner during partial occupancy or use pursuant to Paragraph 15.04, after Substantial Completion pursuant to Paragraph 15.03, or after final payment pursuant to Paragraph 15.06.

- C. Any insurance policy maintained by Owner covering any loss, damage or consequential loss referred to in Paragraph 6.06.B shall contain provisions to the effect that in the event of payment of any such loss, damage, or consequential loss, the insurers will have no rights of recovery against Contractor, Subcontractors, or Engineer, or the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors of each and any of them.
- Contractor shall be responsible for assuring D. agreement under which a that the Subcontractor performs a portion of the Work contains provisions whereby the Subcontractor waives all rights against Owner, Contractor, all individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions as insureds, the Engineer and its consultants, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, for all losses and damages caused by, arising out of, relating to, or resulting from any of the perils or causes of loss covered by builder's risk insurance and any other property insurance applicable to the Work.

6.07 Receipt and Application of Property Insurance Proceeds

- A. Any insured loss under the builder's risk and other policies of insurance required by Paragraph 6.05 will be adjusted and settled with the named insured that purchased the policy. Such named insured shall act as fiduciary for the other insureds, and give notice to such other insureds that adjustment and settlement of a claim is in progress. Any other insured may state its position regarding a claim for insured loss in writing within 15 days after notice of such claim.
- B. Proceeds for such insured losses may be made payable by the insurer either jointly to multiple insureds, or to the named insured that purchased the policy in its own right and as fiduciary for other insureds, subject to the requirements of any applicable mortgage clause. A named insured receiving insurance proceeds under the builder's risk and other policies of insurance required by Paragraph 6.05 shall distribute such proceeds in accordance with such agreement as the parties in interest may reach, or as otherwise required under the dispute resolution provisions of this Contract or applicable Laws and Regulations.

C. If no other special agreement is reached, the damaged Work shall be repaired or replaced, the money so received applied on account thereof, and the Work and the cost thereof covered by Change Order, if needed.

### **ARTICLE 7 – CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### 7.01 Supervision and Superintendence

- A. Contractor shall supervise, inspect, and direct the Work competently and efficiently, devoting such attention thereto and applying such skills and expertise as may be necessary to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. Contractor shall be solely responsible for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction.
- B. At all times during the progress of the Work, Contractor shall assign a competent resident superintendent who shall not be replaced without written notice to Owner and Engineer except under extraordinary circumstances.
- 7.02 Labor; Working Hours
  - A. Contractor shall provide competent, suitably qualified personnel to survey and lay out the Work and perform construction as required by the Contract Documents. Contractor shall at all times maintain good discipline and order at the Site.
  - B. Except as otherwise required for the safety or protection of persons or the Work or property at the Site or adjacent thereto, and except as otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, all Work at the Site shall be performed during regular working hours, Monday through Friday. Contractor will not perform Work on a Saturday, Sunday, or any legal holiday. Contractor may perform Work outside regular working hours or on Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays only with Owner's written consent, which will not be unreasonably withheld.
- 7.03 Services, Materials, and Equipment
  - A. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall provide and assume full responsibility for all services, materials, equipment, labor, transportation, construction equipment and machinery, tools, appliances, fuel, power, light, heat, telephone, water, sanitary facilities, temporary facilities, and all other facilities and incidentals necessary for the performance, testing, start up, and completion of the Work, whether or

not such items are specifically called for in the Contract Documents.

- B. All materials and equipment incorporated into the Work shall be of good quality and new, except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. All special warranties and guarantees required by the Specifications shall expressly run to the benefit of Owner. If required by Engineer, Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence (including reports of required tests) as to the source, kind, and quality of materials and equipment.
- C. All materials and equipment shall be stored, applied, installed, connected, erected, protected, used, cleaned, and conditioned in accordance with instructions of the applicable Supplier, except as otherwise may be provided in the Contract Documents.

### 7.04 "Or Equals"

- Whenever an item of material or equipment is specified or described in the Contract Documents by using the name of a proprietary item or the name of a particular Supplier, the Contract Price has been based upon Contractor furnishing such item as specified. The specification or description of such an item is intended to establish the type, function, appearance, and quality required. Unless the specification or description contains or is followed by words reading that no like, equivalent, or "or equal" item is permitted, Contractor may request that Engineer authorize the use of other items of material or equipment, or items from other proposed suppliers under the circumstances described below.
  - 1. If Engineer in its sole discretion determines that an item of material or equipment proposed by Contractor is functionally equal to that named and sufficiently similar so that no change in related Work will be required, Engineer shall deem it an "or equal" item. For the purposes of this paragraph, a proposed item of material or equipment will be considered functionally equal to an item so named if:
    - a. in the exercise of reasonable judgment Engineer determines that:
      - 1) it is at least equal in materials of construction, quality, durability, appearance,

strength, and design characteristics;

- it will reliably perform at least equally well the function and achieve the results imposed by the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole;
- it has a proven record of performance and availability of responsive service; and
- it is not objectionable to Owner.
- b. Contractor certifies that, if approved and incorporated into the Work:
  - there will be no increase in cost to the Owner or increase in Contract Times; and
  - it will conform substantially to the detailed requirements of the item named in the Contract Documents.
- B. *Contractor's Expense*: Contractor shall provide all data in support of any proposed "or equal" item at Contractor's expense.
- C. Engineer's Evaluation and Determination: Engineer will be allowed a reasonable time to evaluate each "or-equal" request. Engineer may require Contractor to furnish additional data about the proposed "or-equal" item. Engineer will be the sole judge of acceptability. No "or-equal" item will be ordered, furnished, installed, or utilized until Engineer's review is complete and Engineer determines that the proposed item is an "orequal", which will be evidenced by an approved Shop Drawing or other written communication. Engineer advise will Contractor in writing of any negative determination.
- *Effect of Engineer's Determination*: Neither approval nor denial of an "or-equal" request shall result in any change in Contract Price. The Engineer's denial of an "or-equal" request shall be final and binding, and may not be reversed through an appeal under any provision of the Contract Documents.
- E. *Treatment as a Substitution Request*: If Engineer determines that an item of material or equipment proposed by Contractor does not qualify as an "or-equal" item, Contractor may

request that Engineer considered the proposed item as a substitute pursuant to Paragraph 7.05.

- 7.05 Substitutes
  - A. Unless the specification or description of an item of material or equipment required to be furnished under the Contract Documents contains or is followed by words reading that no substitution is permitted, Contractor may request that Engineer authorize the use of other items of material or equipment under the circumstances described below. To the extent possible such requests shall be made before commencement of related construction at the Site.
    - 1. Contractor shall submit sufficient information as provided below to allow Engineer to determine if the item of material or equipment proposed is functionally equivalent to that named and an acceptable substitute therefor. Engineer will not accept requests for review of proposed substitute items of material or equipment from anyone other than Contractor.
      - The requirements for review by Engineer will be as set forth in Paragraph 7.05.B, as supplemented by the Specifications, and as Engineer may decide is appropriate under the circumstances.
    - 3. Contractor shall make written application to Engineer for review of a proposed substitute item of material or equipment that Contractor seeks to furnish or use. The application:
      - a. shall certify that the proposed substitute item will:
        - 1) perform adequately the functions and achieve the results called for by the general design,
        - 2) be similar in substance to that specified, and
        - 3) be suited to the same use as that specified.
      - b. will state:
        - 1) the extent, if any, to which the use of the proposed substitute item will necessitate a change in Contract Times,

- 2) whether use of the proposed substitute item in the Work will require a change in any of the Contract Documents (or in the provisions of any other direct contract with Owner for other work on the Project) to adapt the design to the proposed substitute item, and
- whether incorporation or use of the proposed substitute item in connection with the Work is subject to payment of any license fee or royalty.
- c. will identify:
  - 1) all variations of the proposed substitute item from that specified, and
  - available engineering, sales, maintenance, repair, and replacement services.
- d. shall contain an itemized estimate of all costs or credits that will result directly or indirectly from use of such substitute item, including but not limited to changes in Contract Price, shared savings, costs of redesign, and claims of other contractors affected by any resulting change.
- Engineer's Evaluation and Determination: B. Engineer will be allowed a reasonable time to evaluate each substitute request, and to obtain comments and direction from Owner. Engineer may require Contractor to furnish additional data about the proposed substitute item. Engineer will be the sole judge of acceptability. No substitute will be ordered, furnished, installed, or utilized until Engineer's review is complete and Engineer determines that the proposed item is an acceptable substitute. Engineer's determination will be evidenced by a Field Order or a proposed Change Order accounting for the substitution itself and all related impacts, including changes in Contract Price or Contract Times. Engineer will advise Contractor in writing of any negative determination.
- C. Special Guarantee: Owner may require Contractor to furnish at Contractor's expense a special performance guarantee or other surety with respect to any substitute.

- D. *Reimbursement of Engineer's Cost*: Engineer will record Engineer's costs in evaluating a substitute proposed or submitted by Contractor. Whether or not Engineer approves a substitute so proposed or submitted by Contractor, Contractor shall reimburse Owner for the reasonable charges of Engineer for evaluating each such proposed substitute. Contractor shall also reimburse Owner for the reasonable charges of Engineer for making changes in the Contract Documents (or in the provisions of any other direct contract with Owner) resulting from the acceptance of each proposed substitute.
- E. *Contractor's Expense*: Contractor shall provide all data in support of any proposed substitute at Contractor's expense.
- Effect of Engineer's Determination: If F. Engineer approves the substitution request, Contractor shall execute the proposed Change Order and proceed with the substitution. The Engineer's denial of a substitution request shall be final and binding, and may not be reversed through an appeal under any provision of the Contract Documents. Contractor may challenge the scope of reimbursement costs imposed under Paragraph 7.05.D, by timely submittal of a Change Proposal.

### 7.06 Concerning Subcontractors, Suppliers, and Others

- A. Contractor may retain Subcontractors and Suppliers for the performance of parts of the Work. Such Subcontractors and Suppliers must be acceptable to Owner.
- B. Contractor shall retain specific Subcontractors, Suppliers, or other individuals or entities for the performance of designated parts of the Work if required by the Contract to do so.
- C. Subsequent to the submittal of Contractor's Bid or final negotiation of the terms of the Contract, Owner may not require Contractor to retain any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity to furnish or perform any of the Work against which Contractor has reasonable objection.
- D. Prior to entry into any binding subcontract or purchase order, Contractor shall submit to Owner the identity of the proposed Subcontractor or Supplier (unless Owner has already deemed such proposed Subcontractor or Supplier acceptable, during the bidding process or otherwise). Such proposed Subcontractor or Supplier shall be deemed

acceptable to Owner unless Owner raises a substantive, reasonable objection within five days.

- E. Owner may require the replacement of any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity retained by Contractor to perform any part of the Work. Owner also may require Contractor to retain specific replacements; provided, however, that Owner may not require a replacement to which Contractor has a reasonable objection. If Contractor has submitted the identity of certain Subcontractors, Suppliers, or other individuals or entities for acceptance by Owner, and Owner has accepted it (either in writing or by failing to make written objection thereto), then Owner may subsequently revoke the acceptance of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity so identified solely on the basis of substantive, reasonable objection after due investigation. Contractor shall submit an acceptable replacement for the rejected Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity.
- F. If Owner requires the replacement of any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity retained by Contractor to perform any part of the Work, then Contractor shall be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, with respect to the replacement; and Contractor shall initiate a Change Proposal for such adjustment within 30 days of Owner's requirement of replacement.
- G. No acceptance by Owner of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity, whether initially or as a replacement, shall constitute a waiver of the right of Owner to the completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- H. On a monthly basis Contractor shall submit to Engineer a complete list of all Subcontractors and Suppliers having a direct contract with Contractor, and of all other Subcontractors and Suppliers known to Contractor at the time of submittal.
- I. Contractor shall be fully responsible to Owner and Engineer for all acts and omissions of the Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work just as Contractor is responsible for Contractor's own acts and omissions.
- J. Contractor shall be solely responsible for scheduling and coordinating the work of

Subcontractors, Suppliers, and all other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work.

- K. Contractor shall restrict all Subcontractors, Suppliers, and such other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work from communicating with Engineer or Owner, except through Contractor or in case of an emergency, or as otherwise expressly allowed herein.
- L. The divisions and sections of the Specifications and the identifications of any Drawings shall not control Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or Suppliers or delineating the Work to be performed by any specific trade.
- M. All Work performed for Contractor by a Subcontractor or Supplier shall be pursuant to an appropriate contractual agreement that specifically binds the Subcontractor or Supplier to the applicable terms and conditions of the Contract Documents for the benefit of Owner and Engineer.
- N. Owner may furnish to any Subcontractor or Supplier, to the extent practicable, information about amounts paid to Contractor on account of Work performed for Contractor by the particular Subcontractor or Supplier.
  - Nothing in the Contract Documents:
    - 1. shall create for the benefit of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity any contractual relationship between Owner or Engineer and any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity; nor
    - 2. shall create any obligation on the part of Owner or Engineer to pay or to see to the payment of any money due any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity except as may otherwise be required by Laws and Regulations.
- 7.07 Patent Fees and Royalties
  - A. Contractor shall pay all license fees and royalties and assume all costs incident to the use in the performance of the Work or the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device which is the subject of patent rights or copyrights held by others. If a particular invention, design, process, product, or device is specified in the Contract Documents for use in the performance of the Work and if, to the actual

knowledge of Owner or Engineer, its use is subject to patent rights or copyrights calling for the payment of any license fee or royalty to others, the existence of such rights shall be disclosed by Owner in the Contract Documents.

- To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and B. Regulations, Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless Contractor, and its officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals, and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any infringement of patent rights or copyrights incident to the use in the performance of the Work or resulting from the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device specified in the Contract Documents, but not identified as being subject to payment of any license fee or royalty to others required by patent rights or copyrights.
- C. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the members, officers, directors, partners, consultants employees, agents, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any infringement of patent rights or copyrights incident to the use in the performance of the Work or resulting from the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device not specified in the Contract Documents.

### 7.08 Permits

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall obtain and pay for all construction permits and licenses. shall assist Contractor, Owner when necessary, in obtaining such permits and licenses. Contractor shall pay all governmental charges and inspection fees necessary for the prosecution of the Work which are applicable at the time of the submission of Contractor's Bid (or when Contractor became bound under a negotiated contract). Owner shall pay all charges of utility owners for connections for providing permanent service to the Work.

### 7.09 *Taxes*

- A. Contractor shall pay all sales, consumer, use, and other similar taxes required to be paid by Contractor in accordance with the Laws and Regulations of the place of the Project which are applicable during the performance of the Work.
- 7.10 Laws and Regulations
  - A. Contractor shall give all notices required by and shall comply with all Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Except where otherwise expressly required by applicable Laws and Regulations, neither Owner nor Engineer shall be responsible for monitoring Contractor's compliance with any Laws or Regulations.
  - If Contractor performs any Work or takes any Β. other action knowing or having reason to know that it is contrary to Laws or Regulations, Contractor shall bear all resulting costs and losses, and shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers. members, directors, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such Work or other action. It shall not be Contractor's responsibility to make certain that the Work described in the Contract Documents is in accordance with Laws and Regulations, but this shall not relieve Contractor of Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.03.
  - C. Owner or Contractor may give notice to the other party of any changes after the submission of Contractor's Bid (or after the date when Contractor became bound under a negotiated contract) in Laws or Regulations having an effect on the cost or time of performance of the Work, including but not limited to changes in Laws or Regulations having an effect on procuring permits and on sales, use, value-added, consumption, and other similar taxes. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times resulting from such changes, then within 30 days of

such notice Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may initiate a Claim.

### 7.11 Record Documents

A. Contractor shall maintain in a safe place at the Site one printed record copy of all Drawings, Specifications, Addenda, Change Orders, Work Change Directives, Field Orders, written interpretations and clarifications, and approved Shop Drawings. Contractor shall keep such record documents in good order and annotate them to show changes made during construction. These record documents, together with all approved Samples, will be available to Engineer for reference. Upon completion of the Work, Contractor shall deliver these record documents to Engineer.

### 7.12 Safety and Protection

- A. Contractor shall be solely responsible for initiating, maintaining, and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work. Such responsibility does not relieve Subcontractors of their responsibility for the safety of persons or property in the performance of their work, nor for compliance with applicable safety Laws and Regulations. Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of, and shall provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury, or loss to:
  - 1. all persons on the Site or who may be affected by the Work;
  - 2. all the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the Site; and
  - 3. other property at the Site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, other work in progress, utilities, and Underground Facilities not designated for removal, relocation, or replacement in the course of construction.
- B. Contractor shall comply with all applicable Laws and Regulations relating to the safety of persons or property, or to the protection of persons or property from damage, injury, or loss; and shall erect and maintain all necessary safeguards for such safety and protection. Contractor shall notify Owner; the owners of adjacent property, Underground Facilities, and other utilities; and other contractors and utility owners performing work at or adjacent to the Site, when prosecution of the Work may affect them, and shall cooperate with them in the protection, removal, relocation, and

replacement of their property or work in progress.

- C. Contractor shall comply with the applicable requirements of Owner's safety programs, if any. The Supplementary Conditions identify any Owner's safety programs that are applicable to the Work.
- D. Contractor shall inform Owner and Engineer of the specific requirements of Contractor's safety program with which Owner's and Engineer's employees and representatives must comply while at the Site.
- All damage, injury, or loss to any property E. referred to in Paragraph 7.12.A.2 or 7.12.A.3 caused, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by Contractor, any Subcontractor, Supplier, or any other individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, shall be remedied by Contractor at its expense (except damage or loss attributable to the fault of Drawings or Specifications or to the acts or omissions of Owner or Engineer or anyone employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, and not attributable, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to the fault or negligence of Contractor or any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them).
- F. Contractor's duties and responsibilities for safety and protection shall continue until such time as all the Work is completed and Engineer has issued a notice to Owner and Contractor in accordance with Paragraph 15.06.B that the Work is acceptable (except as otherwise expressly provided in connection with Substantial Completion).
- G. Contractor's duties and responsibilities for safety and protection shall resume whenever Contractor or any Subcontractor or Supplier returns to the Site to fulfill warranty or correction obligations, or to conduct other tasks arising from the Contract Documents.
- 7.13 Safety Representative
  - A. Contractor shall designate a qualified and experienced safety representative at the Site whose duties and responsibilities shall be the prevention of accidents and the maintaining and supervising of safety precautions and programs.

#### 7.14 Hazard Communication Programs

A. Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating any exchange of material safety data sheets or other hazard communication information required to be made available to or exchanged between or among employers at the Site in accordance with Laws or Regulations.

### 7.15 Emergencies

- A. In emergencies affecting the safety or protection of persons or the Work or property at the Site or adjacent thereto, Contractor is obligated to act to prevent threatened damage, injury, or loss. Contractor shall give Engineer prompt written notice if Contractor believes that any significant changes in the Work or variations from the Contract Documents have been caused thereby or are required as a result thereof. If Engineer determines that a change in the Contract Documents is required because of the action taken by Contractor in response to such an emergency, a Work Change Directive or Change Order will be issued.
- 7.16 Shop Drawings, Samples, and Other Submittals
  - A. Shop Drawing and Sample Submittal Requirements:
    - 1. Before submitting a Shop Drawing or Sample, Contractor shall have:
      - a. reviewed and coordinated the Shop Drawing or Sample with other Shop Drawings and Samples and with the requirements of the Work and the Contract Documents;
      - b. determined and verified all field measurements, quantities, dimensions, specified performance and design criteria, installation requirements, materials, catalog numbers, and similar information with respect thereto;
        - determined and verified the suitability of all materials and equipment offered with respect to the indicated application, fabrication, shipping, handling, storage, assembly, and installation pertaining to the performance of the Work; and
      - d. determined and verified all information relative to Contractor's responsibilities for means, methods, techniques,

sequences, and procedures of construction, and safety precautions and programs incident thereto.

- 2. Each submittal shall bear a stamp or specific written certification that Contractor has satisfied Contractor's obligations under the Contract Documents with respect to Contractor's review of that submittal, and that Contractor approves the submittal.
- 3. With each submittal, Contractor shall give Engineer specific written notice of any variations that the Shop Drawing or Sample may have from the requirements of the Contract Documents. This notice shall be set forth in a written communication separate from the Shop Drawings or Sample submittal; and, in addition, in the case of Shop Drawings by a specific notation made on each Shop Drawing submitted to Engineer for review and approval of each such variation.
- B. Submittal Procedures for Shop Drawings and Samples: Contractor shall submit Shop Drawings and Samples to Engineer for review and approval in accordance with the accepted Schedule of Submittals. Each submittal will be identified as Engineer may require.
  - 1. Shop Drawings:
    - a. Contractor shall submit the number of copies required in the Specifications.
    - b. Data shown on the Shop Drawings will be complete with respect to quantities, dimensions, specified performance and design criteria, materials, and similar data to show Engineer the services, materials, and equipment Contractor proposes to provide and to enable Engineer to review the information for the limited purposes required by Paragraph 7.16.D.
  - 2. Samples:
    - a. Contractor shall submit the number of Samples required in the Specifications.
    - b. Contractor shall clearly identify each Sample as to material, Supplier, pertinent data such as catalog numbers, the use for which

intended and other data as Engineer may require to enable Engineer to review the submittal for the limited purposes required by Paragraph 7.16.D.

- 3. Where a Shop Drawing or Sample is required by the Contract Documents or the Schedule of Submittals, any related Work performed prior to Engineer's review and approval of the pertinent submittal will be at the sole expense and responsibility of Contractor.
- C. *Other Submittals*: Contractor shall submit other submittals to Engineer in accordance with the accepted Schedule of Submittals, and pursuant to the applicable terms of the Specifications.
- D. Engineer's Review:
  - 1. Engineer will provide timely review of Shop Drawings and Samples in accordance with the Schedule of Submittals acceptable to Engineer. Engineer's review and approval will be only to determine if the items covered by the submittals will, after installation or incorporation in the Work, conform to the information given in the Contract Documents and be compatible with the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Engineer's review and approval will not extend to means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction or to safety precautions or programs incident thereto.

3. Engineer's review and approval of a separate item as such will not indicate approval of the assembly in which the item functions.

Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample shall not relieve Contractor from responsibility for any variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents unless Contractor has complied with the requirements of Paragraph 7.16.A.3 and Engineer has given written approval of each such variation by specific written notation thereof incorporated in or accompanying the Shop Drawing or Sample. Engineer will document any such approved variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents in a Field Order.

- 5. Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample shall not relieve Contractor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of Paragraph 7.16.A and B.
- 6. Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample, or of a variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents, shall not, under any circumstances, change the Contract Times or Contract Price, unless such changes are included in a Change Order.
- 7. Neither Engineer's receipt, review, acceptance or approval of a Shop Drawing, Sample, or other submittal shall result in such item becoming a Contract Document.
  - Contractor shall perform the Work in compliance with the requirements and commitments set forth in approved Shop Drawings and Samples, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7.16.D.4.
- E. Resubmittal Procedures:
  - Contractor shall make corrections required by Engineer and shall return the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings and submit, as required, new Samples for review and approval. Contractor shall direct specific attention in writing to revisions other than the corrections called for by Engineer on previous submittals.
  - shall furnish required 2. Contractor submittals with sufficient information and accuracy to obtain required approval of an item with no more than three submittals. Engineer will record Engineer's time for reviewing a fourth or subsequent submittal of a Shop Drawings, sample, or other item requiring approval, and Contractor shall be responsible for Engineer's charges to Owner for such time. Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor to secure reimbursement for such charges.
  - 3. If Contractor requests a change of a previously approved submittal item, Contractor shall be responsible for Engineer's charges to Owner for its review time, and Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to

Contractor to secure reimbursement for such charges, unless the need for such change is beyond the control of Contractor.

- 7.17 Contractor's General Warranty and Guarantee
  - A. Contractor warrants and guarantees to Owner that all Work will be in accordance with the Contract Documents and will not be defective. Engineer and its officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors shall be entitled to rely on Contractor's warranty and guarantee.
  - B. Contractor's warranty and guarantee hereunder excludes defects or damage caused by:
    - 1. abuse, modification, or improper maintenance or operation by persons other than Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or any other individual or entity for whom Contractor is responsible; or
    - 2. normal wear and tear under normal usage.
  - C. Contractor's obligation to perform and complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents shall be absolute. None of the following will constitute an acceptance of Work that is not in accordance with the Contract Documents or a release of Contractor's obligation to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents:
    - 1. observations by Engineer;

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- 2. recommendation by Engineer or payment by Owner of any progress or final payment;
- 3. the issuance of a certificate of Substantial Completion by Engineer or any payment related thereto by Owner;
- 4. use or occupancy of the Work or any part thereof by Owner;
- 5. any review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample submittal;
  - the issuance of a notice of acceptability by Engineer;
  - any inspection, test, or approval by others; or
- 8. any correction of defective Work by Owner.
- D. If the Contract requires the Contractor to accept the assignment of a contract entered

into by Owner, then the specific warranties, guarantees, and correction obligations contained in the assigned contract shall govern with respect to Contractor's performance obligations to Owner for the Work described in the assigned contract.

### 7.18 Indemnification

- To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and A. Regulations, and in addition to any other obligations of Contractor under the Contract or otherwise, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the directors, agents, officers, members, partners, employees, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to the performance of the Work, provided that any such claim, cost, loss, or damage is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself), including the loss of use resulting therefrom but only to the extent caused by any negligent act or omission of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or any individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
- B. In any and all claims against Owner or Engineer or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents. consultants, or subcontractors by any employee (or the survivor or personal representative of such employee) of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or any individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the indemnification obligation under Paragraph 7.18.A shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for Contractor or any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employee benefit acts.
- C. The indemnification obligations of Contractor under Paragraph 7.18.A shall not extend to the liability of Engineer and Engineer's officers, directors, members, partners, employees,

agents, consultants and subcontractors arising out of:

- 1. the preparation or approval of, or the failure to prepare or approve maps, Drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, Change Orders, designs, or Specifications; or
- 2. giving directions or instructions, or failing to give them, if that is the primary cause of the injury or damage.
- 7.19 Delegation of Professional Design Services
  - A. Contractor will not be required to provide professional design services unless such services are specifically required by the Contract Documents for a portion of the Work or unless such services are required to carry out Contractor's responsibilities for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures. Contractor shall not be required to provide professional services in violation of applicable Laws and Regulations.
  - B. professional If design services or certifications by a design professional related to systems, materials, or equipment are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, Owner and Engineer will specify all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. Contractor shall cause such services or certifications to be provided by a properly licensed professional, whose signature and seal shall appear on all drawings, calculations, specifications, certifications, and other submittals prepared by such professional. Shop Drawings and other submittals related to the Work designed or certified by such professional, if prepared by others, shall bear such professional's written approval when submitted to Engineer.
    - Owner and Engineer shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy, accuracy, and completeness of the services, certifications, or approvals performed by such design professionals, provided Owner and Engineer have specified to Contractor all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy.
    - Pursuant to this paragraph, Engineer's review and approval of design calculations and design drawings will be only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with performance and design criteria given and the design concept expressed in the Contract

Documents. Engineer's review and approval of Shop Drawings and other submittals (except design calculations and design drawings) will be only for the purpose stated in Paragraph 7.16.D.1.

E. Contractor shall not be responsible for the adequacy of the performance or design criteria specified by Owner or Engineer.

### ARTICLE 8 – OTHER WORK AT THE SITE

8.01 Other Work

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- A. In addition to and apart from the Work under the Contract Documents, the Owner may perform other work at or adjacent to the Site. Such other work may be performed by Owner's employees, or through contracts between the Owner and third parties. Owner may also arrange to have third-party utility owners perform work on their utilities and facilities at or adjacent to the Site.
  - If Owner performs other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, or through contracts for such other work, then Owner shall give Contractor written notice thereof prior to starting any such other work. If Owner has advance information regarding the start of any utility work at or adjacent to the Site, Owner shall provide such information to Contractor.
  - C. Contractor shall afford each other contractor that performs such other work, each utility owner performing other work, and Owner, if Owner is performing other work with Owner's employees, proper and safe access to the Site, and provide a reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of materials and equipment and the execution of such other work. Contractor shall do all cutting, fitting, and patching of the Work that may be required to properly connect or otherwise make its several parts come together and properly integrate with such other work. Contractor shall not endanger any work of others by cutting, excavating, or otherwise altering such work; provided, however, that Contractor may cut or alter others' work with the written consent of Engineer and the others whose work will be affected.
  - D. If the proper execution or results of any part of Contractor's Work depends upon work performed by others under this Article 8, Contractor shall inspect such other work and promptly report to Engineer in writing any delays, defects, or deficiencies in such other

work that render it unavailable or unsuitable for the proper execution and results of Contractor's Work. Contractor's failure to so report will constitute an acceptance of such other work as fit and proper for integration with Contractor's Work except for latent defects and deficiencies in such other work.

### 8.02 Coordination

- A. If Owner intends to contract with others for the performance of other work at or adjacent to the Site, to perform other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, or to arrange to have utility owners perform work at or adjacent to the Site, the following will be set forth in the Supplementary Conditions or provided to Contractor prior to the start of any such other work:
  - 1. the identity of the individual or entity that will have authority and responsibility for coordination of the activities among the various contractors;
  - 2. an itemization of the specific matters to be covered by such authority and responsibility; and
  - 3. the extent of such authority and responsibilities.
- B. Unless otherwise provided in the Supplementary Conditions, Owner shall have sole authority and responsibility for such coordination.
- 8.03 Legal Relationships
  - If, in the course of performing other work at A. or adjacent to the Site for Owner, the Owner's employees, any other contractor working for Owner, or any utility owner causes damage to the Work or to the property of Contractor or its Subcontractors, or delays, disrupts, interferes with, or increases the scope or cost of the performance of the Work, through actions or inaction, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times under this paragraph within 30 days of the damaging, delaying, disrupting, or interfering event. The entitlement to, and extent of, any such equitable adjustment shall take into account information (if any) regarding such other work that was provided to Contractor in the Contract Documents prior to the submittal of the Bid or the final negotiation of the terms of the Contract. When applicable, any such

equitable adjustment in Contract Price shall be conditioned on Contractor assigning to Owner all Contractor's rights against such other contractor or utility owner with respect to the damage, delay, disruption, or interference that is the subject of the adjustment. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.

- Contractor shall take reasonable and Β. customary measures to avoid damaging, delaying, disrupting, or interfering with the work of Owner, any other contractor, or any utility owner performing other work at or adjacent to the Site. If Contractor fails to take such measures and as a result damages, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the work of any such other contractor or utility owner, then Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor, and assign to such other contractor or utility owner the Owner's contractual rights against Contractor with respect to the breach of the obligations set forth in this paragraph.
- C. When Owner is performing other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, Contractor shall be liable to Owner for damage to such other work, and for the reasonable direct delay, disruption, and interference costs incurred by Owner as a result of Contractor's failure to take reasonable and customary measures with respect to Owner's other work. In response to such damage, delay, disruption, or interference, Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor.
- If Contractor damages, delays, disrupts, or D. interferes with the work of any other contractor, or any utility owner performing other work at or adjacent to the Site, through Contractor's failure to take reasonable and customary measures to avoid such impacts, or if any claim arising out of Contractor's actions, inactions, or negligence in performance of the Work at or adjacent to the Site is made by any such other contractor or utility owner against Contractor, Owner, or Engineer, then Contractor shall (1) promptly attempt to settle the claim as to all parties through negotiations with such other contractor or utility owner, or otherwise resolve the claim by arbitration or other dispute resolution proceeding or at law, and (2) indemnify and hold harmless Owner and and the officers, Engineer, directors,

members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against any such claims, and against all costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such damage, delay, disruption, or interference.

### **ARTICLE 9 – OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 9.01 Communications to Contractor
  - A. Except as otherwise provided in these General Conditions, Owner shall issue all communications to Contractor through Engineer.
- 9.02 Replacement of Engineer
  - A. Owner may at its discretion appoint an engineer to replace Engineer, provided Contractor makes no reasonable objection to the replacement engineer. The replacement engineer's status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the former Engineer.
- 9.03 Furnish Data
  - A. Owner shall promptly furnish the data required of Owner under the Contract Documents.
- 9.04 Pay When Due
  - A. Owner shall make payments to Contractor when they are due as provided in the Agreement.
- 9.05 Lands and Easements; Reports, Tests, and Drawings
  - A. Owner's duties with respect to providing lands and easements are set forth in Paragraph 5.01.
  - B. Owner's duties with respect to providing engineering surveys to establish reference points are set forth in Paragraph 4.03.
  - C. Article 5 refers to Owner's identifying and making available to Contractor copies of reports of explorations and tests of conditions at the Site, and drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site.
- 9.06 Insurance
  - A. Owner's responsibilities, if any, with respect to purchasing and maintaining liability and property insurance are set forth in Article 6.

- 9.07 Change Orders
  - A. Owner's responsibilities with respect to Change Orders are set forth in Article 11.
- 9.08 Inspections, Tests, and Approvals
  - A. Owner's responsibility with respect to certain inspections, tests, and approvals is set forth in Paragraph 14.02.B.
- 9.09 *Limitations on Owner's Responsibilities* 
  - A. The Owner shall not supervise, direct, or have control or authority over, nor be responsible for, Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Owner will not be responsible for Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 9.10 Undisclosed Hazardous Environmental Condition
  - A. Owner's responsibility in respect to an undisclosed Hazardous Environmental Condition is set forth in Paragraph 5.06.
- 9.11 Evidence of Financial Arrangements
  - Upon request of Contractor, Owner shall furnish Contractor reasonable evidence that financial arrangements have been made to satisfy Owner's obligations under the Contract Documents (including obligations under proposed changes in the Work).
- 9.12 Safety Programs
  - A. While at the Site, Owner's employees and representatives shall comply with the specific applicable requirements of Contractor's safety programs of which Owner has been informed.
  - B. Owner shall furnish copies of any applicable Owner safety programs to Contractor.

### ARTICLE 10 – ENGINEER'S STATUS DURING CONSTRUCTION

- 10.01 *Owner's Representative* 
  - A. Engineer will be Owner's representative during the construction period. The duties and responsibilities and the limitations of authority of Engineer as Owner's representative during construction are set forth in the Contract.

#### 10.02 Visits to Site

- Engineer will make visits to the Site at A. intervals appropriate to the various stages of construction as Engineer deems necessary in order to observe as an experienced and qualified design professional the progress that has been made and the quality of the various aspects of Contractor's executed Work. Based on information obtained during such visits and observations, Engineer, for the benefit of Owner, will determine, in general, if the Work is proceeding in accordance with the Contract Documents. Engineer will not be required to make exhaustive or continuous inspections on the Site to check the quality or quantity of the Work. Engineer's efforts will be directed toward providing for Owner a greater degree of confidence that the completed Work will conform generally to the Contract Documents. On the basis of such visits and observations, Engineer will keep Owner informed of the progress of the Work and will endeavor to guard Owner against defective Work.
- B. Engineer's visits and observations are subject to all the limitations on Engineer's authority and responsibility set forth in Paragraph 10.08. Particularly, but without limitation, during or as a result of Engineer's visits or observations of Contractor's Work, Engineer will not supervise, direct, control, or have authority over or be responsible for Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work.

#### 10.03 Project Representative

If Owner and Engineer have agreed that A. Engineer will furnish a Resident Project Representative to represent Engineer at the Site and assist Engineer in observing the progress and quality of the Work, then the authority and responsibilities of any such Resident Project Representative will be as provided in the Supplementary Conditions, and limitations on the responsibilities thereof will be as provided in Paragraph 10.08. If Owner designates another representative or agent to represent Owner at the Site who is not Engineer's consultant, agent, or employee, the responsibilities and authority and limitations thereon of such other individual or entity will be as provided in the Supplementary Conditions.

- 10.04 *Rejecting Defective Work* 
  - A. Engineer has the authority to reject Work in accordance with Article 14.
- 10.05 Shop Drawings, Change Orders and Payments
  - A. Engineer's authority, and limitations thereof, as to Shop Drawings and Samples, are set forth in Paragraph 7.16.
  - B. Engineer's authority, and limitations thereof, as to design calculations and design drawings submitted in response to a delegation of professional design services, if any, are set forth in Paragraph 7.19.
  - C. Engineer's authority as to Change Orders is set forth in Article 11.
  - D. Engineer's authority as to Applications for Payment is set forth in Article 15.

#### 10.06 Determinations for Unit Price Work

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- Engineer will determine the actual quantities and classifications of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor as set forth in Paragraph 13.03.
- 10.07 Decisions on Requirements of Contract Documents and Acceptability of Work
  - Engineer will render decisions regarding the requirements of the Contract Documents, and judge the acceptability of the Work, pursuant to the specific procedures set forth herein for initial interpretations, Change Proposals, and acceptance of the Work. In rendering such decisions and judgments, Engineer will not show partiality to Owner or Contractor, and will not be liable to Owner, Contractor, or others in connection with any proceedings, interpretations, decisions, or judgments conducted or rendered in good faith.
- 10.08 Limitations on Engineer's Authority and Responsibilities
  - A. Neither Engineer's authority or responsibility under this Article 10 or under any other provision of the Contract, nor any decision made by Engineer in good faith either to exercise or not exercise such authority or responsibility or the undertaking, exercise, or performance of any authority or responsibility by Engineer, shall create, impose, or give rise to any duty in contract, tort, or otherwise owed by Engineer to Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, any other individual or entity, or to any surety for or employee or agent of any of them.

- B. Engineer will not supervise, direct, control, or have authority over or be responsible for Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Engineer will not be responsible for Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of Contractor or of any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or of any other individual or entity performing any of the Work.
- Engineer's review of the final Application for D. Payment and accompanying documentation and all maintenance and operating instructions, schedules, guarantees, bonds, certificates of inspection, tests and approvals, and other documentation required to be delivered by Paragraph 15.06.A will only be to determine generally that their content complies with the requirements of, and in the case of certificates of inspections, tests, and approvals, that the results certified indicate compliance with the Contract Documents.
- E. The limitations upon authority and responsibility set forth in this Paragraph 10.08 shall also apply to the Resident Project Representative, if any.
- 10.09 Compliance with Safety Program
  - A. While at the Site, Engineer's employees and representatives will comply with the specific applicable requirements of Owner's and Contractor's safety programs (if any) of which Engineer has been informed.

# ARTICLE 11 – AMENDING THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; CHANGES IN THE WORK

- 11.01 Amending and Supplementing Contract Documents
  - A. The Contract Documents may be amended or supplemented by a Change Order, a Work Change Directive, or a Field Order.
    - Change Orders:

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a. If an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents includes a change in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, such amendment or supplement must be set forth in a Change Order. A Change Order also may be used to establish amendments and supplements of the Contract Documents that do not affect the Contract Price or Contract Times.

- Owner and Contractor may amend b. those terms and conditions of the Contract Documents that do not involve (1) the performance or acceptability of the Work, (2) the design (as set forth in the Specifications, Drawings, or otherwise), or (3) other engineering or technical matters, without the recommendation of the Engineer. Such an amendment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
- Work Change Directives: A Work 2Change Directive will not change the Contract Price or the Contract Times but is evidence that the parties expect that the modification ordered or documented by a Work Change Directive will be incorporated in a subsequently issued Change Order, following negotiations by the parties as to the Work Change Directive's effect, if any, on the Contract Price and Contract Times; or, if negotiations are unsuccessful, by a determination under the terms of the Contract Documents governing adjustments, expressly including Paragraph 11.04 regarding change of Contract Price. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an adjustment of the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after the completion of the Work set out in the Work Change Directive. Owner must submit any Claim seeking an adjustment of the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both, no later than 60 days after issuance of the Work Change Directive.
- 3. *Field Orders*: Engineer may authorize minor changes in the Work if the changes do not involve an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times and are compatible with the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents. Such changes will be accomplished by a Field Order and will be binding on Owner and also on Contractor, which shall perform the Work involved promptly. If Contractor

believes that a Field Order justifies an adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then before proceeding with the Work at issue, Contractor shall submit a Change Proposal as provided herein.

#### 11.02 Owner-Authorized Changes in the Work

Without invalidating the Contract and without A. notice to any surety, Owner may, at any time or from time to time, order additions, deletions, or revisions in the Work. Such changes shall be supported by Engineer's recommendation, to the extent the change involves the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or other engineering or technical matters. Such changes may be accomplished by a Change Order, if Owner and Contractor have agreed as to the effect, if any, of the changes on Contract Times or Contract Price; or by a Work Change Directive. Upon receipt of any such document, Contractor shall promptly proceed with the Work involved; or, in the case of a deletion in the Work, promptly cease construction activities with respect to such deleted Work. Added or revised Work shall be performed under the applicable conditions of the Contract Documents. Nothing in this paragraph shall obligate Contractor to undertake work that Contractor reasonably concludes cannot be performed in a manner consistent with Contractor's safety obligations under the Contract Documents or Laws and Regulations.

#### 11.03 Unauthorized Changes in the Work

A. Contractor shall not be entitled to an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times with respect to any work performed that is not required by the Contract Documents, as amended, modified, or supplemented, except in the case of an emergency as provided in Paragraph 7.15 or in the case of uncovering Work as provided in Paragraph 14.05.

# 11.04 Change of Contract Price

- A. The Contract Price may only be changed by a Change Order. Any Change Proposal for an adjustment in the Contract Price shall comply with the provisions of Paragraph 11.06. Any Claim for an adjustment of Contract Price shall comply with the provisions of Article 12.
- B. An adjustment in the Contract Price will be determined as follows:

- 1. where the Work involved is covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, then by application of such unit prices to the quantities of the items involved (subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03); or
- 2. where the Work involved is not covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, then by a mutually agreed lump sum (which may include an allowance for overhead and profit not necessarily in accordance with Paragraph 11.04.C.2); or
- 3. where the Work involved is not covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents and the parties do not reach mutual agreement to a lump sum, then on the basis of the Cost of the Work (determined as provided in Paragraph 13.01) plus a Contractor's fee for overhead and profit (determined as provided in Paragraph 11.04.C).
- *Contractor's Fee*: When applicable, the Contractor's fee for overhead and profit shall be determined as follows:

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a mutually acceptable fixed fee; or

if a fixed fee is not agreed upon, then a fee based on the following percentages of the various portions of the Cost of the Work:

- a. for costs incurred under Paragraphs 13.01.B.1 and 13.01.B.2, the Contractor's fee shall be 15 percent;
- b. for costs incurred under Paragraph 13.01.B.3, the Contractor's fee shall be five percent;
- where one or more tiers of c. subcontracts are on the basis of Cost of the Work plus a fee and no fixed fee is agreed upon, the intent of Paragraphs 11.01.C.2.a and 11.01.C.2.b is that the Contractor's fee shall be based on: (1) a fee of 15 percent of the costs incurred under Paragraphs 13.01.A.1 and 13.01.A.2 by the Subcontractor that actually performs the Work, at whatever tier, and (2) with respect to Contractor itself and to any Subcontractors of a tier higher than that of the Subcontractor that actually performs the Work, a fee of five percent of the amount (fee

plus underlying costs incurred) attributable to the next lower tier Subcontractor; provided, however, that for any such subcontracted work the maximum total fee to be paid by Owner shall be no greater than 27 percent of the costs incurred by the Subcontractor that actually performs the work;

- d. no fee shall be payable on the basis of costs itemized under Paragraphs 13.01.B.4, 13.01.B.5, and 13.01.C;
- e. the amount of credit to be allowed by Contractor to Owner for any change which results in a net decrease in cost will be the amount of the actual net decrease in cost plus a deduction in Contractor's fee by an amount equal to five percent of such net decrease; and
- f. when both additions and credits are involved in any one change, the adjustment in Contractor's fee shall be computed on the basis of the net change in accordance with Paragraphs 11.04.C.2.a through 11.04.C.2.e, inclusive.

#### 11.05 Change of Contract Times

- A. The Contract Times may only be changed by a Change Order. Any Change Proposal for an adjustment in the Contract Times shall comply with the provisions of Paragraph 11.06. Any Claim for an adjustment in the Contract Times shall comply with the provisions of Article 12.
- B. An adjustment of the Contract Times shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Paragraph 4.05, concerning delays in Contractor's progress.

# 11.06 Change Proposals

Contractor shall submit a Change Proposal to Engineer to request an adjustment in the Contract Times or Contract Price; appeal an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or relating to the acceptability of the Work under the Contract Documents; contest a set-off against payment due; or seek other relief under the Contract. The Change Proposal shall specify any proposed change in Contract Times or Contract Price, or both, or other proposed relief, and explain the reason for the proposed change, with citations to any governing or applicable provisions of the Contract Documents.

- Procedures: Contractor shall submit 1 each Change Proposal to Engineer promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the start of the event giving rise thereto, or after such initial decision. The Contractor shall submit supporting data, including the proposed change in Contract Price or Contract Time (if any), to the Engineer and Owner within 15 days after the submittal of the Change Proposal. The supporting data shall be accompanied by a written statement that the supporting data are accurate and complete, and that any requested time or price adjustment is the entire adjustment to which Contractor believes it is entitled as a result of said event. Engineer will advise Owner regarding the Change Proposal, and consider any comments or response from Owner regarding the Change Proposal.
  - Engineer's Action: Engineer will review each Change Proposal and, within 30 days after receipt of the Contractor's supporting data, either deny the Change Proposal in whole, approve it in whole, or deny it in part and approve it in part. Such actions shall be in writing, with a copy provided to Owner and Contractor. If Engineer does not take action on the Change Proposal within 30 days, then either Owner or Contractor may at any time thereafter submit a letter to the other party indicating that as a result of Engineer's inaction the Change Proposal is deemed denied, thereby commencing the time for appeal of the denial under Article 12.
- 3. *Binding Decision*: Engineer's decision will be final and binding upon Owner and Contractor, unless Owner or Contractor appeals the decision by filing a Claim under Article 12.
- B. *Resolution of Certain Change Proposals*: If the Change Proposal does not involve the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), the acceptability of the Work, or other engineering or technical matters, then Engineer will notify the parties that the Engineer is unable to resolve the Change Proposal. For purposes of further resolution of such a Change Proposal, such notice shall be deemed a denial, and Contractor may choose to seek resolution under the terms of Article 12.

- 11.07 Execution of Change Orders
  - A. Owner and Contractor shall execute appropriate Change Orders covering:
    - 1. changes in the Contract Price or Contract Times which are agreed to by the parties, including any undisputed sum or amount of time for Work actually performed in accordance with a Work Change Directive;
    - 2. changes in Contract Price resulting from an Owner set-off, unless Contractor has duly contested such set-off;
    - 3. changes in the Work which are: (a) ordered by Owner pursuant to Paragraph 11.02, (b) required because of Owner's acceptance of defective Work under Paragraph 14.04 or Owner's correction of defective Work under Paragraph 14.07, or (c) agreed to by the parties, subject to the need for Engineer's recommendation if the change in the Work involves the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or other engineering or technical matters; and
    - 4. changes in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or other changes, which embody the substance of any final and binding results under Paragraph 11.06, or Article 12.
  - B. If Owner or Contractor refuses to execute a Change Order that is required to be executed under the terms of this Paragraph 11.07, it shall be deemed to be of full force and effect, as if fully executed.
- 11.08 Notification to Surety
  - A. If the provisions of any bond require notice to be given to a surety of any change affecting the general scope of the Work or the provisions of the Contract Documents (including, but not limited to, Contract Price or Contract Times), the giving of any such notice will be Contractor's responsibility. The amount of each applicable bond will be adjusted to reflect the effect of any such change.

# ARTICLE 12 – CLAIMS

# 12.01 Claims

A. *Claims Process*: The following disputes between Owner and Contractor shall be

submitted to the Claims process set forth in this Article:

- 1. Appeals by Owner or Contractor of Engineer's decisions regarding Change Proposals;
- 2. Owner demands for adjustments in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or other relief under the Contract Documents; and
- 3. Disputes that Engineer has been unable to address because they do not involve the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), the acceptability of the Work, or other engineering or technical matters.
- Submittal of Claim: The party submitting a B. Claim shall deliver it directly to the other party to the Contract promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the start of the event giving rise thereto; in the case of appeals regarding Change Proposals within 30 days of the decision under appeal. The party submitting the Claim shall also furnish a copy to the Engineer, for its information only. The responsibility to substantiate a Claim shall rest with the party making the Claim. In the case of a Claim by Contractor seeking an increase in the Contract Times or Contract Price, or both, Contractor shall certify that the Claim is made in good faith, that the supporting data are accurate and complete, and that to the best of Contractor's knowledge and belief the amount of time or money requested accurately reflects the full amount to which Contractor is entitled.
- C. *Review and Resolution*: The party receiving a Claim shall review it thoroughly, giving full consideration to its merits. The two parties shall seek to resolve the Claim through the exchange of information and direct negotiations. The parties may extend the time for resolving the Claim by mutual agreement. All actions taken on a Claim shall be stated in writing and submitted to the other party, with a copy to Engineer.
- D. Mediation:
  - 1. At any time after initiation of a Claim, Owner and Contractor may mutually agree to mediation of the underlying dispute. The agreement to mediate shall stay the Claim submittal and response process.
  - 2. If Owner and Contractor agree to mediation, then after 60 days from such

agreement, either Owner or Contractor may unilaterally terminate the mediation process, and the Claim submittal and decision process shall resume as of the date of the termination. If the mediation proceeds but is unsuccessful in resolving the dispute, the Claim submittal and decision process shall resume as of the date of the conclusion of the mediation, as determined by the mediator.

- 3. Owner and Contractor shall each pay one-half of the mediator's fees and costs.
- E. *Partial Approval*: If the party receiving a Claim approves the Claim in part and denies it in part, such action shall be final and binding unless within 30 days of such action the other party invokes the procedure set forth in Article 17 for final resolution of disputes.
- F. *Denial of Claim*: If efforts to resolve a Claim are not successful, the party receiving the Claim may deny it by giving written notice of denial to the other party. If the receiving party does not take action on the Claim within 90 days, then either Owner or Contractor may at any time thereafter submit a letter to the other party indicating that as a result of the inaction, the Claim is deemed denied, thereby commencing the time for appeal of the denial. A denial of the Claim shall be final and binding unless within 30 days of the denial the other party invokes the procedure set forth in Article 17 for the final resolution of disputes.
- G. *Final and Binding Results*: If the parties reach a mutual agreement regarding a Claim, whether through approval of the Claim, direct negotiations, mediation, or otherwise; or if a Claim is approved in part and denied in part, or denied in full, and such actions become final and binding; then the results of the agreement or action on the Claim shall be incorporated in a Change Order to the extent they affect the Contract, including the Work, the Contract Times, or the Contract Price.

#### ARTICLE 13 – COST OF THE WORK; ALLOWANCES; UNIT PRICE WORK

- 13.01 Cost of the Work
  - Purposes for Determination of Cost of the Work: The term Cost of the Work means the sum of all costs necessary for the proper performance of the Work at issue, as further defined below. The provisions of this Paragraph 13.01 are used for two distinct purposes:

- 1. To determine Cost of the Work when Cost of the Work is a component of the Contract Price, under cost-plus-fee, time-and-materials, or other cost-based terms; or
- 2. To determine the value of a Change Order, Change Proposal, Claim, set-off, or other adjustment in Contract Price. When the value of any such adjustment is determined on the basis of Cost of the Work, Contractor is entitled only to those additional or incremental costs required because of the change in the Work or because of the event giving rise to the adjustment.
- B. *Costs Included*: Except as otherwise may be agreed to in writing by Owner, costs included in the Cost of the Work shall be in amounts no higher than those prevailing in the locality of the Project, shall not include any of the costs itemized in Paragraph 13.01.C, and shall include only the following items:
  - Payroll costs for employees in the direct 1. employ of Contractor in the performance of the Work under schedules of job classifications agreed upon by Owner and Contractor. Such employees shall without include. limitation. superintendents, foremen, and other personnel employed full time on the Work. Payroll costs for employees not employed full time on the Work shall be apportioned on the basis of their time spent on the Work. Payroll costs shall include, but not be limited to, salaries and wages plus the cost of fringe benefits, which shall include social security contributions, unemployment, excise, and payroll taxes, workers' compensation, health and retirement benefits, bonuses, sick leave, and vacation and holiday pay applicable thereto. The expenses of performing Work outside of regular working hours, on Saturday, Sunday, or legal holidays, shall be included in the above to the extent authorized by Owner.
  - 2. Cost of all materials and equipment furnished and incorporated in the Work, including costs of transportation and storage thereof, and Suppliers' field services required in connection therewith. All cash discounts shall accrue to Contractor unless Owner deposits funds with Contractor with which to make payments, in which case

the cash discounts shall accrue to Owner. All trade discounts, rebates, and refunds and returns from sale of surplus materials and equipment shall accrue to Owner, and Contractor shall make provisions so that they may be obtained.

- Payments made by Contractor to 3. Subcontractors for Work performed by Subcontractors. If required by Owner, Contractor shall obtain competitive bids from subcontractors acceptable to Owner and Contractor and shall deliver such bids to Owner, who will then determine, with the advice of Engineer, which bids, if any, will be acceptable. If any subcontract provides that the Subcontractor is to be paid on the basis of Cost of the Work plus a fee, the Subcontractor's Cost of the Work and fee shall be determined in the same manner as Contractor's Cost of the Work and fee as provided in this Paragraph 13.01.
- 4. Costs of special consultants (including but not limited to engineers, architects, testing laboratories, surveyors, attorneys, and accountants) employed for services specifically related to the Work.
- 5. Supplemental costs including the following:
  - a. The proportion of necessary transportation, travel, and subsistence expenses of Contractor's employees incurred in discharge of duties connected with the Work.
    - Cost, including transportation and maintenance, of all materials, supplies, equipment, machinery, appliances, office, and temporary facilities at the Site, and hand tools not owned by the workers, which are consumed in the performance of the Work, and cost, less market value, of such items used but not consumed which remain the property of Contractor.

Rentals of all construction equipment and machinery, and the parts thereof, whether rented from Contractor or others in accordance with rental agreements approved by Owner with the advice of Engineer, and the costs of transportation, loading, unloading, assembly, dismantling, and removal thereof. All such costs shall be in accordance with the terms of said rental agreements. The rental of any such equipment, machinery, or parts shall cease when the use thereof is no longer necessary for the Work.

- d. Sales, consumer, use, and other similar taxes related to the Work, and for which Contractor is liable, as imposed by Laws and Regulations.
  - Deposits lost for causes other than negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable, and royalty payments and fees for permits and licenses.
  - Losses and damages (and related expenses) caused by damage to the Work, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, sustained by Contractor in connection with the performance of the Work (except losses and damages within the deductible amounts of property insurance established in accordance with Paragraph 6.05), provided such losses and damages have resulted from causes other than the negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable. Such losses shall include settlements made with the written consent and approval of Owner. No such losses, damages, and expenses shall be included in the Cost of the Work for the purpose of determining Contractor's fee.
- g. The cost of utilities, fuel, and sanitary facilities at the Site.
- h. Minor expenses such as communication service at the Site, express and courier services, and similar petty cash items in connection with the Work.
- i. The costs of premiums for all bonds and insurance that

Contractor is required by the Contract Documents to purchase and maintain.

- C. *Costs Excluded*: The term Cost of the Work shall not include any of the following items:
  - Pavroll costs and other compensation of 1. Contractor's officers, executives. principals (of partnerships and sole proprietorships), general managers, safety managers, engineers, architects, estimators, attorneys, auditors, accountants, purchasing and contracting agents, expediters, timekeepers, clerks, and other personnel employed by Contractor, whether at the Site or in Contractor's principal or branch office for general administration of the Work and not specifically included in the agreed upon schedule of job classifications referred to in Paragraph 13.01.B.1 or specifically covered by Paragraph 13.01.B.4. The payroll costs and other compensation excluded here are to be considered administrative costs covered by the Contractor's fee.
  - 2. Expenses of Contractor's principal and branch offices other than Contractor's office at the Site.
  - 3. Any part of Contractor's capital expenses, including interest on Contractor's capital employed for the Work and charges against Contractor for delinquent payments.
  - 4. Costs due to the negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable, including but not limited to, the correction of defective Work, disposal of materials or equipment wrongly supplied, and making good any damage to property.
  - 5. Other overhead or general expense costs of any kind and the costs of any item not specifically and expressly included in Paragraph 13.01.B.
  - Contractor's Fee: When the Work as a whole is performed on the basis of cost-plus, Contractor's fee shall be determined as set forth in the Agreement. When the value of any Work covered by a Change Order, Change Proposal, Claim, set-off, or other adjustment in Contract Price is determined on the basis of

Cost of the Work, Contractor's fee shall be determined as set forth in Paragraph 11.04.C.

E. *Documentation*: Whenever the Cost of the Work for any purpose is to be determined pursuant to this Article 13, Contractor will establish and maintain records thereof in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and submit in a form acceptable to Engineer an itemized cost breakdown together with supporting data.

# 13.02 Allowances

- A. It is understood that Contractor has included in the Contract Price all allowances so named in the Contract Documents and shall cause the Work so covered to be performed for such sums and by such persons or entities as may be acceptable to Owner and Engineer.
- B. *Cash Allowances*: Contractor agrees that:
  - 1. the cash allowances include the cost to Contractor (less any applicable trade discounts) of materials and equipment required by the allowances to be delivered at the Site, and all applicable taxes; and
    - Contractor's costs for unloading and handling on the Site, labor, installation, overhead, profit, and other expenses contemplated for the cash allowances have been included in the Contract Price and not in the allowances, and no demand for additional payment on account of any of the foregoing will be valid.
- C. *Contingency Allowance*: Contractor agrees that a contingency allowance, if any, is for the sole use of Owner to cover unanticipated costs.
- D. Prior to final payment, an appropriate Change Order will be issued as recommended by Engineer to reflect actual amounts due Contractor on account of Work covered by allowances, and the Contract Price shall be correspondingly adjusted.
- 13.03 Unit Price Work
  - A. Where the Contract Documents provide that all or part of the Work is to be Unit Price Work, initially the Contract Price will be deemed to include for all Unit Price Work an amount equal to the sum of the unit price for each separately identified item of Unit Price Work times the estimated quantity of each item as indicated in the Agreement.

- B. The estimated quantities of items of Unit Price Work are not guaranteed and are solely for the purpose of comparison of Bids and determining an initial Contract Price. Payments to Contractor for Unit Price Work will be based on actual quantities.
- C. Each unit price will be deemed to include an amount considered by Contractor to be adequate to cover Contractor's overhead and profit for each separately identified item.
- D. Engineer will determine the actual quantities and classifications of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor. Engineer will review with Contractor the Engineer's preliminary determinations on such matters before rendering a written decision thereon (by recommendation of an Application for Payment or otherwise). Engineer's written decision thereon will be final and binding (except as modified by Engineer to reflect changed factual conditions or more accurate data) upon Owner and Contractor, subject to the provisions of the following paragraph.
- E. Within 30 days of Engineer's written decision under the preceding paragraph, Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may file a Claim, seeking an adjustment in the Contract Price if:
  - 1. the quantity of any item of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor differs materially and significantly from the estimated quantity of such item indicated in the Agreement;
  - 2. there is no corresponding adjustment with respect to any other item of Work; and
  - 3. Contractor believes that it is entitled to an increase in Contract Price as a result of having incurred additional expense or Owner believes that Owner is entitled to a decrease in Contract Price, and the parties are unable to agree as to the amount of any such increase or decrease.

#### ARTICLE 14 – TESTS AND INSPECTIONS; CORRECTION, REMOVAL OR ACCEPTANCE OF DEFECTIVE WORK

- 14.01 Access to Work
  - A. Owner, Engineer, their consultants and other representatives and personnel of Owner, independent testing laboratories, and authorities having jurisdiction will have access to the Site and the Work at reasonable

times for their observation, inspection, and testing. Contractor shall provide them proper and safe conditions for such access and advise them of Contractor's safety procedures and programs so that they may comply therewith as applicable.

#### 14.02 Tests, Inspections, and Approvals

- A. Contractor shall give Engineer timely notice of readiness of the Work (or specific parts thereof) for all required inspections and tests, and shall cooperate with inspection and testing personnel to facilitate required inspections and tests.
- B. Owner shall retain and pay for the services of an independent inspector, testing laboratory, or other qualified individual or entity to perform all inspections and tests expressly required by the Contract Documents to be furnished and paid for by Owner, except that costs incurred in connection with tests or inspections of covered Work shall be governed by the provisions of Paragraph 14.05.
- C. If Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction require any Work (or part thereof) specifically to be inspected, tested, or approved by an employee or other representative of such public body, Contractor shall assume full responsibility for arranging and obtaining such inspections, tests, or approvals, pay all costs in connection therewith, and furnish Engineer the required certificates of inspection or approval.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for arranging, obtaining, and paying for all inspections and tests required:
  - 1. by the Contract Documents, unless the Contract Documents expressly allocate responsibility for a specific inspection or test to Owner;
  - 2. to attain Owner's and Engineer's acceptance of materials or equipment to be incorporated in the Work;
  - 3. by manufacturers of equipment furnished under the Contract Documents;
  - 4. for testing, adjusting, and balancing of mechanical, electrical, and other equipment to be incorporated into the Work; and
  - 5. for acceptance of materials, mix designs, or equipment submitted for approval

prior to Contractor's purchase thereof for incorporation in the Work.

Such inspections and tests shall be performed by independent inspectors, testing laboratories, or other qualified individuals or entities acceptable to Owner and Engineer.

- E. If the Contract Documents require the Work (or part thereof) to be approved by Owner, Engineer, or another designated individual or entity, then Contractor shall assume full responsibility for arranging and obtaining such approvals.
- F. If any Work (or the work of others) that is to be inspected, tested, or approved is covered by Contractor without written concurrence of Engineer, Contractor shall, if requested by Engineer, uncover such Work for observation. Such uncovering shall be at Contractor's expense unless Contractor had given Engineer timely notice of Contractor's intention to cover the same and Engineer had not acted with reasonable promptness in response to such notice.
- 14.03 Defective Work
  - A. *Contractor's Obligation*: It is Contractor's obligation to assure that the Work is not defective.
  - B. *Engineer's Authority*: Engineer has the authority to determine whether Work is defective, and to reject defective Work.
  - C. *Notice of Defects*: Prompt notice of all defective Work of which Owner or Engineer has actual knowledge will be given to Contractor.
  - D. Correction, or Removal and Replacement: Promptly after receipt of written notice of defective Work, Contractor shall correct all such defective Work, whether or not fabricated, installed, or completed, or, if Engineer has rejected the defective Work, remove it from the Project and replace it with Work that is not defective.
  - E. *Preservation of Warranties*: When correcting defective Work, Contractor shall take no action that would void or otherwise impair Owner's special warranty and guarantee, if any, on said Work.
  - F. Costs and Damages: In addition to its correction, removal, and replacement obligations with respect to defective Work, Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages arising out of or relating to

defective Work, including but not limited to the cost of the inspection, testing, correction, removal, replacement, or reconstruction of such defective Work, fines levied against Owner by governmental authorities because the Work is defective, and the costs of repair or replacement of work of others resulting from defective Work. Prior to final payment, if Owner and Contractor are unable to agree as to the measure of such claims, costs, losses, and damages resulting from defective Work, then Owner may impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15.

#### 14.04 Acceptance of Defective Work

- If, instead of requiring correction or removal A. and replacement of defective Work, Owner prefers to accept it, Owner may do so (subject, if such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, to Engineer's confirmation that such acceptance is in general accord with the design intent and applicable engineering principles, and will not endanger public safety). Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages attributable to Owner's evaluation of and determination to accept such defective Work (such costs to be approved by Engineer as to reasonableness), and for the diminished value of the Work to the extent not otherwise paid by Contractor. If any such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, the necessary revisions in the Contract Documents with respect to the Work shall be incorporated in a Change Order. If the parties are unable to agree as to the decrease in the Contract Price, reflecting the diminished value of Work so accepted, then Owner may impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15. If the acceptance of defective Work occurs after final payment, Contractor shall pay an appropriate amount to Owner.
- 14.05 Uncovering Work
  - A. Engineer has the authority to require special inspection or testing of the Work, whether or not the Work is fabricated, installed, or completed.
  - B. If any Work is covered contrary to the written request of Engineer, then Contractor shall, if requested by Engineer, uncover such Work for Engineer's observation, and then replace the covering, all at Contractor's expense.
  - C. If Engineer considers it necessary or advisable that covered Work be observed by Engineer or inspected or tested by others, then Contractor, at Engineer's request, shall uncover, expose,

or otherwise make available for observation, inspection, or testing as Engineer may require, that portion of the Work in question, and provide all necessary labor, material, and equipment.

- If it is found that the uncovered Work is 1. defective. Contractor shall be responsible for all claims, costs, losses, and damages arising out of or relating to such uncovering, exposure, observation, and testing, inspection, and of replacement satisfactory or reconstruction (including but not limited to all costs of repair or replacement of work of others): and pending Contractor's full discharge of this responsibility the Owner shall be entitled to impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15.
- 2. If the uncovered Work is not found to be defective. Contractor shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times, or both, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection. testing, replacement, and reconstruction. If the parties are unable to agree as to the extent thereof, amount or then Contractor may submit a Change Proposal within 30 days of the determination that the Work is not defective.

# 14.06 Owner May Stop the Work

A. If the Work is defective, or Contractor fails to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment, or fails to perform the Work in such a way that the completed Work will conform to the Contract Documents, then Owner may order Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of Owner to stop the Work shall not give rise to any duty on the part of Owner to exercise this right for the benefit of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, any other individual or entity, or any surety for, or employee or agent of any of them.

#### 14.07 Owner May Correct Defective Work

A. If Contractor fails within a reasonable time after written notice from Engineer to correct defective Work, or to remove and replace rejected Work as required by Engineer, or if Contractor fails to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, or if Contractor fails to comply with any other provision of the Contract Documents, then Owner may, after seven days written notice to Contractor, correct or remedy any such deficiency.

- B. In exercising the rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07, Owner shall proceed expeditiously. In connection with such corrective or remedial action, Owner may exclude Contractor from all or part of the Site, take possession of all or part of the Work and suspend Contractor's services related thereto, and incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Site or for which Owner has paid Contractor but which are stored elsewhere. Contractor shall allow Owner, Owner's representatives, agents and employees, Owner's other contractors, and Engineer and Engineer's consultants access to the Site to enable Owner to exercise the rights and remedies under this paragraph.
  - All claims, costs, losses, and damages incurred or sustained by Owner in exercising the rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07 will be charged against Contractor as set-offs against payments due under Article 15. Such claims, costs, losses and damages will include but not be limited to all costs of repair, or replacement of work of others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal, or replacement of Contractor's defective Work.
- D. Contractor shall not be allowed an extension of the Contract Times because of any delay in the performance of the Work attributable to the exercise by Owner of Owner's rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07.

#### **ARTICLE 15 – PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR; SET-OFFS; COMPLETION; CORRECTION PERIOD**

#### 15.01 Progress Payments

C.

A. *Basis for Progress Payments*: The Schedule of Values established as provided in Article 2 will serve as the basis for progress payments and will be incorporated into a form of Application for Payment acceptable to Engineer. Progress payments on account of Unit Price Work will be based on the number of units completed during the pay period, as determined under the provisions of Paragraph 13.03. Progress payments for cost-based Work will be based on Cost of the Work completed by Contractor during the pay period.

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- B. Applications for Payments:
  - At least 20 days before the date 1. established in the Agreement for each progress payment (but not more often than once a month), Contractor shall submit to Engineer for review an Application for Payment filled out and signed by Contractor covering the Work completed as of the date of the Application and accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents. If payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work but delivered and suitably stored at the Site or at another location agreed to in writing, the Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by a bill of sale, invoice, or other documentation warranting that Owner has received the materials and equipment free and clear of all Liens, and evidence that the materials and equipment are covered by appropriate property insurance, а warehouse bond, or other arrangements to protect Owner's interest therein, all of which must be satisfactory to Owner.
  - 2. Beginning with the second Application for Payment, each Application shall include an affidavit of Contractor stating that all previous progress payments received on account of the Work have been applied on account to discharge Contractor's legitimate obligations associated with prior Applications for Payment.
  - 3. The amount of retainage with respect to progress payments will be as stipulated in the Agreement.
- C. Review of Applications:
  - Engineer will, within 10 days after 1. receipt of each Application for Payment, including each resubmittal, either indicate in writing a recommendation of payment and present the Application to Owner, or return the Application to Contractor indicating in writing Engineer's reasons for refusing to recommend payment. In the latter case, Contractor may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application.
  - 2. Engineer's recommendation of any payment requested in an Application for Payment will constitute a representation

by Engineer to Owner, based on Engineer's observations of the executed Work as an experienced and qualified design professional, and on Engineer's review of the Application for Payment and the accompanying data and schedules, that to the best of Engineer's knowledge, information and belief:

- a. the Work has progressed to the point indicated;
- b. the quality of the Work is generally in accordance with the Contract Documents (subject to an evaluation of the Work as a functioning whole prior to or upon Substantial Completion, the results of any subsequent tests called for in the Contract Documents, a final determination of quantities and classifications for Unit Price Work under Paragraph 13.03, and any other qualifications stated in the recommendation); and

the conditions precedent to Contractor's being entitled to such payment appear to have been fulfilled in so far as it is Engineer's responsibility to observe the Work.

By recommending any such payment Engineer will not thereby be deemed to have represented that:

3.

- a. inspections made to check the quality or the quantity of the Work as it has been performed have been exhaustive, extended to every aspect of the Work in progress, or involved detailed inspections of the Work beyond the responsibilities specifically assigned to Engineer in the Contract; or
- b. there may not be other matters or issues between the parties that might entitle Contractor to be paid additionally by Owner or entitle Owner to withhold payment to Contractor.
- 4. Neither Engineer's review of Contractor's Work for the purposes of recommending payments nor Engineer's recommendation of any payment, including final payment, will impose responsibility on Engineer:
  - a. to supervise, direct, or control the Work, or

- b. for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or
- c. for Contractor's failure to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to Contractor's performance of the Work, or
- d. to make any examination to ascertain how or for what purposes Contractor has used the money paid on account of the Contract Price, or
- e. to determine that title to any of the Work, materials, or equipment has passed to Owner free and clear of any Liens.
- 5. Engineer may refuse to recommend the whole or any part of any payment if, in Engineer's opinion, it would be incorrect to make the representations to Owner stated in Paragraph 15.01.C.2.
- 6. Engineer will recommend reductions in payment (set-offs) necessary in Engineer's opinion to protect Owner from loss because:
  - a. the Work is defective, requiring correction or replacement;
  - b. the Contract Price has been reduced by Change Orders;
  - c. Owner has been required to correct defective Work in accordance with Paragraph 14.07, or has accepted defective Work pursuant to Paragraph 14.04;
    - Owner has been required to remove or remediate a Hazardous Environmental Condition for which Contractor is responsible; or
    - Engineer has actual knowledge of the occurrence of any of the events that would constitute a default by Contractor and therefore justify termination for cause under the Contract Documents.
- Payment Becomes Due:
- 1. Ten days after presentation of the Application for Payment to Owner with Engineer's recommendation, the amount recommended (subject to any Owner set-

offs) will become due, and when due will be paid by Owner to Contractor.

- E. Reductions in Payment by Owner:
  - 1. In addition to any reductions in payment (set-offs) recommended by Engineer, Owner is entitled to impose a set-off against payment based on any of the following:
    - claims have been made against a. Owner on account of Contractor's conduct in the performance or furnishing of the Work, or Owner has incurred costs, losses, or damages on account of conduct in Contractor's the performance or furnishing of the Work, including but not limited to claims, costs, losses, or damages from workplace injuries, adjacent property damage, non-compliance with Laws and Regulations, and patent infringement;
      - Contractor has failed to take reasonable and customary measures to avoid damage, delay, disruption, and interference with other work at or adjacent to the Site;
    - c. Contractor has failed to provide and maintain required bonds or insurance;
    - d. Owner has been required to remove or remediate a Hazardous Environmental Condition for which Contractor is responsible;
    - e. Owner has incurred extra charges or engineering costs related to submittal reviews, evaluations of proposed substitutes, tests and inspections, or return visits to manufacturing or assembly facilities;
    - f. the Work is defective, requiring correction or replacement;
    - g. Owner has been required to correct defective Work in accordance with Paragraph 14.07, or has accepted defective Work pursuant to Paragraph 14.04;
    - h. the Contract Price has been reduced by Change Orders;

- i. an event that would constitute a default by Contractor and therefore justify a termination for cause has occurred;
- j. liquidated damages have accrued as a result of Contractor's failure to achieve Milestones, Substantial Completion, or final completion of the Work;
- k. Liens have been filed in connection with the Work, except where Contractor has delivered a specific bond satisfactory to Owner to secure the satisfaction and discharge of such Liens;
- 1. there are other items entitling Owner to a set off against the amount recommended.
- If Owner imposes any set-off against 2. payment, whether based on its own knowledge or on the written recommendations of Engineer, Owner will give Contractor immediate written notice (with a copy to Engineer) stating the reasons for such action and the specific amount of the reduction, and promptly pay Contractor any amount remaining after deduction of the amount so withheld. Owner shall promptly pay Contractor the amount so withheld, or any adjustment thereto agreed to by Owner and Contractor, if Contractor remedies the reasons for such action. The reduction imposed shall be binding on Contractor unless it duly submits a Change Proposal contesting the reduction.
- 3. Upon a subsequent determination that Owner's refusal of payment was not justified, the amount wrongfully withheld shall be treated as an amount due as determined by Paragraph 15.01.C.1 and subject to interest as provided in the Agreement.

# 15.02 Contractor's Warranty of Title

Contractor warrants and guarantees that title to all Work, materials, and equipment furnished under the Contract will pass to Owner free and clear of (1) all Liens and other title defects, and (2) all patent, licensing, copyright, or royalty obligations, no later than seven days after the time of payment by Owner.

#### 15.03 Substantial Completion

- A. When Contractor considers the entire Work ready for its intended use Contractor shall notify Owner and Engineer in writing that the entire Work is substantially complete and request that Engineer issue a certificate of Substantial Completion. Contractor shall at the same time submit to Owner and Engineer an initial draft of punch list items to be completed or corrected before final payment.
- B. Promptly after Contractor's notification, Owner, Contractor, and Engineer shall make an inspection of the Work to determine the status of completion. If Engineer does not consider the Work substantially complete, Engineer will notify Contractor in writing giving the reasons therefor.
- С. If Engineer considers the Work substantially complete, Engineer will deliver to Owner a preliminary certificate of Substantial Completion which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion. Engineer shall attach to the certificate a punch list of items to be completed or corrected before final payment. Owner shall have seven days after receipt of the preliminary certificate during which to make written objection to Engineer as to any provisions of the certificate or attached punch list. If, after considering the objections to the provisions of the preliminary certificate, Engineer concludes that the Work is not substantially complete, Engineer will, within 14 days after submission of the preliminary certificate to Owner, notify Contractor in writing that the Work is not substantially complete, stating the reasons therefor. If Owner does not object to the provisions of the certificate, or if despite consideration of Owner's objections Engineer concludes that the Work is substantially complete, then Engineer will, within said 14 days, execute and deliver to Owner and Contractor a final certificate of Substantial Completion (with a revised punch list of items to be completed or corrected) reflecting such changes from the preliminary certificate as Engineer believes justified after consideration of any objections from Owner.
- D. At the time of receipt of the preliminary certificate of Substantial Completion, Owner and Contractor will confer regarding Owner's use or occupancy of the Work following Substantial Completion, review the builder's risk insurance policy with respect to the end of the builder's risk coverage, and confirm the transition to coverage of the Work under a

permanent property insurance policy held by Owner. Unless Owner and Contractor agree otherwise in writing, Owner shall bear responsibility for security, operation, protection of the Work, property insurance, maintenance, heat, and utilities upon Owner's use or occupancy of the Work.

- E. After Substantial Completion the Contractor shall promptly begin work on the punch list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment. In appropriate cases Contractor may submit monthly Applications for Payment for completed punch list items, following the progress payment procedures set forth above.
- F. Owner shall have the right to exclude Contractor from the Site after the date of Substantial Completion subject to allowing Contractor reasonable access to remove its property and complete or correct items on the punch list.

#### 15.04 Partial Use or Occupancy

A. Prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work, Owner may use or occupy any substantially completed part of the Work which has specifically been identified in the Contract Documents, or which Owner, Engineer, and Contractor agree constitutes a separately functioning and usable part of the Work that can be used by Owner for its purpose without significant intended interference with Contractor's performance of the remainder of the Work, subject to the following conditions:

> 1. At any time Owner may request in writing that Contractor permit Owner to use or occupy any such part of the Work that Owner believes to be substantially complete. If and when Contractor agrees that such part of the Work is substantially complete, Contractor, Owner, and Engineer will follow the procedures of Paragraph 15.03.A through E for that part of the Work.

2. At any time Contractor may notify Owner and Engineer in writing that Contractor considers any such part of the Work substantially complete and request Engineer to issue a certificate of Substantial Completion for that part of the Work.

3. Within a reasonable time after either such request, Owner, Contractor, and Engineer shall make an inspection of that

part of the Work to determine its status of completion. If Engineer does not consider that part of the Work to be substantially complete, Engineer will notify Owner and Contractor in writing giving the reasons therefor. If Engineer considers that part of the Work to be substantially complete, the provisions of Paragraph 15.03 will apply with respect to certification of Substantial Completion of that part of the Work and the division of responsibility in respect thereof and access thereto.

4. No use or occupancy or separate operation of part of the Work may occur prior to compliance with the requirements of Paragraph 6.05 regarding builder's risk or other property insurance.

#### 15.05 Final Inspection

A.

Upon written notice from Contractor that the entire Work or an agreed portion thereof is complete, Engineer will promptly make a final inspection with Owner and Contractor and will notify Contractor in writing of all particulars in which this inspection reveals that the Work, or agreed portion thereof, is incomplete or defective. Contractor shall immediately take such measures as are necessary to complete such Work or remedy such deficiencies.

# 15.06 Final Payment

- A. Application for Payment:
  - 1. After Contractor has, in the opinion of Engineer, satisfactorily completed all corrections identified during the final inspection and has delivered. in accordance with the Contract all maintenance Documents, and instructions. operating schedules. guarantees, bonds, certificates or other evidence of insurance, certificates of inspection, annotated record documents (as provided in Paragraph 7.11), and other documents. Contractor may make application for final payment.
  - 2. The final Application for Payment shall be accompanied (except as previously delivered) by:
    - a. all documentation called for in the Contract Documents;
    - b. consent of the surety, if any, to final payment;

- c. satisfactory evidence that all title issues have been resolved such that title to all Work, materials, and equipment has passed to Owner free and clear of any Liens or other title defects, or will so pass upon final payment.
- d. a list of all disputes that Contractor believes are unsettled; and
- e. complete and legally effective releases or waivers (satisfactory to Owner) of all Lien rights arising out of the Work, and of Liens filed in connection with the Work.
- In lieu of the releases or waivers of Liens 3. specified in Paragraph 15.06.A.2 and as approved by Owner, Contractor may furnish receipts or releases in full and an affidavit of Contractor that: (a) the releases and receipts include all labor, services, material, and equipment for which a Lien could be filed; and (b) all payrolls, material and equipment bills, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which Owner might in any way be responsible, or which might in any way result in liens or other burdens on Owner's property, have been paid or otherwise satisfied. If any Subcontractor or Supplier fails to furnish such a release or receipt in full, Contractor may furnish a bond or other collateral satisfactory to Owner to indemnify Owner against any Lien, or Owner at its option may issue joint checks payable to Contractor and specified Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- B. Engineer's Review of Application and Acceptance:
  - If, on the basis of Engineer's observation of the Work during construction and final inspection, and Engineer's review of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation as required by the Contract Documents, Engineer is satisfied that the Work has been completed and Contractor's other obligations under the Contract have been fulfilled, Engineer will, within ten days after receipt of the final Application for Payment, indicate in writing Engineer's recommendation of final payment and present the Application for Payment to Owner for payment. Such recommendation shall account for any set-offs against payment that are

necessary in Engineer's opinion to protect Owner from loss for the reasons stated above with respect to progress payments. At the same time Engineer will also give written notice to Owner and Contractor that the Work is acceptable, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 15.07. Otherwise, Engineer will return the Application for Payment to Contractor, indicating in writing the reasons for refusing to recommend final payment, in which case Contractor shall make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application for Payment.

- C. *Completion of Work*: The Work is complete (subject to surviving obligations) when it is ready for final payment as established by the Engineer's written recommendation of final payment.
  - Payment Becomes Due: Thirty days after the presentation to Owner of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation, the amount recommended by Engineer (less any further sum Owner is entitled to set off against Engineer's recommendation, including but not limited to set-offs for liquidated damages and set-offs allowed under the provisions above with respect to progress payments) will become due and shall be paid by Owner to Contractor.

# 15.07 Waiver of Claims

- A. The making of final payment will not constitute a waiver by Owner of claims or rights against Contractor. Owner expressly reserves claims and rights arising from unsettled Liens, from defective Work appearing after final inspection pursuant to Paragraph 15.05, from Contractor's failure to comply with the Contract Documents or the terms of any special guarantees specified therein, from outstanding Claims by Owner, or from Contractor's continuing obligations under the Contract Documents.
- B. The acceptance of final payment by Contractor will constitute a waiver by Contractor of all claims and rights against Owner other than those pending matters that have been duly submitted or appealed under the provisions of Article 17.

#### 15.08 Correction Period

A. If within one year after the date of Substantial Completion (or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Contract Documents, or by any specific provision of the Contract Documents), any Work is found to be defective, or if the repair of any damages to the Site, adjacent areas that Contractor has arranged to use through construction easements or otherwise, and other adjacent areas used by Contractor as permitted by Laws and Regulations, is found to be defective, then Contractor shall promptly, without cost to Owner and in accordance with Owner's written instructions:

- 1. correct the defective repairs to the Site or such other adjacent areas;
- 2. correct such defective Work;
- 3. if the defective Work has been rejected by Owner, remove it from the Project and replace it with Work that is not defective, and
- 4. satisfactorily correct or repair or remove and replace any damage to other Work, to the work of others, or to other land or areas resulting therefrom.
- If Contractor does not promptly comply with B. the terms of Owner's written instructions, or in an emergency where delay would cause serious risk of loss or damage, Owner may have the defective Work corrected or repaired or may have the rejected Work removed and replaced. Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such correction or repair or such removal and replacement (including but not limited to all costs of repair or replacement of work of others).
- C. In special circumstances where a particular item of equipment is placed in continuous service before Substantial Completion of all the Work, the correction period for that item may start to run from an earlier date if so provided in the Specifications.
- D. Where defective Work (and damage to other Work resulting therefrom) has been corrected or removed and replaced under this paragraph, the correction period hereunder with respect to such Work will be extended for an additional period of one year after such correction or removal and replacement has been satisfactorily completed.
- E. Contractor's obligations under this paragraph are in addition to all other obligations and

warranties. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed as a substitute for, or a waiver of, the provisions of any applicable statute of limitation or repose.

# ARTICLE 16 – SUSPENSION OF WORK AND TERMINATION

- 16.01 Owner May Suspend Work
  - At any time and without cause, Owner may A. suspend the Work or any portion thereof for a period of not more than 90 consecutive days by written notice to Contractor and Engineer. Such notice will fix the date on which Work will be resumed. Contractor shall resume the Work on the date so fixed. Contractor shall be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times, or both, directly attributable to any such suspension. Any Change Proposal seeking such adjustments shall be submitted no later than 30 days after the date fixed for resumption of Work.
- 16.02 Owner May Terminate for Cause

A.

- The occurrence of any one or more of the following events will constitute a default by Contractor and justify termination for cause:
  - Contractor's persistent failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents (including, but not limited to, failure to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment or failure to adhere to the Progress Schedule);
  - 2. Failure of Contractor to perform or otherwise to comply with a material term of the Contract Documents;
  - 3. Contractor's disregard of Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction; or
  - 4. Contractor's repeated disregard of the authority of Owner or Engineer.
- B. If one or more of the events identified in Paragraph 16.02.A occurs, then after giving Contractor (and any surety) ten days written notice that Owner is considering a declaration that Contractor is in default and termination of the contract, Owner may proceed to:
  - 1. declare Contractor to be in default, and give Contractor (and any surety) notice that the Contract is terminated; and

- 2. enforce the rights available to Owner under any applicable performance bond.
- C. Subject to the terms and operation of any applicable performance bond, if Owner has terminated the Contract for cause, Owner may exclude Contractor from the Site, take possession of the Work, incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Site or for which Owner has paid Contractor but which are stored elsewhere, and complete the Work as Owner may deem expedient.
- D. Owner may not proceed with termination of the Contract under Paragraph 16.02.B if Contractor within seven days of receipt of notice of intent to terminate begins to correct its failure to perform and proceeds diligently to cure such failure.
- E. If Owner proceeds as provided in Paragraph 16.02.B, Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the Work is completed. If the unpaid balance of the Contract Price exceeds the cost to complete the Work, including all related claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects. attorneys, and other professionals) sustained by Owner, such excess will be paid to Contractor. If the cost to complete the Work including such related claims, costs, losses, and damages exceeds such unpaid balance, Contractor shall pay the difference to Owner. Such claims, costs, losses, and damages incurred by Owner will be reviewed by Engineer as to their reasonableness and, when so approved by Engineer, incorporated in a Change Order. When exercising any rights or remedies under this paragraph, Owner shall not be required to obtain the lowest price for the Work performed.
- F. Where Contractor's services have been so terminated by Owner, the termination will not affect any rights or remedies of Owner against Contractor then existing or which may thereafter accrue, or any rights or remedies of Owner against Contractor or any surety under any payment bond or performance bond. Any retention or payment of money due Contractor by Owner will not release Contractor from liability.
  - G. If and to the extent that Contractor has provided a performance bond under the provisions of Paragraph 6.01.A, the provisions of that bond shall govern over any inconsistent provisions of Paragraphs 16.02.B and 16.02.D.

- 16.03 Owner May Terminate For Convenience
  - A. Upon seven days written notice to Contractor and Engineer, Owner may, without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of Owner, terminate the Contract. In such case, Contractor shall be paid for (without duplication of any items):
    - 1. completed and acceptable Work executed in accordance with the Contract Documents prior to the effective date of termination, including fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on such Work;
    - 2. expenses sustained prior to the effective date of termination in performing services and furnishing labor, materials, or equipment as required by the Contract Documents in connection with uncompleted Work, plus fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on such expenses; and
      - other reasonable expenses directly attributable to termination, including costs incurred to prepare a termination for convenience cost proposal.
    - Contractor shall not be paid on account of loss of anticipated overhead, profits, or revenue, or other economic loss arising out of or resulting from such termination.

# 16.04 Contractor May Stop Work or Terminate

3

- If, through no act or fault of Contractor, (1) the Α. Work is suspended for more than 90 consecutive days by Owner or under an order of court or other public authority, or (2) Engineer fails to act on any Application for Payment within 30 days after it is submitted, or (3) Owner fails for 30 days to pay Contractor any sum finally determined to be due, then Contractor may, upon seven days written notice to Owner and Engineer, and provided Owner or Engineer do not remedy such suspension or failure within that time, terminate the contract and recover from Owner payment on the same terms as provided in Paragraph 16.03.
- B. In lieu of terminating the Contract and without prejudice to any other right or remedy, if Engineer has failed to act on an Application for Payment within 30 days after it is submitted, or Owner has failed for 30 days to pay Contractor any sum finally determined to be due, Contractor may, seven days after written notice to Owner and Engineer, stop the Work until payment is made of all such

amounts due Contractor, including interest thereon. The provisions of this paragraph are not intended to preclude Contractor from submitting a Change Proposal for an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times or otherwise for expenses or damage directly attributable to Contractor's stopping the Work as permitted by this paragraph.

#### **ARTICLE 17 – FINAL RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES**

#### 17.01 Methods and Procedures

- A. *Disputes Subject to Final Resolution*: The following disputed matters are subject to final resolution under the provisions of this Article:
  - 1. A timely appeal of an approval in part and denial in part of a Claim, or of a denial in full; and
  - 2. Disputes between Owner and Contractor concerning the Work or obligations under the Contract Documents, and arising after final payment has been made.
- B. *Final Resolution of Disputes*: For any dispute subject to resolution under this Article, Owner or Contractor may:
  - 1. elect in writing to invoke the dispute resolution process provided for in the Supplementary Conditions; or
  - 2. agree with the other party to submit the dispute to another dispute resolution process; or
  - 3. if no dispute resolution process is provided for in the Supplementary Conditions or mutually agreed to, give written notice to the other party of the intent to submit the dispute to a court of competent jurisdiction.

# ARTICLE 18 – MISCELLANEOUS

18.01 Giving Notice

- A. Whenever any provision of the Contract Documents requires the giving of written notice, it will be deemed to have been validly given if:
  - delivered in person, by a commercial courier service or otherwise, to the individual or to a member of the firm or to an officer of the corporation for which it is intended; or

2. delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the last business address known to the sender of the notice.

#### 18.02 Computation of Times

A. When any period of time is referred to in the Contract by days, it will be computed to exclude the first and include the last day of such period. If the last day of any such period falls on a Saturday or Sunday or on a day made a legal holiday by the law of the applicable jurisdiction, such day will be omitted from the computation.

#### 18.03 Cumulative Remedies

- The duties and obligations imposed by these A. General Conditions and the rights and remedies available hereunder to the parties hereto are in addition to, and are not to be construed in any way as a limitation of, any rights and remedies available to any or all of them which are otherwise imposed or available by Laws or Regulations, by special warranty or guarantee, or by other provisions of the Contract. The provisions of this paragraph will be as effective as if repeated specifically in the Contract Documents in connection with each particular duty, obligation, right, and remedy to which they apply.
- 18.04 Limitation of Damages
  - A. With respect to any and all Change Proposals, Claims, disputes subject to final resolution, and other matters at issue, neither Owner nor Engineer, nor any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, shall be liable to Contractor for any claims, costs, losses, or damages sustained by Contractor on or in connection with any other project or anticipated project.
- 18.05 No Waiver
  - A. A party's non-enforcement of any provision shall not constitute a waiver of that provision, nor shall it affect the enforceability of that provision or of the remainder of this Contract.
- 18.06 Survival of Obligations
  - A. All representations, indemnifications, warranties, and guarantees made in, required by, or given in accordance with the Contract, as well as all continuing obligations indicated in the Contract, will survive final payment, completion, and acceptance of the Work or

termination or completion of the Contract or termination of the services of Contractor.

- 18.07 Controlling Law
  - A. This Contract is to be governed by the law of the state in which the Project is located.
- 18.08 Headings
  - A. Article and paragraph headings are inserted for convenience only and do not constitute parts of these General Conditions.

# SUPPLEMENTAL CONDITIONS

These Supplemental Conditions amend or supplement the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract as indicated below. All provisions that are not so amended or supplemented remain in full force and effect.

The terms used in these Supplemental Conditions have the meanings stated in the General Conditions. Additional terms used in these Supplemental Conditions have the meanings stated below, which are applicable to both the singular and plural thereof. The address system used in these Supplemental Conditions is the same as the address system used in the General Conditions, with the prefix "SC" added thereto.

SC-1.01. Renumber Paragraph 1.01.A.21 to 1.01.A.21.a. and add the following new paragraph:

1.01.A.21.b. *Geotechnical Memorandum (GM)*—The interpretive report prepared by or for Owner regarding subsurface conditions at the Site, and containing specific baseline geotechnical conditions that may be anticipated or relied upon for bidding and contract administration purposes, subject to the controlling provisions of the Contract, including the GM's own terms. The GM is a Contract Document.

SC-1.01. Renumber Paragraph 1.01.A.38 to 1.01.A.38.a, and add the following new paragraphs:

1.01.A.38.b. *Specialist*—The term Specialist refers to a person, partnership, firm, or corporation of established reputation (or if newly organized, whose personnel have previously established a reputation in the same field), which is regularly engaged in, and which maintains a regular force of workers skilled in either (as applicable) manufacturing or fabricating items required by the Contract Documents, or otherwise performing Work required by the Contract Documents. Where the Specifications require the installation by a Specialist, that term shall also be deemed to mean either the manufacturer of the item, a person, partnership, firm, or corporation licensed by the Work under the manufacturer's direct supervision.

1.01.A.38.c. *Standard Specifications*—Wherever in these Contract Documents reference is made to the Standard Specifications, said reference shall be understood as referring to the Process Air Compressor System for Low Level Nitrogen Removal Contract Documents which applicable parts are incorporated herein and made a part of these Documents by specific reference thereto. If requirements contained in the Standard Specifications are modified by or are in conflict with supplemental information in these Contract Documents, the requirements of these Contract Documents shall prevail.

SC-1.01. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 1.01.A.40:

Substantial Completion is further defined as (i) that degree of completion of the Project's operating facilities or systems sufficient to provide Owner the full time, uninterrupted, and continuous beneficial operation of the Work; and (ii) required functional, performance and acceptance, or startup testing has been successfully demonstrated for components, devices, equipment, and instrumentation and control to the satisfaction of Engineer in accordance with the requirements of the Specifications.

SC-2.01. Delete Paragraph 2.01.B. and Paragraph 2.01.C. in their entirety and insert the following in their place:

2.01.B. Evidence of Contractor's Insurance: When Contractor delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner, Contractor shall also deliver to Owner copies of the policies of insurance (including all endorsements, and identification of applicable self-insured retentions and deductibles) required to be provided by Contractor in Article 6. Contractor may block out (redact) any confidential premium or pricing information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.

2.01.C. Evidence of Owner's Insurance: After receipt from Contractor of the executed counterparts of the Agreement and all required bonds and insurance documentation, Owner shall deliver to Contractor copies of the policies of insurance to be provided by Owner under Article 6 of the General Conditions, (if any). Owner may block out (redact) any confidential premium or pricing information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.

SC-2.02. Delete Paragraph 2.02.A. in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

2.02.A. Owner shall furnish to Contractor 2 copies of conformed Contract Documents incorporating and integrating all Addenda and any amendments negotiated prior to the Effective Date of the Contract (including one fully executed counterpart of the Agreement) and one copy in electronic portable document format (PDF). Additional printed copies of the conformed Contract Documents will be furnished upon request at the cost of reproduction.

SC-3.01. Delete Paragraph 3.01.C in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

3.01.C.1. It is the intent of the Contract Documents to describe a functionally complete project (or part thereof) to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents. Any labor, documentation, services, materials, or equipment that reasonably may be inferred from the Contract Documents or from prevailing custom or trade usage as being required to produce the intended result will be provided, whether or not specifically called for, at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.01.C.2. Each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted in these Contract Documents shall be deemed to be inserted herein, and they shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein, and if through mistake or otherwise, any such provision is not inserted, or if not correctly inserted, then upon the application of either

party, the Contract Documents shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

SC-3.01. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 3.01.E:

3.01.F. Sections of Division 01, General Requirements, govern the execution of the Work of all sections of the Specifications.

SC-4.01. Delete Paragraph 4.01.A in its entirety and replace with the following paragraph:

4.01.A The Contract time will commence to run on the day indicated in the Notice to Proceed. A Notice to Proceed may be given within 30 days after the Effective Date of the Contract.

SC-4.05. Amend Paragraph 4.05.A to read:

4.05.A. If Owner, Engineer, or anyone for whom Owner is responsible, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the performance or progress of the Work, the Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Times. Such an adjustment shall be the Contractor's sole and exclusive remedy for such delay, disruption, interference or hinderance with the performance or progress of the Work. Contractor's entitlements to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.

SC-4.05. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 4.05.G:

4.05.H. In order for Contractor to obtain an extension of Contract Times for any delay, disruption, interference or hindrance arising from or related to the performance or progress of the Work governed by this Paragraph 4.05, as well as, those governed by Paragraphs 5.04, 5,05, 5.06 and 8.03, the Contractor must demonstrate that the cause of the delay will extend the critical path of the construction Schedule leading to the completion of the Work. Such extensions of Contract Times shall apply only to delays for which the Contractor has no responsibility. If a delay is attributable to both the Contractor and Owner (including parties for which each is responsible), then entitlement to an extension of Contract Time shall apply proportionately.

4.05.I. Contractor acknowledges that due to Owner's ongoing operations, it may experience minor delays from time to time and has contemplated such delays in its construction Schedule. Contractor's recovery of damages for delay shall be limited only to the extent any such delay exceeds the contemplated delays and shall be limited to the Cost of Work as defined in Paragraph 13.01 to the extent caused by such delay. Contractor must adequately prove the alleged additional costs and demonstrate by appropriate analysis lack of any fault for or control over any alleged delay and the extent of the alleged delay on the Project Schedule for an extension of Contract Times or to recover any additional compensation for delay, disruption, interference or hindrance in the performance and progress of the Work. SC-5.03. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 5.03.B:

5.03.C. The following reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or adjacent to the Site are known to Owner:

5.03.C.1. Report dated July 2022, prepared by Jacobs entitled *Geotechnical Memorandum for the Process Air Compressor Building*.

5.03.D. The following drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at or adjacent to the Site (except Underground Facilities) are known to Owner:

5.03.D.1. As-Built Drawings dated April 1994, prepared by CH2MHILL entitled *Interim Nitrogen Reduction Improvements*.

5.03.D.2. As-Built Drawings dated 1975, prepared by Camp Dresser & McKee entitled *Contract No. 1 Wastewater Treatment Plant*.

SC-5.04. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 5.04.D.4:

5.04.D.5. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, a Claim may be made therefor as provided in Article 12. However, neither Owner or Engineer or State of Connecticut, or any of their officers, directors, elected and non-elected officials, members, managers, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors shall be liable to Contractor for any claims, costs, losses, or damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) sustained by Contractor on or in connection with any other project or anticipated project.

SC-5.05. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 5.05.E.1:

5.05.E.2. Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times with respect to a subsurface or physical condition if:

5.05.E.2.a. Contractor knew or should have known of the existence of such condition at the time Contractor made a commitment to Owner with respect to Contract Price and Contract Times by the submission of a Bid or becoming bound under a negotiated contract, or otherwise; or

5.05.E.2.b. the existence of such condition reasonably could have been discovered or revealed as a result of any examination, investigation, exploration, test, or study of the Site and contiguous areas expressly required by the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents to be conducted by or for Contractor prior to Contractor's making such commitment; or

5.05.E.2.c. Contractor failed to give the written notice as required by Paragraph 5.05.B.

SC-5.05. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 5.05.E.3:

5.05.E.4. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, a Claim may be made therefor as provided in Article 12. However, neither Owner or Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors shall be liable to Contractor for any claims, costs, losses, or damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) sustained by Contractor on or in connection with any other project or anticipated project.

SC-5.06. Delete Paragraphs 5.06.A and 5.06.B in their entirety and insert the following in their place:

5.06.A. Asbestos and PCBs have been identified at locations similar to the Site, and are within the scope of the Work for which Contractor shall be responsible. Contractor is to treat suspect materials as Hazardous.

SC-6.01. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 6.01.A:

6.01.A.1. Connecticut Public Act No. 75-470 requires a nonresident contractor to deposit an amount equivalent to 3 percent of the Contract Price in the form of a guarantee bond or cash with the State Tax Commissioner to secure payment of the sales and use tax. Contractor shall obtain a certificate from the State Tax Commissioner that the requirements of Public Act No. 75-470 have been met before entering upon the performance of the Work under these Contract Documents.

SC-6.03. Delete Paragraph 6.03.B in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

6.03.B. *Commercial General Liability—Claims Covered*: Contractor shall purchase and maintain commercial general liability insurance, covering all operations by or on behalf of Contractor, on an occurrence basis, so as will protect Contractor from claims set forth below which may arise out of or result from the Contractor's operations and completed operations under the Contract and for which the Contractor may be legally liable, whether such operations be by the Contractor or by a subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable against:

6.03.B.1. claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than Contractor's employees.

6.03.B.2. claims for damages insured by reasonably available personal injury liability coverage.

6.03.B.3. claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property wherever located, including loss of use resulting therefrom.

SC-6.03. Delete Paragraph 6.03.J in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

6.03.J.1. Before the Contract is executed and prior to commencement of Work thereunder, the Contractor shall purchase and maintain at its sole cost and expense, insurance of the types and amounts specified herein and as is appropriate for the Work to be performed under the Contract Documents and to provide the Owner a certificate of insurance in a form satisfactory to the Owner. The certificate of insurance shall name the Owner as the certificate holder. The limits of liability for the insurance required under Paragraph 6.03 of the General Conditions shall provide coverage for not less than the amounts set forth in this Paragraph 6.03.J or greater where required by Laws and Regulations, and at a minimum, in accordance with the following requirements:

6.03.J.2. WORKER'S COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE: With respect to work that the Contractor performs and performed for the Contractor by subcontractors, the Contractor shall carry Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance: Statutory coverage in compliance with all Laws and Regulations. Coverage shall include Employer's Liability in the minimum amount of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) each accident for bodily injury, and Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) each employee for bodily injury by disease with a Five Hundred Thousand Dollar (\$500,000) policy limit by disease.

6.03.J.3. COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE: With respect to the Contractor's work and work performed for the Contractor by its subcontractors, the Contractor shall carry Commercial General Liability insurance on an ISO form CG 00 01 providing the following limits:

One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) Each Occurrence for Bodily Injury, Personal Injury and Property Damage.

Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) General Aggregate – Applicable Per Project

Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) Products/Completed Operations Aggregate

One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) Personal/Advertising Injury Per Person or Organization

The policy shall be written on an occurrence basis covering liability arising from premises, operations, independent contractors, products and completed operations, personal and advertising injury liability, broad form property damage and liability assumed under an insured contract. If a general aggregate is used, the general aggregate limit shall apply separately to the Project or the general aggregate limit shall be twice the occurrence limit. There shall be no modification limiting the scope of coverage for liability arising from explosion, collapse or underground hazards.

6.03.J.4. BUSINESS AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE: The operation of all motor vehicles, including those owned, hired, leased or borrowed and nonowned, used in connection with the Work shall be covered by Automobile Liability insurance in the amount of not less than One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) combined single limit each accident.

6.03.J.5. OWNER'S AND CONTRACTORS' PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR AND IN THE NAME OF THE GREATER NEW HAVEN WATER POLLUTION CONTROL AUTHORITY: With respect to the Work the Contractor performs, the Contractor shall purchase and maintain in the name of the Owner, Protective Liability Insurance in the following amounts:

One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) each occurrence, Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) in the aggregate, One Million Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500,000) Public Liability per occurrence, and One Million Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500,000) Property Damage Liability.

Unless requested otherwise by the Authority, the Contractor and its insurer shall waive governmental immunity as defense and shall not use the defense of governmental immunity in the adjustment of claims or in the defense of any suit brought against the Authority, its officers or employees.

The Contractor agrees to pay all costs and billings for premiums and audit charges earned and payable for any insurance that is required to purchase and maintain under the Contract Documents.

6.03.J.6. RAILROAD'S PROTECTIVE PUBLIC LIABILITY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE LIABILITY INSURANCE: When the Project involves Work on, over or under the right of way of any railroad company, and whether or not such railroad has scheduled passenger service, the Contractor shall carry, with respect to the operations it performs and those for and in behalf of the railroad company, Railroad Protective Public Liability insurance providing for a limit as required by the Railroad Company or any Laws and Regulations.

6.03.J.7. UMBRELLA EXCESS LIABILITY INSURANCE: This policy is on a follow form basis in the minimum amount of Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000) excess of the Employer's Liability, Commercial General Liability and Business Automobile Liability coverages described herein.

6.03.J.8. EQUIPMENT AND INSTALLATION FLOATER: The Contractor shall provide an equipment and installation floater covering Contractor's tools and also materials not accepted by the Owner.

6.03.J.9. TERMINATION OR CHANGE OF INSURANCE: Each insurance policy shall be endorsed to provide that the insurance company shall notify the Owner by certified mail at least thirty (30) days in advance of termination or policy non-renewal.

The Contractor shall at its own expense, keep all the required insurance coverage in continuous effect until the date the Owner indicates the termination of the Contractor's responsibility. Such coverage shall be written on an "occurrence" basis and shall provide that the Commercial General Liability and Umbrella Liability coverages will be renewed for three (3) years after completion of the Work. This provision survives the termination of this contract.

6.03.J.10. COMPENSATION: The Contractor shall be fully responsible for all expenses to maintain the coverage required herein. There shall be no direct compensation allowed the Contractor on account of any premium or other charge necessary to take out and keep in effect all insurance or bonds, but the costs thereof shall be considered included in the general cost of the Work.

6.03.J.11. DEDUCTIBLE/SIR CLAUSE: Insurance contracts required under this subparagraph shall not contain a deductible or self-insured retention clause. In the event that such a deductible clause is an unavoidable part of any policy, the Contractor shall be responsible for payment of the full amount of such deductible or self-insured retention.

6.03.J.12. ADDITIONAL INSURED: All insurance policies, except for workers' compensation, shall be endorsed to include the Owner, Engineer, State of Connecticut and the officers, directors, elected and non-elected officials, members, partners, managers, agents, employees, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them, as additional insureds (collectively "Indemnitees") covered for liability arising out of any ongoing and completed operations using additional insured endorsement being on a CG 20 10 and CG 20 37 or their equivalent. Copies of additional insured coverage endorsements shall be attached to the certificates of insurance.

6.03.J.13. WAIVERS OF SUBROGATION: All insurance policies shall contain express waivers by the insurance company of its right of subrogation against all Indemnitees. A waiver of subrogation endorsement shall be attached to all policies, and the certificates of insurance shall reflect that such waivers of subrogation are in place.

6.03.J.14. PRIMARY: The Commercial General Liability policy and the Umbrella Liability policy shall be primary and non-contributory meaning each policy shall be amended to specifically state such insurance will be considered primary and will not seek contribution with respect to any and all other insurance that may be available to Owner and any other person required to be named as additional insured under this Contract.

6.03.J.15. EVIDENCE: The Contractor will furnish the Contractor's certificates of insurance, in a form satisfactory to the Owner, and copies of insurance policies (including all endorsements, and identification of applicable self-insured retentions and deductibles) and any insurance documents necessary to confirm its compliance with all insurance requirements of the Contract Documents when it delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner.

SC-6.03. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 6.03.J:

6.03.K. A complete copy of each insurance policy, including all endorsements, specified herein, acceptable to the Owner shall be filed with the Owner prior to commencement of the Work and thereafter upon renewal or replacement of each required policy of insurance. These certificates and insurance policies required under this Section 6.03 shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled or allowed to be expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner. An additional certificate evidencing continuation of liability coverage, including coverage for completed operations, shall be submitted with the final Application for Payment and thereafter upon renewal or replacement of such coverage until the expiration of the time required by Section 6.03.I. Information concerning reduction of coverage on account of revised limits or claims paid under the General Aggregate, or both, shall be furnished by the Contractor with reasonable promptness.

6.03.L. In the event of the Owner sustaining damage as a result of an event insured by the Contractor, the Owner shall be exclusively entitled to receive the insurance payment for the total amount of the damage suffered. The Owner is hereby authorized to inform the insurer on Contractor's behalf that payment must be made to Owner in order to be released from its payment obligation. If Owner considers such to be necessary, the Contractor shall conduct any additional act necessary to assign its right to the insurance money to Owner.

SC-6.06. Delete Paragraph 6.06.B. in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

6.06.B. Owner and Contractor waive all rights and claims against each other for consequential damages arising out of or relating to this Contract except to the extent such damages are covered by applicable insurance or bonds or arise from claims by third parties over which Owner and Contractor have no control. This mutual waiver includes:

6.06.B.1. loss incurred by the Owner due to business interruption, loss of use, or other consequential loss extending beyond direct physical loss or damage to Owner's property or the Work caused by, arising out of, or resulting from fire or other perils whether or not insured by Owner; and

6.06.B.2. loss or damages incurred by the Contractor for principal office expenses including the compensation for personnel stationed there, for losses of financing, business and reputation, and for loss of profit except anticipated profit arising directly from the Work.

SC-7.01. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 7.01.B:

7.01.C. Whenever Owner shall notify Contractor in writing that any person performing Work on the Project appears to be incompetent, disorderly, or otherwise unsatisfactory, such person shall be removed from the Project and shall not again be employed on it except with the consent of the Owner.

SC-7.02. Add the following new subparagraphs immediately after Paragraph 7.02.B:

7.02.B.1. Contractor and Subcontractor regular working hours shall consist of 8 working hours within a 9-hour period between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on a regularly scheduled basis, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays described in Paragraph 7.02.B.2.

7.02.B.2. Owner's legal holidays are New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr's Birthday, President's Day, Good Friday, Juneteenth, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day.

SC-7.05. Add the following new subparagraph immediately after Paragraph 7.05.D:

7.05.D.1. Reimbursement rates for Engineer or their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, and other consultants and subcontractors for evaluation of proposed substitutes shall be on the basis established in Paragraph 15.01.E. of these Supplementary Conditions.

SC-7.06. Delete Paragraph 7.06.A in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

7.06.A. Contractor may retain Subcontractors and Suppliers for the performance of parts of the Work. Contractor shall not employ any Subcontractor, Supplier or other person or entity (including those who are to furnish the principal items of materials or equipment), whether initially or as a substitute, against whom Owner may have reasonable objection. Acceptance of any Subcontractor, other person or entity by Owner shall not constitute a waiver of any right of Owner to reject defective Work. Contractor shall perform a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the onsite labor with its own employees.

SC-7.09. Delete Paragraph 7.09.A in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

7.09.A. Under the terms of the regulations issued by the Connecticut State Tax Commission in administration of the State Sales and Use Tax, Contractor, its Subcontractors, and Suppliers may purchase such materials and supplies as are to be physically incorporated in and will become a permanent part of the Work performed under these Contract Documents without payment of tax.

SC-7.09. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 7.09.A:

7.09.B. Owner is exempt from payment of sales and compensating use taxes of the State of Connecticut and of cities and counties thereof on materials to be incorporated into the Work.

7.09.B.1. Owner will furnish the required certificates of tax exemption to Contractor for use in the purchase of materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work.

7.09.B.2. Owner's exemption does not apply to construction tools, machinery, equipment, or other property purchased by or leased by Contractor, or to materials and equipment not incorporated into the Work.

SC-7.18. Delete Paragraph 7.18.A in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

7.18.A. Contractor shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, and in addition to any other of its obligations under the Contract Documents, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Engineer, State of Connecticut and the officers, directors, elected and non-elected officials, members, partners, managers, agents, employees, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them, from and against actual debts, claims, suits, demands, actions, obligations, costs, losses, damages and other liabilities, monetary damages, fines, fees, penalties, levies, assessments, impositions, interest obligations, deficiencies, losses, costs, expenses (including but not limited to amounts paid in settlement, interest, court costs, reasonable costs of investigations, reasonable fees and expenses of attorneys, accountants, engineers, consultants, financial advisors, experts and other professionals, and other reasonable expenses of litigation) arising out of or relating to any claim or action, legal or equitable, brought by any person or entity against the Owner, Engineer or any other Indemnitee as defined in Paragraph 6.03.J.12 to the extent caused by or based upon the Contractor's performance of the Work or storage of materials and/or equipment.

SC-7.18. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 7.18.C:

7.18.D. The indemnification provisions herein shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

7.18.E. If, through acts of neglect on the part of Contractor, any other contractor or any subcontractor shall suffer loss or damage on the Work, Contractor shall settle with such other contractor or subcontractor by agreement or arbitration if such other contractor or subcontractor will so settle. If such other contractor or subcontractor shall assert any claim against Owner on account of any such damage alleged to have been sustained, Owner shall notify Contractor, who shall indemnify, defend, and save harmless Owner against any such claim.

SC-8.01.B. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 8.01.B:

If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times that should be allowed as a result of such other work, a Claim may be made therefor as provided in Article 12.

SC-8.02. Delete Paragraph 8.02.B in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

8.02.B. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating with Owner's Operations as well as any other contractor working in the area. Contractor should be prepared to attend regular coordination meetings with Owner.

SC-8.03. Delete Paragraph 8.03.A in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

8.03.A. If, in the course of performing other work at or adjacent to the Site for Owner, the Owner's employees, any other contractor working for Owner, or any utility owner for whom the Owner is responsible causes damage to the Work or to the property of Contractor or its Subcontractors, or delays, disrupts, interferes with, or increases the scope or cost of the performance of the Work, through actions or inaction, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Times. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an equitable adjustment in the Contract Times under this paragraph within 30 days of the damaging, delaying, disrupting, or interfering event. An extension of the Contract Times shall be Contractor's exclusive remedy with respect to Owner, Engineer, and their respective consultants, representatives and agents, for any such delay, disruption or interference that is the subject of the adjustment. The entitlement to, and extent of, any such equitable adjustment shall take into account information (if any) regarding such other work that was provided to Contractor in the Contract Documents prior to the submittal of the Bid or the final negotiation of the terms of the Contract. When applicable, any such equitable adjustment in Contract Price shall be conditioned on Contractor assigning to Owner all Contractor's rights against such other contractor or utility owner with respect to the damage, delay, disruption, or interference that is the subject of the adjustment. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times

SC-8.03. Delete Paragraph 8.03.D in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

8.03.D. If Contractor damages, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the work of any other contractor, or any utility owner performing other work at or adjacent to the Site, through Contractor's failure to take reasonable and customary measures to avoid such impacts, or if any claim arising out of Contractor's actions, inactions, or negligence in performance of the Work at or adjacent to the Site is made by any such other contractor or utility owner against Contractor, Owner, or Engineer, then Contractor shall (1) remedy the damage, (2) agree to compensate the other contractor for remedy of the damage, or (3) remedy the damage and promptly attempt to settle the claim as to all parties through negotiations with such other contractor or utility owner, or otherwise resolve the claim by arbitration or other dispute resolution proceeding or at law. Contractor shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against any such claims, and against all costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising directly, indirectly or consequentially out of an action, legal or equitable,

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against Owner, Engineer, Engineer's consultants, to the extent such claim is based on or arises from the Contractor's performance of the Work.

SC-8.03. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 8.03.D:

8.03.E. Should a separate contractor cause damage to the Work or property of the Contractor, or should the performance of work by any separate contractor at the Site give rise to any other Claim, Contractor shall not institute any action, legal or equitable, against Owner, Engineer, or Engineer's consultants or permit any action against any of them to be maintained and continued in its name or for its benefit in any court or before any arbiter which seeks to impose liability on or to recover damages from Owner, Engineer or Engineer's consultants on account of any such damage or Claim.

8.03.F. If Contractor is delayed at any time in performing or furnishing Work by any act or neglect of a separate contractor, and Owner and Contractor are unable to agree as to the extent of any adjustment in Contract Times attributable thereto, Contractor may make Claim for extensions of times in accordance with Article 11. An extension of the Contract Times shall be Contractor's exclusive remedy with respect to Owner, Engineer, and Engineer's consultants for any delay, disruption, interference, or hindrance caused by any separate contractor. This paragraph does not prevent recovery from Owner, Engineer, or Engineer's consultants, for activities that are their respective responsibilities.

SC-8.04. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 8.03:

8.04. Claims Between Contractors

8.04.A. Should Contractor cause damage to the work or property of any other contractor at the Site, or should any claim arising out of Contractor's performance of the Work at the Site be made by any other contractor against Contractor, Owner, or Engineer, if applicable, Contractor shall (without involving Owner or Engineer) either i) remedy the damage; ii) agree to compensate the other contractor for remedy of the damages; or iii) remedy the damages and attempt to settle with such other contractor by agreement, or to otherwise resolve the dispute by arbitration or at law.

8.04.B. Contractor shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, indemnify and hold harmless Owner, Engineer, State of Connecticut and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, and other consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all Claims, costs, losses and damages (including, but not limited to, fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and court and arbitration costs) arising directly, indirectly or consequentially out of any action, legal or equitable, brought by any other contractor against Owner, Engineer, their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, and other consultants and subcontractors to the extent said Claim is based on or arises out of Contractor's performance of the Work. Should another contractor cause damage to the Work or property of Contractor or should the performance of work by any other contractor at the Site give rise to any other Claim, Contractor shall not institute any action, legal or equitable, against Owner or Engineer or permit any action against any of

them to be maintained and continued in its name or for its benefit in any court or before any arbiter which seeks to impose liability on or to recover damages from Owner or Engineer on account of any such damage or Claim.

8.04.C. If Contractor is delayed at any time in performing or furnishing the Work by any act or neglect of another contractor, and Owner and Contractor are unable to agree as to the extent of any adjustment in Contract Times attributable thereto, Contractor may make a Claim for an extension of times in accordance with Article 11. An extension of the Contract Times shall be the Contractor's sole and exclusive remedy with respect to Owner and Engineer for any delay, disruption, interference, or hindrance caused by any other contractor. This paragraph does not prevent recovery from Owner and Engineer for activities that are their respective responsibilities.

SC-9.12. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 9.12.A:

Contractor shall furnish copies of any and all applicable Contractor safety programs to Owner in accordance with Paragraph 7.12.D prior to the commencement of the Work.

SC-10.03. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 10.03.A:

10.03.B. Resident Project Representative (RPR) will be furnished by Engineer. The responsibilities, authority, and limitations of the RPR are limited to those of Engineer in accordance with Paragraph 10.08 and as set forth elsewhere in the Contract Documents and are further limited and described below.

10.03.C. Responsibilities and Authority of RPR:

10.03.C.1. Schedules: Review and monitor Progress Schedule, Schedule of Submittals, and Schedule of Values prepared by Contractor and consult with Engineer concerning acceptability.

10.03.C.2. Conferences and Meetings: Conduct or attend meetings with Contractor, such as preconstruction conferences, progress meetings, Work conferences and other Project related meetings.

10.03.C.3. Liaison: (i) Serve as Engineer's liaison with Contractor, working principally through Contractor's authorized representative, and assist in understanding the intent of the Contract Documents; (ii) assist Engineer in serving as Owner's liaison with Contractor when Contractor's operations affect Owner's onsite operations; (iii) assist in obtaining from Owner additional details or information when required for proper execution of the Work.

10.03.C.4. Interpretation of Contract Documents: Inform Engineer when clarifications and interpretations of the Contract Documents are needed and transmit to Contractor clarifications and interpretations as issued by Engineer.

10.03.C.5. Submittals: Receive submittals that are furnished at the Site by Contractor, and notify Engineer of availability for examination. Advise Engineer

and Contractor of the commencement of any Work or arrival of materials and equipment at Site, when recognized, requiring a Shop Drawing or Sample if the submittal has not been approved by Engineer.

10.03.C.6. Modifications: Consider and evaluate Contractor's suggestions for modifications in Drawings or Specifications and provide recommendations to Engineer; transmit to Contractor, in writing decisions as issued by Engineer.

10.03.C.7. Review of Work and Rejection of Defective Work: (i) Conduct onsite observations of the Work in progress to assist Engineer in determining if the Work is, in general, proceeding in accordance with the Contract Documents; (ii) inform Engineer and Contractor whenever RPR believes that any Work is defective; (iii) advise Engineer whenever RPR believes that any Work will not produce a completed Project that conforms generally to the Contract Documents or will imperil the integrity of the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated in the Contract Documents, or has been damaged or does not meet the requirements of any inspection test, or approval required to be made; and advise Engineer of that part of the Work in progress that RPR believes should be corrected or rejected or uncovered for observation, or requires special testing, inspection, or approval.

10.03.C.8. Inspections, Tests, and System Startups: (i) Verify tests, equipment and systems startups and operating and maintenance training are conducted in the presence of appropriate personnel, and that Contractor maintains adequate records thereof; (ii) observe, record, and report to Engineer appropriate details relative to the test procedures and system startups; and (iii) accompany visiting inspectors representing public or other agencies having jurisdiction over the Project, record the results of these inspections, and report to Engineer.

10.03.C.9. Records: (i) Maintain records for use in preparing Project documentation; (ii) keep a diary or log book recording pertinent Site conditions, activities, decisions and events; (iii) record names, addresses, fax numbers, e-mail addresses, web site locations, and telephone numbers of Contractors, Subcontractors, and major Suppliers of materials and equipment.

10.03.C.10. Reports: (i) Furnish Engineer periodic reports of progress of the Work and of Contractor's compliance with the Progress Schedule and Schedule of Submittals; (ii) immediately notify Engineer of the occurrence of Site accidents, emergencies, acts of God endangering the Work, damage to property by fire or other causes, or the discovery of any Hazardous Environmental Condition; and (iii) assist Engineer in drafting proposed Change Orders, Work Change Directives, and Field Orders; obtain backup material from Contractor as appropriate.

10.03.C.11. Payment Requests: Review Applications for Payment with Contractor for compliance with the established procedure for their submission and forward with recommendations to Engineer, noting particularly the relationship of the

payment requested to the Schedule of Values, Work completed, and materials and equipment delivered at the Site but not incorporated in the Work.

10.03.C.12. Certificates, Operation and Maintenance Manuals: During the course of the Work, verify materials and equipment certificates and operation and maintenance manuals and other data required by Specifications to be assembled and furnished by Contractor are applicable to the items actually installed and in accordance with the Contract Documents, and have these documents been delivered to Engineer for review and forwarding to Owner prior to payment for that part of the Work.

10.03.C.13. Completion: (i) Participate in a Substantial Completion inspection; assist in determination of Substantial Completion and the preparation of lists of items to be completed or corrected; (ii) Participate in a final inspection in the company of Engineer, Owner, and Contractor and prepare a final list of items to be completed and deficiencies to be remedied; and (iii) observe whether items on final list have been completed or corrected, and make recommendations to Engineer concerning acceptance.

10.03.D. Limitations of Authority of RPR: The RPR will not:

10.03.D.1. have authority to authorize a deviation from Contract Documents or substitution of materials or equipment, unless authorized by Engineer; or

10.03.D.2. exceed the limitations of Engineer's authority as set forth in Contract Documents; or

10.03.D.3. undertake any of the responsibilities of Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or Contractor's authorized representative; or

10.03.D.4. advise on, issue directions relative to, or assume control over an aspect of the means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of Contractor's work unless such advice or directions are specifically required by the Contract Documents; or

10.03.D.5. advise on, issue directions regarding, or assume control over safety practices, precautions, and programs in connection with the activities or operations of Owner or Contractor; or

10.03.D.6. participate in specialized field or laboratory tests or inspections conducted offsite by others, except as specifically authorized by Engineer; or

10.03.D.7. accept Shop Drawings or Samples from anyone other than Contractor; or

10.03.D.8. authorize Owner to occupy the Project in whole or in part.

SC-10.04. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 10.04.A:

Engineer also has the authority to reject Work which Engineer believes to be defective, or that Engineer believes will not produce a completed Project that conforms to the Contract Documents or that will prejudice the integrity of the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents.

SC-10.06. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 10.06.A:

Engineer will review with Contractor the Engineer's preliminary determinations on such matters before rendering a written decision thereon (by recommendation of any Application for Payment or otherwise). Engineer's written decision thereon will be final and binding (except as modified by Engineer to reflect changed factual conditions or more accurate data) upon Owner and Contractor, subject to the provisions of Article 11.

SC-10.07. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 10.07.A:

Engineer's written decision on the issue referred regarding the requirements of the Contract Documents or the acceptability of the Work will be final and binding on Owner and Contractor, subject to the provisions of Article 12.

SC-10.08. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 10.08.E:

10.08.F. Contractors, Subcontractors, Suppliers, and others on the Project, or their sureties, shall maintain no direct action against Engineer, its officers, employees, affiliated corporations, and subcontractors, for any Claim arising out of, in connection with, or resulting from the engineering services performed. Only the Owner will be the beneficiary of any undertaking by Engineer.

SC-11.02. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 11.02:

If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to, or on the amount or extent, if any, of an adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, that should be allowed as a result of a Work Change Directive, a Claim may be made therefor as provided in Article 12.

SC-11.04. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 11.04.C:

11.04.D. In the event Contractor submits request for additional compensation as a result of a change or differing Site conditions, or as a result of delays, acceleration, or loss of productivity, Owner reserves right, upon written request, to audit and inspect Contractor's books and records relating to the Project. Upon written request for an audit, Contractor shall make its books and records available within 14 days of request. Owner shall specifically designate identity of auditor. As part of audit, Contractor shall make available its books and records relating to the Project, including but not limited to Bidding Documents, cost reports, payroll records, material invoices, subcontracts, purchase orders, daily timesheets, and daily diaries. Audit shall be limited to those cost items which are sought by Contractor in a change order or claim submission to Owner.

SC-13.01. Delete Paragraph 13.01.B.5.c in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

13.01.B.5.c. Construction Equipment and Machinery:

13.01.B.5.c.(1). Rentals of construction equipment and machinery, and the parts thereof in accordance with rental agreements approved by Owner with the advice of Engineer, and the costs of transportation, loading, unloading, assembly, dismantling, and removal thereof. Such costs shall be in accordance with the terms of said rental agreements. The rental of any such equipment, machinery, or parts shall cease when the use thereof is no longer necessary for the Work.

13.01.B.5.c.(2). Costs for equipment and machinery owned by Contractor will be paid at a rate shown for such equipment based upon the most recent version of the "Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction" ("Bluebook") published by Equipment Watch (equipmentwatch.com). An hourly rate will be computed by dividing the monthly rates by 176. These computed rates will include all operating costs. Costs will include the time the equipment or machinery is in use on the changed Work and the costs of transportation, loading, unloading, assembly, dismantling, and removal when directly attributable to the changed Work. The cost of such equipment or machinery, or parts thereof, shall cease to accrue when the use thereof is no longer necessary for the changed Work. Equipment or machinery with a value of less than \$1,000 will be considered small tools.

13.01.B.5.c.(3). For the situation where the equipment is on the job and available for use but cannot be used due to a delay or suspension of a portion or all of the Contract activities, a rental standby rate may be paid if the Contractor can conclusively demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that: (1) the equipment cannot be used elsewhere on the Project or demobilized and remobilized at a cost lower than the cost of standby time, (2) that the equipment cannot be put in use due to factors beyond the Contractor's control, and (3) the equipment on standby would have been used as part of the Work that is suspended or put on hold. The standby rate will be calculated as no more than 50% of the rental rate as listed in the "Bluebook" and adjusted for regional and age adjustments. Lesser standby rates may apply if the Owner or Engineer can demonstrate that the Contractor's standby cost is less than this rate. The standby rate will not include operating costs. A standby rate will not be paid for equipment which is being employed for portions of the Work which are still underway. A standby rate will also not be paid for equipment which is readily demobilized including construction equipment categorized as "shop tools" or "miscellaneous" in the "Bluebook". Standby rates for durations of less than four hours will not be considered.

SC-13.01. Add the following subparagraph immediately after Paragraph 13.01.C.5:

13.01.C.6. Costs of small tools; costs of or rental of buildings.

SC-14.02. Delete Paragraph 14.02.B in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

14.02.B. Contractor shall retain an independent testing laboratory or testing agency and shall be responsible for arranging and shall pay for specified tests, inspections, and approvals, including tests, inspections, and approvals to be paid for on a cash allowance basis, required for Owner's and Engineer's acceptance of the Work at the Site except:

14.02.B.1. costs incurred in connection with tests or inspections pursuant to Paragraph 14.02.C shall be paid for as provided in said paragraph; and

14.02.B.2. as otherwise specifically provided in the Contract Documents.

SC-14.02. Add the following Paragraph 14.02.D.6 immediately after Paragraph 14.02.D.5:

14.02.D.6. Tests required by Contract Documents to be performed by Contractor that require test certificates be submitted to Owner or Engineer for acceptance shall be made by an independent testing laboratory or agency licensed or certified in accordance with Laws and Regulations and applicable state and local statutes. In the event state license or certification is not required, testing laboratories or agencies shall meet the following applicable requirements:

14.02.D.6.a. Basic requirements of ASTM E329, "Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection" as applicable.

14.02.D.6.b. Calibrate testing equipment at reasonable intervals by devices of accuracy, traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology or accepted values of natural physical constants.

SC-14.06. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 14.06.A:

14.06.A. If the Owner stops the Work under this Paragraph 14.06, Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of Contract Times nor an increase in Contract Price.

SC-14.07. Add the following paragraph immediately after Paragraph 14.07.D:

14.07.E. At any time during the progress of the Work, Engineer shall have the right to reject any work which does not conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, even though such work has been previously inspected and paid for.

SC-15.01. Delete Paragraph 15.01.B in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

15.01.B. Applications for Payment:

15.01.B.1. Within the 7th day after the end of the month the Contractor shall submit to Engineer for review an Application for Payment filled out and signed by Contractor covering the Work completed as of the date of the Application and accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract

Documents. If payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work but delivered and suitably stored at the Site or at another location agreed to in writing, the Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by a bill of sale, invoice, or other documentation warranting that Owner has received the materials and equipment free and clear of all Liens, and evidence that the materials and equipment are covered by appropriate property insurance, a warehouse bond, or other arrangements to protect Owner's interest therein, all of which must be satisfactory to Owner.

15.01.B.2. Beginning with the third Application for Payment, each Application shall include an affidavit of Contractor stating that all previous progress payments received on account of the Work have been applied on account to discharge Contractor's legitimate obligations associated with prior Applications for Payment.

15.01.B.3. The amount of retainage with respect to progress payments will be as stipulated in the Agreement.

15.01.B.4. Applications for Payment will only be considered for review after Executed WBE and MBE subcontracts have been approved by the Owner.

SC-15.01. Delete Paragraph 15.01.C.1 in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

15.01.C.1. Engineer will, by the 14th of each month if the draft Application for Payment was received by the 7th of each month, either indicate in writing a recommendation of payment and present the Application to Owner, or return the Application to Contractor indicate in writing Engineer's reasons for refusing to recommend payment. In the latter case, Contractor may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application. Any resubmittals after the 14th of the month will be part of the next Application period.

SC-15.01. Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 15.01.C.5:

Engineer may also refuse to recommend any such payment or because of subsequently discovered evidence or the results of subsequent inspections or tests.

SC-15.01. Delete Paragraph 15.01.D.1 in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

15.01.D.1. Seventy-five (75) days after presentation of the Application for Payment to Owner with Engineer's recommendation, the amount recommended will become due, subject to any adjustments as provided for in this Agreement, and such amount will be paid by Owner to Contractor. Payment applications will not be considered for that month if they are not received by the Engineer prior to the 7th day of the following month.

SC-15.01. Add the following new subparagraph immediately after Paragraph 15.01.E.1.m:

15.01.E.1.m. taxes, penalties, lien fees, or delinquent interest levied by Owner against any property of the Contractor, both real and personal, provided such taxes owed by the Contractor are delinquent and have been delinquent for a period of not less than one year. SC-15.01. Delete Paragraph 15.01.E.3 in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

15.01.E.3 Upon a subsequent determination that Owner's refusal of payment was not justified, the amount wrongfully withheld shall be treated as an amount due as determined by Paragraph 15.01.C.1.

SC-15.01. Add the following new paragraphs immediately after Paragraph 15.01.E:

15.01.F. Prompt Payments to Subcontractors:

15.01.F.1. In accordance with Section 49-41a and Section 49-41c of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Contractor shall pay its subcontractors and suppliers within thirty (30) days of having received payment from the Owner for work performed or materials furnished by each subcontractor or supplier. In turn, the Contractor's subcontractors and suppliers shall pay their respective subcontractors and suppliers within thirty (30) days upon receiving payment from the general contractor for any work performed or materials furnished by such second-tier subcontractor or supplier.

15.01.F.2. Upon receipt of any payment from the Owner, Contractor shall pay each subcontractor and material supplier in proportion to the percentage of Work completed by each subcontractor and material supplier. If, for any reason, Contractor receives less than the full payment due from the Owner, Contractor shall be obligated to disburse on a pro rata basis those funds received, such that the Contractor, subcontractors, and material suppliers each receive a prorated portion based upon the amount of the payment.

15.01.F.3. Within fourteen (14) calendar days of the receipt of any payment from the Owner, the Contractor shall be required to submit a completed "Statement of Payments Made by General Contractor to Subcontractors" to the Owner evidencing that the Contractor has properly paid its subcontractors and material and equipment suppliers amounts paid by the Owner to the Contractor for such work. If the Contractor fails to submit such form to the Owner within seven days thereafter, or if the Owner has reasonable basis to believe that proper payment has not been made, the Owner may contact any such persons or entities relating to the Project to ascertain whether they have been properly paid.

## 15.01.G. Payments by Joint Check by Owner:

The Owner shall be entitled to withhold future payments to the Contractor until such time as the completed form has been submitted to the Owner. The Owner may, at its sole option, make payment by joint check to persons or entities of any tier to whom the Contractor failed to make payment for work properly performed or material or equipment suitably delivered, and such payments shall be deemed to have been made on account of the payee and all tiers between the payee and the Owner. Such payment shall be reflected on the Contractor's next Application for Payment. Any payment made by the Owner by joint check shall not be construed as a promise to assume the debt of any joint payee, nor as a continuing obligation to make joint payments, nor as an assumption or establishment of a direct contractual relationship with the payee unless expressly stated in a separate written agreement.

SC-15.03. Add the following new subparagraph immediately after Paragraph 15.03.B:

SC 15.03.B.1. If some or all of the Work has been determined not to be at a point of Substantial Completion and will require re-inspection or re-testing by Engineer, the cost of such re-inspection or re-testing, including the cost of time, travel and living expenses, shall be paid by Contractor to Owner. If Contractor does not pay, or the parties are unable to agree as to the amount owed, then Owner may impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15.

SC-15.03. Delete Paragraph 15.03.C in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

15.03.C. If Engineer considers Work substantially complete, Engineer will deliver to Owner a preliminary certificate of Substantial Completion which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion. Engineer shall attach to the certificate punch list of items to be completed or corrected before final payment. Owner shall have 14 days after receipt of preliminary certificate during which to make written objection to Engineer as to any provisions of the certificate or attached punch list. If, after consideration the objections to the provisions of the preliminary certificate, Engineer concludes that the Work is not substantially complete, Engineer will, within 21 days after submission of the preliminary certificate to Owner, notify Contractor in writing that the Work is not substantially complete, stating the reasons therefor. If Owner does not object to the provisions of the certificate of Substantial Completion (with a revised punchlist of items to be completed or corrected) reflecting such changes from the preliminary certificate as Engineer believes justified after consideration of any objections from Owner.

SC-15.04. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 15.04.A.4:

15.04.A.5. Owner may at any time request Contractor in writing to permit Owner to take over operation of any part of the Work although it is not substantially complete. A copy of such request will be sent to Engineer, and within a reasonable time thereafter Owner, Contractor and Engineer shall make an inspection of that part of the Work to determine its status of completion and will prepare a list of the items remaining to be completed or corrected thereon before final payment. If Contractor does not object in writing to Owner and Engineer that such part of the Work is not ready for separate operation by Owner, Engineer will finalize the list of items to be completed or corrected and will deliver such lists to Owner and Contractor together with a written recommendation as to the division of responsibilities pending final payment between Owner and Contractor with respect to security, operation, safety, maintenance, utilities, insurance, warranties, and guarantees for that part of the Work which will become binding upon Owner and Contractor at the time the Owner takes over such operation (unless they shall have otherwise agreed in writing and so informed Engineer). During such operation and prior to Substantial Completion of such part of the Work, Owner shall allow Contractor reasonable access to complete or correct items on said list and to complete other related Work.

SC-15.06. Delete Paragraph 15.06.D in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

SC-15.06.D. *Payment Becomes Due*: Seventy-Five days after the presentation to the Owner of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation, the amount recommended by Engineer (less any further sum Owner is entitled to set off against Engineer's recommendation, including but not limited to set-offs for liquidated damages and set-off allowed under the provisions above with respect to progress payments) will become due and shall be paid by Owner to Contractor.

SC-16.02. Add the following new subparagraph immediately after Paragraph 16.02.A.4:

16.02.A.5. If Contractor abandons the Work, or sublets this Contract or any part thereof, without the previous written consent of Owner, or if the Contract or any claim thereunder shall be assigned by Contractor otherwise than as specified herein.

SC-16.03. Delete Paragraphs 16.03.A.2 and 16.03.A.3 in their entirety.

SC-16.04. Delete Paragraphs 16.04.A and 16.04.B in their entirety and insert the following in their place:

16.04.A. If, through no act or fault of Contractor, (1) the Work is suspended for more than 90 consecutive days by Owner or under an order of court or other public authority, or (2) Engineer fails to act on any Application for Payment with in 30 days after it is submitted, or (3) Owner fails for 75 days to pay Contractor for any sum finally determined to be due, the Contractor may, upon 14 days written notice to Owner and Engineer, and provide Owner and Engineer do not remedy such suspension or failure within that time, terminate the contract and recover from Owner payment of the same terms as provided in Paragraph 16.03.

16.04.B. In lieu of terminating the Contract and without prejudice to any other right or remedy, Engineer has failed to act on Application for Payment within 30 days after it is submitted, or Owner has failed for 75 days to pay Contractor any sum finally determined to be due, Contractor may, 14 days after written notice to Owner and Engineer, stop the Work until payment is made of all such amounts due to the Contractor. The provisions of this paragraph are not intended to preclude Contractor from submitting a Change Proposal for an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times or otherwise for expenses or damage directly attributable to Contractor's stopping the Work as permitted through this paragraph.

SC-17.01. Delete Paragraph 17.01.B in its entirety and add the following in its place:

17.01.B. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 10.07 and Article 12, Owner and Contractor may exercise such rights or remedies as either may otherwise have under the Contract Documents or by Laws or Regulations in respect to any dispute. For any dispute subject to this Paragraph 17.01 and not resolved by the parties shall be subject to litigation in a court of competent jurisdiction in the State of Connecticut, regardless of conflicts of laws.

SC-17.02. Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 17.01:

SC-17.02. Attorneys' Fees: For any matter subject to final resolution under this Article 17, the prevailing party shall be entitled to an award of its attorneys' fees incurred in the final resolution proceedings, in an equitable amount to be determined in the discretion of the court or other arbiter of the matter subject to final resolution, taking into account the parties' initial demand or defense positions in comparison with the final result.

## [END OF SECTION.]

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These Special Conditions supplement the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract and other provisions of the Contract Documents as indicated below. All provisions that are not so supplemented remain in full force and effect.

The terms used in these Special Conditions have the meanings stated in the Standard General Conditions. Additional terms used in these Special Conditions have the meanings stated below, which are applicable to both the singular and plural thereof.

1.1. The following Provisions are attached to and hereby part of these Special Conditions.

- 1.1.1. DEEP Required Construction Contract Provisions.
- 1.1.2. Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate.
- 1.1.3. Connecticut General Statutes.
- 1.1.4. Executive Order No. Three.
- 1.1.5. Executive Order No. Sixteen.
- 1.1.6. Executive Order No. Seventeen.
- 1.1.7. Connecticut DEEP Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2019-003).

1.1.8. Contract Language required Pursuant to Public Acts 88-351 and 89-253.

1.1.9. Wage Rate Requirements.

1.1.10. Davis-Bacon Act.

- 1.1.11. Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards.
- 1.1.12. Building Construction Prevailing Wage Rates.
- 1.1.13. Heavy/Highway Construction Prevailing Wage Rates.
- 1.1.14. Connecticut Wage Rate Information.

1.1.15. EPA Prohibition on Certain Telecommunication and Video Surveillance Services.

1.1.16. Connecticut DEEP American Iron and Steel Provisions.

1.1.17. Connecticut DEEP BABA Instruction.

1.2. Permits.

1.2.1. Contractor shall obtain and pay for the building permit and all other construction permits and licenses. Owner shall assist Contractor, when necessary, in obtaining such permits and licenses. Contractor shall pay all governmental charges and inspection fees necessary for the prosecution of the Work which are applicable at the time of opening of Bids, or, if there are no Bids, on the Effective Date of the Contract. Owner shall pay all charges of utility owners for connections for providing permanent service to the Work.

1.2.2. The following permit approvals have been obtained for construction and are incorporated into these Contract Documents.

1.2.2.1. City of New Haven Site Plan Review.

## **END OF SECTION**

# DEEP Required Construction Contract Provisions

FOR HOR BIDDING PURPOSES

## REQUIRED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROVISIONS UNDER THE CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION'S CLEAN WATER FUND

## 22a-482-4 (g) REQUIRED PROVISIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Municipalities must include, when appropriate, the following clauses or their equivalent in each subagreement and may substitute other terms for "grantee" and "CONTRACTOR" in their subagreements.

#### 22a-482-4 (g)(1) Supersession

The municipality and the CONTRACTOR agree that the following general provisions, or their equivalent, apply to eligible work to be performed under this contract and that these provisions supersede any conflicting provisions of this contract;

#### 22a-482-4 (g)(2) Privity of contract

This contract is expected to be funded in part by the State of Connecticut. Neither the State, nor any of its departments, agencies, or employees is or will be a party to this contract or any lower tier subcontract. This contract is to be subject to regulations adopted in accordance with Section 22a-482 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(3) Changes for contracts for construction

(A) The municipality may, at any time, without notice to any surety, by written order designated or indicated to be a change order, make any change in the work within the general scope of the subagreement, including but not limited to changes:

- (i) In the specifications (including drawings and designs);
- (ii) In the time, method, or manner of performance of the work;
- (iii) In the municipality-furnished facilities, equipment, materials, services, or site;

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(iv) Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.

(B) A change order shall also be any other written or oral order (including direction, instruction, interpretation or determination) from the municipality which causes any change, provided the CONTRACTOR gives the municipality written notice stating the date, circumstances, and source of the order and that the CONTRACTOR regards the order as a change order.

(C) Except as provided in this clause, no order, statement, or conduct of the municipality shall be treated as a change under this clause or entitle the CONTRACTOR to an equitable adjustment.

(D) If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the CONTRACTOR's cost or the time required to perform any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by any order, an equitable adjustment shall be made and the subagreement modified in writing. However, for claims based on defective specifications, no claim for any change under (B) above shall be allowed for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the CONTRACTOR gives written notice as required in paragraph (B). In the case of defective specifications for which the municipality is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the CONTRACTOR in attempting to comply with those defective specifications.

(E) If the CONTRACTOR intends to assert a claim for an equitable adjustment under this clause, he must, within thirty (30) days after receipt of a written change order under (A) of this change clause or the furnishing of a written notice under (B) of this clause, submit to the grantee a

written statement setting forth the general nature and monetary extent of such claim. The municipality may extend the 30-day period. The statement of claim may be included in the notice under (B) of this clause.

(F) No claim by the CONTRACTOR for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if made after final payment under this contract. **22a-482-4 (g)(4)** Changes for contracts for supplies

(A) The municipality may at any time, by a written order and without notice to the sureties, make changes within the general scope of this subagreement in any one or more of the following:

- Drawings, designs, or specifications, where the supplies to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the municipality;
- (ii) Method of shipment or packing; and
- (iii) Place of delivery.

(B) If any change causes an increase or decrease in the cost or the time required to perform any part of the work under this subagreement, whether or not changed by any such order, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the subagreement price or delivery schedule, or both, and the subagreement shall be modified in writing. Any claim by the CONTRACTOR for adjustment under this clause must be asserted within 30 days from the date of receipt by the CONTRACTOR of the notification of change. If the municipality decides that the facts justify such action, the municipality may receive and act upon any such claim asserted at any time before final payment under this subagreement. Where the cost of property made obsolete or excess as a result of a change is included in the CONTRACTOR's claim for adjustment, the grantee shall have the right to prescribe the manner of disposition of such property. Nothing in this clause shall excuse the CONTRACTOR from proceeding with the subagreement as changed.

#### 22a-482-4 (g)(5) Differing site conditions

(A) The CONTRACTOR shall promptly, and before such conditions are disturbed, notify the municipality in writing of:

- (i) Subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site differing materially from those indicated in this subagreement; or
- (ii) Unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in work of the character provided for in this subagreement. The municipality shall promptly investigate the conditions and, if it finds that conditions are materially different and will cause an increase or decrease in the CONTRACTOR's cost or the time required to perform any part of the work under this subagreement, whether or not changed as a result of such conditions, an equitable adjustment shall be made and the subagreement modified in writing.

(B) No claim of the CONTRACTOR under this clause shall be allowed unless the CONTRACTOR has given notice required in (A) of this clause. However, the municipality may extend the prescribed time.

(C) No claim by the CONTRACTOR for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under this subagreement.

#### 22a-482-4 (g)(6) Suspension of work

(A) The municipality may order the CONTRACTOR, in writing, to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work for such period of time as the municipality may determine to be appropriate for the convenience of the municipality.

(B) If the performance of all or any part of the work is suspended, delayed, or interrupted for an

DEEP REQUIRED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROVIONS 00 74 10 - 2

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 unreasonable period of time by an act of the municipality in administration of the contract, (or if no time is specified, within a reasonable time), an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption and the contract modified in writing. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the CONTRACTOR, or for which an equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of the contract.

(C) No claim under this clause shall be allowed for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the CONTRACTOR notified the municipality in writing of the act or failure to act involved (this requirement does not apply to a claim resulting from a suspension order), and unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of such suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract.

#### <u>22a-482-4 (g)(7) Termination</u>

(A) This contract may be terminated in whole or in part in writing by either party in the event of substantial failure by the party to fulfill its obligations under this subagreement through no fault of the terminating party, provided that no termination may be effected unless the other party is given not less than ten (10) calendar days written notice (delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested) of intent to terminate and an opportunity for consultation with the terminating party prior to termination.

(B) This contract may be terminated in whole or in part in writing by the municipality for its convenience, provided that the CONTRACTOR is given not less than ten (10) calendar days written

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 notice (delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested) of intent to terminate and an opportunity for consultation with the terminating party prior to termination.

(C) If termination for default is effected by the municipality, an equitable adjustment in the price provided for in this contract shall be made but no amount shall be allowed for anticipated profit on unperformed services or other work, and any payment due to the CONTRACTOR at the time of termination may be adjusted to cover any additional costs to the municipality because of the CONTRACTOR's default. If termination for default is effected by the CONTRACTOR, or if termination for convenience is effected by the municipality, the equitable adjustment shall include a reasonable profit for services or other work performed. The equitable adjustment for any termination shall provide for payment to the CONTRACTOR for services rendered and expenses incurred prior to the termination in addition to termination settlement costs reasonably incurred by the CONTRACTOR relating to commitments which had become firm prior to the termination.

(D) Upon receipt of a termination action pursuant to (A) or (B) above, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly discontinue all services affected (unless the notice directs otherwise), and deliver or otherwise make available to the recipient all data, drawings, specifications, reports, estimates, summaries and such other information and materials as may have been accumulated by the CONTRACTOR in performing this contract whether completed or in process.

(E) Upon termination under (A) or (B) of this clause the municipality may take over the work and may award another party a contract to complete the work under this contract.

(F) If, after termination for failure of the CONTRACTOR to fulfill contractual obligations, it is determined that the CONTRACTOR had not failed to fulfill contractual obligations, the

termination shall be deemed to have been for the convenience of the municipality. In such event, adjustment of the price provided for in this contract shall be made as provided in (C) of this clause.

#### 22a-482-4 (g)(8) Remedies

Except as may be otherwise provided in this contract, all claims, counter-claims, disputes, and other matters in question between the municipality and the CONTRACTOR arising out of or relating to this contract or the breach thereof will be decided by arbitration if the parties mutually agree or in a court of competent jurisdiction within the district in which the municipality is located.

#### <u>22a-482-4 (g)(9) Price reduction for defective</u> <u>cost or pricing data</u>

NOTE - This clause is applicable to any contract negotiated between the municipality and its CONTRACTOR in excess of \$500,000; negotiated change orders in excess of \$500,000 or 10 percent of the contract. whichever is less, affecting the price of a formally advertised, competitively awarded, fixed price contract; or any lower tier subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$500,000 or 10 percent of the assistance agreement, whichever is less, under a contract other than a formally advertised, competitively awarded, fixed price subagreement. This clause is not applicable for contracts to the extent that they are awarded on the basis of effective price competition.

The CONTRACTOR and subcontractor, where appropriate, warrant that cost and pricing data submitted for evaluation with respect to negotiation of prices for negotiated contracts, lower tier subcontracts and change orders is based on current, accurate, and complete data supported by their books and records. If the municipality or the Commissioner determines that any price (including profit) negotiated in connection with

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 this contract, any lower tier subcontract, or any amendment thereunder was increased by any significant sums because the data provided was incomplete, inaccurate, or not current at the time of submission, then such price, cost or profit shall be reduced accordingly, and the contract shall be modified in writing to reflect such reduction. Failure to agree on a reduction shall be subject to the remedies clause of this agreement.

Since the contract is subject to reduction NOTE under this clause by reason of defective cost or pricing data submitted in connection with lower tier subcontracts, the CONTRACTOR may wish to include a clause in each lower tier subcontract requiring the lower tier subcontractor to appropriately indemnify the **CONTRACTOR.** It is also expected that any lower tier subcontractor subject to such indemnification will generally require substantially similar indemnification for defective cost or pricing data required to be submitted by lower tier CONTRACTORs.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(10) Audit; Access to records

(A) The CONTRACTOR shall maintain books, records, documents, and other evidence directly pertinent to performance on grant work under this contract in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices consistently applied. The CONTRACTOR shall also maintain the financial information and data used by the CONTRACTOR in the preparation or support of the cost submission required under Section 22a-482-4(i)(8) for any negotiated contract or change order and a copy of the cost summary submitted to the municipality. The municipality and the Commissioner or any of his authorized representatives shall have access to all such books, records, documents, and other evidence for the purpose of inspection, audit and copying during normal business hours. The CONTRACTOR will provide proper facilities for such access and inspection.

(B) If this is a formally advertised, competitively awarded, fixed price contract, the CONTRACTOR agrees to make (A) through (F) of this clause applicable to all negotiated change orders and contract amendments affecting the contract price. In the case of all other types of prime contracts, the CONTRACTOR agrees to include (A) through (F) of this clause in all his subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 and to make paragraphs (A) through (F) of this clause applicable to all change orders directly related to project performance.

(C) Audits conducted under this provision shall be in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and established procedures and guidelines of the reviewing or audit departments and meeting the requirements of Section 20-282 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(D) The CONTRACTOR agrees to disclose all information and reports resulting from access to records under (A) and (B) of this clause.

(E) Records under (A) and (B) above shall be maintained and made available during performance on assisted work under this contract and until three years from the date of final State payment for the project. In addition, those records which relate to any dispute appeal arising under a grant assistance agreement, to litigation, to the settlement of claims arising out of such performance, or to costs or items to which an audit exception has been taken, shall be maintained and made available until three years after the date of resolution of such appeal, litigation, claim, or exception.

(F) This right of access clause (with respect to financial records) applies to:

- (i) Negotiated prime subagreements;
- (ii) Negotiated change orders or contract amendments in excess of \$10,000 affecting the price of any formally advertised, competitively awarded, fixed

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 price contract; and

(iii) Subcontracts or purchase orders under any contract other than a formally advertised, competitively awarded, fixed price contract. However, this right of access does not apply to a prime contract, lower tier subcontract, or purchase order awarded after effective price competition, except with respect to records pertaining directly to contract performance, (excluding any financial records of the **CONTRACTOR**); if there is any indication that fraud, gross abuse, or corrupt practices may be involved or if the contract is terminated for default or for convenience.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(11) Covenant against contingent fees

The CONTRACTOR warrants that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee, excepting bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by the CONTRACTOR for the purpose of securing business. For breach or violation of this warranty the grantee shall have the right to annul this agreement without liability or, at its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover the full amount of such commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(12) Gratuities

(A) If the municipality finds, after a notice and hearing, that the CONTRACTOR, or any of the CONTRACTOR's agents or representatives, offered or gave gratuities (in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise), to any official, employee, or agent of the municipality or the State, in an attempt to secure a contract or favorable treatment in awarding, amending, or making any determinations related to the performance of this agreement, the municipality

may, by written notice to the CONTRACTOR, terminate this agreement. The municipality may also pursue other rights and remedies that the law or this agreement provides. However, the existence of the facts on which the municipality bases such findings shall be in issue and may be reviewed in proceedings under the Remedies clause of this agreement.

(B) In the event this contract is terminated, as provided in (A) in this clause, the recipient may pursue the same remedies against the CONTRACTOR as it could pursue in the event of a breach of the contract by the CONTRACTOR and, as a penalty, in addition to any other damages to which it may be entitled by law, to exemplary damages in an amount (as determined by the grantee) which shall be not less than three nor more than ten times the costs the CONTRACTOR incurs in providing any such gratuities to any such officer or employee.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(13) Responsibility of the CONTRACTOR

(A) The CONTRACTOR agrees to perform all work under this agreement in accordance with this agreement's designs, drawings, and specifications.

(B) The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees for a period of one (1) year from the date of substantial completion of the system that the completed system is free from all defects due to faulty materials, equipment or workmanship; and the CONTRACTOR shall promptly make whatever adjustments or corrections necessary to cure such defects, including repairs of any damage to other parts of the system resulting from such defects. The municipality shall give notice to the CONTRACTOR of observed defects with reasonable promptness. In the event that the CONTRACTOR fails to make adjustments, repairs, corrections or other work that may be made necessary by such defect, the municipality

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 may do so and charge the CONTRACTOR the cost incurred. The performance bond shall remain in full force and effect through the guarantee period.

(C) The CONTRACTOR's obligations under this clause are in addition to the CONTRACTOR's other express or applied warranties under this agreement or State law and in no way diminish any other rights that the municipality may have against the CONTRACTOR for faulty material, equipment, or work.

## 22a-482-4 (g)(14) Final payment

Upon satisfactory completion of the work performed under this agreement, as a condition before final payment under this agreement, or as a termination settlement under this agreement, the CONTRACTOR shall execute and deliver to the municipality a release of all claims against the municipality arising under or by virtue of this agreement, except claims which are specifically exempted by the CONTRACTOR to be set forth therein. Unless otherwise provided in this agreement or by State law or otherwise expressly agreed to by the parties to this agreement, final payment under this agreement or settlement upon termination of this agreement shall not constitute a waiver of the municipality's claims against the CONTRACTOR or his sureties under this agreement or applicable performance and payment bonds.

#### 22a-482-4(h) PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL

## 22a-482-4(h)(1) Applicability

This defines the responsibilities of the State and the municipality and the minimum procurement standards for each municipality's procurement system.

## 22a-482-4(h)(2) Municipality responsibility

(A) The municipality is responsible for the

settlement and satisfactory completion in accordance with sound business judgment and good administrative practice of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of subagreements entered into under the assistance agreement. This includes issuance of invitations for bids or requests for proposals, selection of CONTRACTORs, award of subagreements, settlement of protests, claims, disputes and other related procurement matters.

(B) The municipality shall maintain a subagreement administration system to assure that CONTRACTORs perform in accordance with the terms, conditions and specifications of their subagreements.

(C) The municipality shall review its proposed procurement actions to avoid purchasing unnecessary or duplicative items.

(D) The municipality shall consider consolidating its procurement or dividing it into parts to obtain a more economical purchase.

(E) Where appropriate, the municipality shall make an analysis of lease versus purchase alternatives in its procurement actions.

(F) A municipality may request technical assistance from the Commissioner for the administration and enforcement of any subagreement awarded under this section. However, such assistance does not relieve the municipality of its responsibilities under this section.

(G) A municipality may use innovative procurement methods or procedures only if it receives the Commissioner's prior written approval.

## 22a-482-4(h)(3) Municipality reporting requirements

The municipality shall request, in writing, the Commissioner's authorization to award each

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construction subagreement which has an aggregate value over \$10,000. The request shall include:

(A) Name, address, telephone number and employee identification number of the construction CONTRACTOR;

(B) Amount of the award;

(C) Estimated starting and completion dates;

(D)Project number, name and site location of the project; and

(E) Copy of the tabulations of bids or offers and the name of each bidder or offeror.

## 22a-482-4(h)(4) Copies of contract documents.

The municipality must promptly submit to the Commissioner copies of any prime contract or modification thereof, and revisions to plans and specifications.

## 22a-482-4(h)(5) Limitations on subagreement award

(A) The municipality shall award subagreements only to responsible CONTRACTORs that possess the potential ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. A responsible CONTRACTOR is one that has:

- (i) Financial resources, technical qualifications, experience, an organization and facilities adequate to carry out the project, or a demonstrated ability to obtain these;
- (ii) Resources to meet the completion schedule contained in the subagreement;
- (iii) A satisfactory performance record for completion of subagreements;
- (iv) Accounting and auditing procedures adequate to control property, funds and

assets; and

 (v) Demonstrated compliance or willingness to comply with the civil rights, equal employment opportunity, labor laws and other statutory requirements.

(B) The municipality shall not make awards to CONTRACTORs who have been suspended or debarred by Connecticut State Agencies.

#### 22a-482-4(h)(6) Violations.

The municipality shall refer violations of law to the local or State officials having the proper jurisdiction.

## 22a-482-4(h)(7) Competition

(A) The municipality shall conduct all procurement transactions in a manner that provides maximum open and free competition.

(B) Procurement practices shall not unduly restrict or eliminate competition. Examples of practices considered to be unduly restrictive include:

- (i) Noncompetitive practices between firms;
- (ii) Organizational conflicts of interest;
- (iii) Unnecessary, experience and bonding requirements;
- (iv) Local laws, ordinances, regulations or procedures which give local bidders or proposers preference over other bidders or proposers in evaluating bids or proposals; and
- (v) Placing unreasonable requirements on firms in order for them to qualify to do business.

(C) The municipality may use a prequalification list(s) of persons, firms or products if it:

(i) Updates its prequalified list(s) at least every six months;

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- (ii) Reviews and acts on each request for prequalification made more than thirty (30) days before the closing date for receipt of proposals or bid opening; and
- (iii) Gives adequate public notice of its prequalification procedures in accordance with the public notice procedures.

(D) A municipality may not use a prequalified list(s) of persons or firms if the procedure unnecessarily restricts competition.

## 22a-482-4(h)(8) Profit

(A) Municipalities must assure that only fair and reasonable profits are paid to CONTRACTORs awarded subagreements under State assistance agreements.

(B) The municipality shall negotiate profit as a separate element of price for each subagreement in which there is no price competition, or where price is based on cost analysis.

(C) Where the municipality receives two or more bids, profit included in a formally advertised, competitively bid, fixed price subagreement shall be considered reasonable.

(D) Off-the-shelf or catalog supplies are exempt from this section. 22a-482-4(h)(9) Use of small, minority, and women's businesses

The municipality must take affirmative steps to assure that small, minority, and women's businesses are used to the maximum extent practicable. The Commissioner may impose goals as conditions of financial assistances.

## 22a-482-4(h)(10) Privity of subagreement.

The State shall not be a party to any subagreement nor to any solicitation or request for proposals.

#### 22a-482-4(h)(11) Documentation

(A) Procurement records and files for procurements in excess of \$10,000 shall include the following:

- (i) Basis for CONTRACTOR selection;
- (ii) Written justification for selection of the procurement method;
- (iii) Written justification for use of any specification which does not provide for maximum free and open competition;
- (iv) Written justification for the type of subagreement;
- Basis for award cost or price, including a copy of the cost or price analysis made and documentation of negotiations; and
- (vi) A municipality must state the reasons in writing for rejecting any or all bids and the justification for procurements on a noncompetitively negotiated basis and make them available for public inspection.

#### 22a-482-4(h)(12) Specifications

(A) Nonrestrictive specifications.

- No specification for bids or statement of (i) work in connection with such works shall be written in such a manner as to contain proprietary, exclusionary or discriminatory requirements other than those based upon performance, unless such requirements are necessary to test or demonstrate a specific thing or to provide for necessary interchangeability of parts and equipment, or at least two brand names or trade names of comparable quality or utility are listed and are followed by the words "or equal". If brand or trade names are specified, the municipality must be prepared to identity to the Commissioner, or in any protest action, the salient requirements (relating to the minimum needs of the project) which must be met by any offeror. The single base bid method of solicitation for equipment and parts for determination of a low, responsive bidder may not be utilized. With regard to materials, if a single material is specified, the municipality must be prepared to substantiate the basis for the selection of the material.
- (ii) Project specifications shall, to the extent practicable, provide for maximum use of structures, machines, products, materials, construction methods, and equipment which are readily available through competitive procurement, or through standard or proven production techniques, methods, and processes.

(B) Sole source restriction. A specification shall not require the use of structures, materials, equipment, or processes which are known to be available only from a sole source, unless the Commissioner determines in advance that the municipality's engineer has adequately justified in writing that the proposed use meets the particular project's minimum needs or the Commissioner determines that use of a single source is necessary to promote innovation.

(C) Experience clause restriction. The general use of experience clauses requiring equipment manufacturers to have a record of satisfactory operation for a specified period of time or of bonds or deposits to guarantee replacement in the event of failure is restricted to special cases where the municipality's engineer adequately justifies any such requirement in writing. Where such justification has been made, submission of a bond or deposit shall be permitted instead of a specified experience period. The period of time for which the bond or deposit is required should not exceed the experience period specified.

## 22a-482-4(h)(13) Force account work

(A) The municipality must receive the Commissioner's prior written approval for use of the force account method for any planning, design work or construction work.

(B) The Commissioner may approve the force account method upon the municipality's demonstration that it possesses the necessary competence required to accomplish such work and that the work can be accomplished more economically by use of the force account method, or emergency circumstances dictate its use.

(C) Use of the force account method for construction work shall generally be limited to minor portions of a project.

## 22a-482-4(h)(14) Code of conduct

(A) The municipality shall maintain a written code or standards of conduct which shall govern the performance of its officers, employees, or agents engaged in the award and administration of subagreements supported by State funds. No employee, officer or agent of the municipality shall participate in the selection, award or administration of a subagreement supported by State funds if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved.

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 (B) Such a conflict would arise when:

- (i) Any employee, officer or agent of the municipality, any member of the immediate families, or their partners, have a financial or other interest in the firm selected for award; or
- (ii) An organization which may receive or has been awarded a subagreement employs, or is about to employ, any person under (B)(i) of this Section.

(C) The municipality's officers, employees or agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from CONTRACTORs, potential CONTRACTORs or other parties to subagreements.

(D) Municipalities may set minimum rules where the financial interest is not substantial or the gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value.

(E) To the extent permitted by State or local law or regulations, the municipality's code of conduct shall provide for penalties, sanctions or other disciplinary actions for violations of the code by the municipality's officers, employees or agents or by CONTRACTORs or their agents.

#### 22a-482-4(h)(15) Payment to consultants

(A) For all State assistance agreements, the State will limit its participation in the salary rate (excluding overhead) paid to individual consultants retained by a municipality or by a municipality's CONTRACTORs or subcontractors to the maximum daily rate for a GS-18 federal employee. (Municipality's may, however, pay CONTRACTORs and subcontractors more than this amount.) This limitation applies to consultation services of designated individuals with specialized skills who are paid at a daily or hourly rate. The rate does not include transportation and subsistence costs for travel performed; municipalities will pay these in accordance with their normal travel reimbursement practices.

(B) Subagreements with firms for services which are awarded using these procurement requirements are not affected by this limitation. 22a-482-4(h)(16) Cost and price considerations

(A) The municipality shall conduct a cost analysis of all negotiated change orders and all negotiated subagreements estimated to exceed \$10,000.

(B) The municipality shall conduct a price analysis of all formally advertised procurements estimated to exceed \$10,000 if there are fewer than three bidders.

(C) For negotiated procurement, CONTRACTORs and subcontractors shall submit cost or pricing data in support of their proposals to the municipality.

#### 22a-482-4(h)(17) Small purchases

(A) Small Purchase Procurement. If the aggregate amount involved in any one procurement transaction does not exceed \$10,000, including estimated handling and freight charges, overhead and profit, the municipality may use small purchase procedures.

(B) Small Purchase Procedures. Small purchase procedures are relatively simple procurement methods that are sound and appropriate for procurement of services, supplies or other property costing in the aggregate not more than \$10,000.

(C) Requirements for Competition.

(i) Municipalities shall not divide a procurement into smaller parts to avoid the dollar limitation for competitive procurement.

(ii) Municipalities shall obtain price or rate quotations from an adequate number of qualified sources.

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## 22a-482-4(h)(18) Negotiation and award of subagreements

(A) Unless the request for proposals states that award may be based on initial offers alone, the municipality must conduct meaningful negotiations with the best qualified offerors with acceptable proposals within the competitive range, and permit revisions to obtain best and final offers. The best qualified offerors must have equal opportunities to negotiate or revise their proposals. During negotiations, the municipality must not disclose the identity of competing offerors or any information from competing proposals.

(B) The municipality must award the subagreement to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the municipality, taking into consideration price and other evaluation criteria set forth in the request for proposals.

(C) The municipality must promptly notify unsuccessful offerors that their proposals were rejected.

(D) The municipality must document its procurement file to indicate how proposals were evaluated, what factors were used to determine the best qualified offerors within the competitive range, and what factors were used to determine the subagreement award.

## 22a-482-4(h)(19) Optional selection procedure for negotiation and award of subagreement for architectural and engineering services

(A) The municipality may evaluate and select an architect or engineer using the procedures in this subdivision in place of the procedures in "Negotiation and award of subagreements" in subdivision (18).

(B) The municipality may use responses from requests for statement of qualifications to determine the most technically qualified architects

or engineers.

(C) After selecting and ranking the most qualified architects or engineers, the municipality will request technical proposals from those architects or engineers and inform them of the evaluation criteria the municipality will use to rank the proposals.

(D) The municipality shall then select and determine, in writing, the best technical proposal.

(E) After selecting the best proposal, the municipality shall attempt to negotiate fair and reasonable compensation with that offeror.

(F) If the municipality and the offeror of the best proposal cannot agree on the amount of compensation, the municipality shall formally terminate negotiations with that offeror. The municipality shall then negotiate with the offeror with the next best proposal. This process will continue until the municipality reaches agreement on compensation with an offeror with an acceptable proposal. Once the municipality terminates negotiations with an offeror, the municipality cannot go back and renegotiate with that offeror.

## 22a-482-4(h)(20) Noncompetitive negotiation procurement method

Noncompetitive negotiation may be used only when the award of a subagreement is not feasible under small purchase, formal advertising, or competitive negotiation procedures. The municipality may award a noncompetitively negotiated subagreement only under the following circumstances:

(A) The item is available only from a single source;

(B) A public exigency or emergency exists and the urgency for the requirement will not permit a delay incident to competitive procurement; or

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 (C) After solicitation from a number of sources, competition is determined to be inadequate.

## 22a-482-4(h)(21) Use of the same architect or engineer during construction

(A) If the municipality is satisfied with the qualifications and performance of the architect or engineer who provided any or all of the planning or design services for the project, it may wish to retain that firm or individual during construction of the project. The municipality may do so without further public notice and evaluation of qualifications provided that it received financial assistance for the planning and/or design services and selected the architect or engineer in accordance with these procurement regulations.

(B) However, if the municipality uses the procedures in (A) to retain an architect or engineer, any construction subagreements between the architect or engineer and the municipality must meet the procurement provisions of section 22a-482-4(h)(5) of this section..

## 22a-482-4(h)(22) Negotiation of subagreements

(A) Formal advertising, with adequate purchase descriptions, sealed bids, and public openings shall be the required method of procurement unless negotiation under (B) of this section is necessary to accomplish sound procurement.

(B) All negotiated procurement shall be conducted in a manner to provide to the maximum practicable extent open and free competition appropriate to the type of project work to be performed. The municipality is authorized to negotiate subagreements if any of the following conditions exist:

 Public exigency will not permit the delay incident to formally advertised procurement (e.g. an emergency procurement);

- (ii) The aggregate amount involved does not exceed \$10,000;
- (iii) The material or service to be procured is available from only one person or entity. If the procurement is expected to aggregate more than \$10,000, the municipality must document its file with a justification of the need for noncompetitive procurement, and provide such documentation to the Commissioner on request;
- (iv) The procurement is for personal or professional services (including architectural or engineering services) or for any service that a university or other educational institution may render;
- (v) No responsive, responsible bids at acceptable price levels have been received after formal advertising, and the Commissioner's prior written approval has been obtained;
- (vi) The procurement is for materials or services where the price is established by law;
- (vii) The procurement is for technical items or equipment requiring standardization and interchangeability of parts with existing equipment; or
- (viii) The procurement is for experimental, developmental or research services.

## 22a-482-4(h)(23) Enforcement

If the Commissioner determines that the municipality has failed to comply with any of these procurement provisions, he or she may impose any of the following sanctions:

(A) The grant may be terminated or annulled under Section 22a-482-4(t).

(B) Project costs directly related to the noncompliance may be disallowed.

(C) Payment otherwise due to the municipality of up to 10 percent may be withheld.

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 (D) Project work may be suspended under Sec. 22a-482-4(g) (5).

(E) A non-complying municipality may be found non-responsible or ineligible for future state funding assistance or a non-complying CONTRACTOR may be found non-responsible or ineligible for approval for future contract award under state grants.

(F) An injunction may be entered or other equitable relief afforded by a court of appropriate jurisdiction.

(G) Such other administrative or judicial action may be instituted if it is legally available and appropriate.

## 22a-482-4(h)(24) Contract Enforcement

Commissioner authority. At the request of a municipality, the Commissioner is authorized to provide technical and legal assistance in the administration and enforcement of any contract related to pollution abatement facilities for which a State grant was made and to intervene in any civil action involving the enforcement of such contracts, including contract disputes which are the subject of either arbitration or court action in accordance with the requirements of Section 22a-482-4(f)(1).

## 22a-482-4 (j) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS

(This section applies to construction contracts in excess of \$10,000 awarded by municipalities for any construction projects.)

#### 22a-482-4 (j)(1) Type of Contract

Each contract shall be a fixed price (lump sum or unit price or a combination of the two) contract, unless the Commissioner gives advance written approval for the municipality to use some other acceptable type of contract. The

cost-plus-percentage-of-cost contract shall not be used in any event.

#### 22a-482-4 (j)(2) Formal Advertising

Each contract shall be awarded after formal advertising, unless negotiations are permitted in accordance with Sec. 22a-482-4(h)(18). Formal advertising shall be in accordance with the following:

(A) Adequate public notice. The municipality will cause adequate notice to be given of the solicitation by publication in newspapers or journals of general circulation beyond the municipality's locality (statewide, generally), inviting bids on the project work and stating the method by which bidding documents may be obtained or examined. Where the estimated cost of construction is \$10 million or more, the municipality should publish the notice in trade journals of nationwide distribution. The municipality may solicit bids directly from bidders if it maintains a bidders list;

(B) Adequate time for preparing bids. Adequate time, generally not less than 30 days, must be allowed between the date when public notice is first published and the date by which bids must be submitted. Bidding documents (including specifications and drawings) shall be available to prospective bidders from the date when such notice is first published;

(C) Adequate bidding documents. The municipality shall prepare a reasonable number of bidding documents (invitations for bids) and shall furnish them upon request on a first-come, first-served basis. The municipality shall maintain a complete set of bidding documents and shall make them available for inspection and copying by any party. The bidding documents shall include:

(i) A complete statement of the work to be performed, including necessary drawings and specifications, and the required

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- (ii) The terms and conditions of the contract to be awarded;
- (iii) A clear explanation of the method of bidding and the method of evaluation of bid prices, and the basis and method for award of the contract;
- (iv) Responsibility requirements or criteria which will be employed in evaluating bidders;
- (v) The following statement:

Any contract or contracts awarded under this invitation for bids are expected to be funded in part by the State of Connecticut (Department of Environmental Protection). Neither the State of Connecticut nor any of its departments, agencies or employees is or will be a party to this invitation for bids or any resulting contract. This procurement will be subject to the requirements contained in Section 22a-482-4, (h), (j) and (o) of the regulations of Connecticut State Agencies;

- (vi) A copy of Sec. 22a-482-4, (h), (j) and (o); and
- (vii) The prevailing State Wage Determination as applicable.

(D) Sealed bids. The municipality shall provide for bidding by sealed bid and for the safeguarding of bids received until public opening.

(E) Addenda to bidding documents. If a municipality desires to amend any part of the bidding documents (including drawings and specifications) during the period when bids are being prepared, the addenda shall be communicated in writing to all firms which have obtained bidding documents at least five (5) working days prior to the bid opening.

(F) Bid modifications. A firm which has submitted a bid shall be allowed to modify or

withdraw its bid before the time of bid opening.

(G) Public opening of bids. The municipality shall provide for a public opening of bids at the place, date and time announced in the bidding documents.

(H) Award to the low, responsive, responsible bidder.

- (i) After bids are opened, the municipality shall evaluate them in accordance with the methods and criteria set forth in the bidding documents.
- (ii) The municipality may reserve the right to reject all bids. Unless all bids are rejected for good cause, award shall be made to the low, responsive, responsible bidder.
- (iii) If the municipality intends to make the award to a firm which did not submit the lowest bid, it shall prepare a written statement before any award, explaining why each lower bidder was deemed nonresponsible or non-responsive. The Municipality shall retain such statement in its files and forward a copy to the Commissioner for review.
- (iv) Local laws, ordinances, regulations or procedures which are designed or which operate to give local bidders preference over other bidders shall not be employed in evaluating bids.
- (v) If an unresolved procurement review issue or a protest relates only to award of a subcontract or procurement of an item under the prime contract, and resolution of that issue or protest is unduly delaying performance of the prime contract, the Commissioner may authorize award and performance of the prime contract before resolution of the issue or protest, if the Commissioner determines that resolution of the protest will not affect the placement of the prime contract bidders and will not materially affect initial performance of the prime contract; and

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(vi) The municipality shall not reject a bid as non-responsive for failure to list or otherwise indicate the selection of a subcontractor(s) or equipment, unless the municipality has unambiguously stated in the solicitation documents that such failure to list shall render a bid nonresponsive and shall cause rejection of a bid.

## 22a-482-4 (k) NEGOTIATION OF CONTRACT AMENDMENTS (CHANGE ORDERS)

## <u>22a-482-4 (k)(1)</u>

The Municipality is responsible for the negotiation of construction contract change orders. This function may be performed by the municipality directly or, if authorized, by its engineer. During negotiations with the CONTRACTOR the municipality shall:

(A) Make certain that the CONTRACTOR has a clear understanding of the scope and extent of work and other essential requirements;

(B) Assure that the CONTRACTOR demonstrates that he will make available or will obtain the necessary personnel, equipment and materials to accomplish the work within the required time; and

(C) Assure a fair and reasonable price for the required work.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(2)

The contract price or time may be changed only by a change order. When negotiations are required, they shall be conducted in accordance with section 22a-482(k)(3) and (4) as appropriate. The value of any work covered by a change order or of any claim for increase or decrease in the contract price shall be determined by the method set forth in paragraphs (2)(A) through (2)(C) of this section, whichever is most advantageous to the municipality.

(A) Unit prices.

- (i) Original bid items. Unit prices previously approved are acceptable for pricing changes of original bid items. However, when changes in quantities exceed 15 percent of the original bid quantity and the total dollar change of that bid item is significant, the municipality shall review the unit price to determine if a new unit price should be negotiated.
- (ii) New items. Unit prices of new items shall be negotiated.
- (B) A lump sum to be negotiated.

(C) Cost reimbursement. The actual cost for labor, direct overhead, materials, supplies, equipment, and other services necessary to complete the work plus an amount to be agreed upon to cover the cost of general overhead and profit to be negotiated.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(3)

For each change order not in excess of \$100,000 the CONTRACTOR shall submit sufficient cost and pricing data to the municipality to enable the municipality to determine the necessity and reasonableness of costs and amounts proposed, and the allowability and eligibility of costs proposed.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(4)

For each change order in excess of 100,000, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the municipality for review sufficient cost and pricing data as described in paragraphs (4)(A) through (4)(E) of

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this section to enable the municipality to ascertain the necessity and reasonableness of costs and amounts proposed, and the allowability and eligibility of costs proposed.

(A) The CONTRACTOR shall certify that proposed costs reflect complete, current, and accurate cost and pricing data applicable to the date of the change order.

(B) In addition to the specific elements of cost, the estimated amount of profit shall be set forth separately in the cost summary for fixed price change orders and a specific total dollar amount of profit will be set forth separately in the cost summary for cost reimbursement change orders.

(C) The municipality may require more detailed cost data in order to substantiate the reasonableness of proposed change order costs. The Commissioner may, on a selected basis, perform a detailed cost analysis on any change order.

(D)For costs under cost reimbursement change orders, the CONTRACTOR shall have an accounting system which accounts for such costs in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This system shall provide for the identification, accumulation and segregation of allowable and unallowable change orders. Allowable change order costs shall be determined in accordance with Sections 22a-482-4(a), (b), (c), (d), and (e). The CONTRACTOR must propose and account for such costs in a manner consistent with his normal accounting procedures.

(E) Change orders awarded on the basis of review of a cost element summary and a certification of complete, current, and accurate cost and pricing data shall be subject to downward renegotiation and recoupment of funds where a subsequent audit substantiates that such certification was not based on complete, current and accurate cost and pricing data.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(5) Review by Commissioner.

The municipality shall submit, before the execution of any change order in excess of \$100,000, to the Commissioner for review and approval:

(A) The cost and pricing data the CONTRACTOR submitted;

(B) A certification of review and acceptance of the CONTRACTOR's cost or price; and

(C) A copy of the proposed change order.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(6) Profit.

The objective of negotiations shall be the exercise of sound business judgment and good administrative practice including the determination of a fair and reasonable profit based on the CONTRACTOR's assumption of risk and input to total performance and not merely the application of a predetermined percentage factor. For the purpose of negotiated change orders to construction contracts profit is defined as the net proceeds obtained by deducting all allowable costs (direct and indirect) from the price. The municipality should review the estimate of profit as it reviews all other elements of price.

## 22a-482-4 (k)(7) Related work.

Related work shall not be split into two amendments or change orders merely to keep it under \$100,000 and thereby avoid the requirements of (4) of this section. For change orders which include both additive and deductive items:

(A) If any single item (additive or deductive) exceeds \$100,000 the requirements of (4) of this section shall be applicable;

(B) If no single additive or deductive item has a value of \$100,000 but the total price of the change order is over \$100,000, the requirements

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(C) If the total of additive items of work in the change order exceeds \$100,000 or the total of deductive items of work in the change order exceeds \$100,000 and the net price of the change order is less than \$100,000, the requirements of (4) of this section shall be applicable.

## 22a-482-4 (1) SUBCONTRACTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS.

## 22a-482-4 (1)(1)

The award or execution of subcontracts by a prime CONTRACTOR under a construction contract awarded to the prime CONTRACTOR by the municipality, and the procurement and negotiation procedures used by prime CONTRACTORs in awarding or executing subcontracts are not required to comply with any of the provisions, selection procedures, policies or principles set forth in Section 22a-482-4(h) or (j) except those specifically stated in this section. In addition, the bid protest procedures of Section 22a-482-4(o) are not available to parties executing subcontracts with prime CONTRACTORs except as specifically provided in that section.

## 22a-482-4 (1)(2)

The award or execution of subcontracts by a prime CONTRACTOR under a formally advertised, competitively bid, fixed price construction contract awarded to the prime CONTRACTOR by the municipality, and the procurement and negotiation procedures used by such prime CONTRACTORs in awarding or executing such subcontracts must comply with any municipality procurement system, State small, minority and women's business policy, (Section 22a-482-4(h)(9)), negotiation of contract amendments (Section 22a-482-4(k)), and clauses (8) and (9) of Section 22a-482-4(g).

## 22a-482-4 (m)PROGRESS PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTORS

## 22a-482-4 (m)(1)

Except as State law otherwise provides, municipalities must make prompt progress payments to prime CONTRACTORs and prime CONTRACTORs should make prompt progress payments to subcontractors and suppliers for eligible construction, material, and equipment costs, including those of undelivered, specifically manufactured equipment, incurred under a contract under this program. The Clean Water Fund shall only be obligated to pay the municipality amounts that the municipality is actually going to pay CONTRACTORs..

## <u>22a-482-4 (m)(2) Conditions of progress</u> <u>payments</u>.

For purposes of this section, progress payments are defined as follows:

(A) Payments for work in place;

(B) Payments for materials or equipment which have been delivered to the construction site, or which are stockpiled in the vicinity of the construction site, in accordance with the terms of the contract, when conditional or final acceptance is made by or for the municipality. The municipality shall assure that items for which progress payments have been made are adequately insured and are protected through appropriate security measures. Costs of such insurance and security are allowable costs; or

(C) Payments for undelivered specifically manufactured items or equipment (excluding off-the-shelf or catalog items) as work on them progresses. Such payments must be made if provisions therefore are included in the bid and contract documents. Such provisions may be included at the option of the municipality only when all of the following conditions exist:

(i) The equipment is so designated in the project specifications;

- (ii) The equipment to be specifically manufactured for the project could not be readily utilized on nor diverted to another job; and
- (iii) A fabrication period of more than 6 months is anticipated.

## 22a-482-4 (m)(3) Protection of progress payments made for specifically manufactured equipment.

The municipality will assure protection of the State's interest in progress payments made for items or equipment referred to in (2)(C) of this section. The protection must be acceptable to the municipality and must take the form of:

(A) Securities negotiable without recourse, condition or restrictions, a progress payment bond, or an irrevocable letter of credit provided to the municipality through the prime CONTRACTOR by the subcontractor or supplier; and

(B) For items or equipment in excess of \$200,000 in value which are manufactured in a jurisdiction in which the Uniform Commercial Code is applicable, the creation and perfection of a security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code which is reasonably adequate to protect the interests of the municipality.

## 22a-482-4 (m)(4) Limitations on progress payments for specifically manufactured equipment.

(A)Progress payments made for specifically manufactured equipment or items shall be limited to the following:

 A first payment upon submission by the prime CONTRACTOR of shop drawings for the equipment or items in an amount not exceeding 15 percent of the contract or item price plus appropriate and allowable higher tier costs; and

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 (ii) Subsequent to the municipality's release or approval for manufacture, additional payments not more frequently than monthly thereafter up to 75 percent of the contract or item price plus appropriate and allowable higher tier costs. However, payment may also be made in accordance with the contract and grant terms and conditions for ancillary onsite work before delivery of the specifically manufactured equipment or items.

(B) In no case may progress payments for undelivered equipment or items under (4)(A)(i) or (4)(A)(ii) of this section be made in an amount greater than 75 percent of the cumulative incurred costs allocable to contract performance with respect to the equipment or items. Submission of a request for any such progress payments must be accompanied by a certification furnished by the fabricator of the equipment or item that the amount of progress payment claimed constitutes not more than 75 percent of cumulative incurred costs allocable to contract performance and, in addition, in the case of the first progress payment request a certification that the amount claimed does not exceed 15 percent of the contract or item price quoted by the fabricator.

(C) As used in this section, the term "costs allocable to contract performance" with respect to undelivered equipment or items includes all expenses of contract performance which are reasonable, allocable to the contract, consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices consistently applied and which are not excluded by the contract.

## 22a-482-4 (m)(5) Enforcement.

A subcontractor or supplier which is determined by the Commissioner to have frustrated the intent of the provisions regarding progress payments for major equipment or specifically manufactured equipment through intentional forfeiture of its bond or failure to deliver the equipment may be

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#### 22a-482-4 (m)(6) Contract provisions.

Where applicable, appropriate provisions regarding progress payments must be included in each contract and subcontract.

#### 22a-482-4 (m)(7) Implementation.

The foregoing progress payments policy should be implemented in invitations for bids for project funded by the Clean Water Fund. If provision for progress payments is made after contract award, it must be for consideration that the municipality deems adequate.

## 22a-482-4 (n) RETENTION FROM PROGRESS PAYMENTS

## 22a-482-4 (n)(1)

The municipality may retain a portion of the amount otherwise due the CONTRACTOR. The amount the municipality retains shall be limited to the following:

(A) Withholding of not more than 5 percent of the payment claimed until work is 50 percent complete;

(B) When work is 50 percent complete, reduction of the withholding to 2 percent of the dollar value of all work satisfactorily completed to date, provided that the CONTRACTOR is making satisfactory progress and there is no specific cause for greater withholding;

(C) When the work is substantially complete (operational or beneficial occupancy), the withheld amount shall be further reduced below 2 percent to only that amount necessary to assure completion;

(D) The municipality may reinstate up to 5 percent withholding if the municipality determines, at its discretion, that the

CONTRACTOR is not making satisfactory progress or there is other specific cause for such withholding; and

(E) The municipality may accept securities negotiable without recourse, condition or restrictions, a release of retainage bond, or an irrevocable letter of credit provided by the CONTRACTOR instead of all or part of the cash retainage.

## 22a-482-4 (n)(2)

The foregoing retention policy shall be implemented with respect to all construction projects. Appropriate provision to assure compliance with this policy must be included in the bid documents for such projects initially or by addendum before the bid submission date and as a special condition in the funding agreement or in an amendment which is issued by the Commissioner.

## 22a-482-4 (n)(3)

A municipality which delays disbursement to CONTRACTORs of funds will be required to credit to the Clean Water Fund all interest earned on those funds and will be responsible for any and all tax law violations which occur as a result of their actions.

## 22a-482-4 (o) PROTESTS

## 22a-482-4 (o)(1) General

A protest based upon an alleged violation of the procurement requirements may be filed against a municipality's procurement action by a party with an adversely affected direct financial interest. Any such protest must be received by the municipality within the time period in (2)(A) of this section. The municipality is responsible for resolution of the protest before taking the protested action, in accordance with (4) of this section, except as otherwise provided by (9) of this section or 22a-482-4(j)(2)(H)(v).

## 22a-482-4 (o)(2) Time limitations

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 (A) A protest under (4) of this section should be made as early as possible during the procurement process to avoid disruption of or unnecessary delay to the procurement process. A protest authorized by (4) of this section must be received by the municipality within one week after the basis for the protest is known or should have been known, whichever is earlier.

- (i) In the case of an alleged violation of the specification requirements of Section 22a-482-4(h)(12), relating to specifications (e.g., that a product fails to qualify as an "or equal") a protest need not be filed prior to the opening of bids. The municipality may resolve the issue before receipt of bids or proposals through a written or other formal determination, after notice and opportunity to comment is afforded to any party with a direct financial interest.
- (ii) When an alleged violation of the specification requirements of Section 22a-482-4(h)
  (12) first arises subsequent to the receipt of bids or proposals, the municipality must decide the protest if the protest was received by the municipality within one week of the time that the municipality's written or other formal notice is first received.

(B) A protest appeal authorized by this section must be filed in a court of competent jurisdiction within the locality of the municipality within one week after the complainant has received the municipality's determination.

(C) If a protest is mailed, the complaining party bears the risk of nondelivery within the required time period. All documents transmitted in accordance with this section shall be mailed by certified mail (return receipt requested) or otherwise delivered in a manner which will objectively establish the date of receipt. Initiation of protest actions under (4) or (5) of this section may be made by brief telegraphic notice

accompanied by prompt mailing or other delivery of a more detailed statement of the basis for the protest. Telephone protests will not be considered.

## 22a-482-4 (o)(3) Other initial requirements

(A) The initial protest document must briefly state the basis for the protest and should:

- (i) Refer to the specific portions of these regulations which allegedly prohibit the procurement action;
- (ii) Specifically request a determination pursuant to this section;
- (iii) Identify the specific procurement document(s) or portion(s) of them in issue; and
- (iv) Include the name, telephone number, and address of the person representing the protesting party.

(B) The party filing the protest must concurrently transmit a copy of the initial protest document and any attached documentation to all other parties with a direct financial interest which may be adversely affected by the determination of the protest (all bidders or proposers who appear to have a substantial and reasonable prospect of receiving an award if the protest is denied or sustained) and to the Commissioner.

## 22a-482-4 (o)(4) Municipality determination

(A) The municipality is responsible for the initial resolution of protests based upon alleged violations of the procurement requirements.

(B) When the municipality receives a timely written protest, it must defer the protested procurement action in accordance with (7) of this section and:

(i) Afford the complaining party and interested parties an opportunity to present arguments in support of their views in writing or at a conference or

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- (ii) Inform the complainant and other interested parties of the procedures which the municipality will observe for resolution of the protest;
- (iii) Obtain an appropriate extension of the period for acceptance of the bid and bid bond(s) of each interested party, where applicable (failure to agree to a suitable extension of such bid and bid bond(s) by the party which initiated the protest shall be cause for summary dismissal of the protest by the municipality or the Commissioner); and
- (iv) Promptly deliver (by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal delivery) its written determination of the protest to the complaining party and to each other participating party.

(C) The municipality's determination must be accompanied by a legal opinion addressing issues arising under State, or local law, if any and, when construction is involved, by an engineering report, if appropriate.

(D) The municipality should decide the protest as promptly as possible - generally within 3 weeks after receipt of a protest, unless extenuating circumstances require a longer period of time for proper resolution of the protest.

## 22a-482-4 (o)(5) Procedures

(A) Where resolution of an issue properly raised with respect to a procurement requirement necessitates prior or collateral resolution of a legal issue arising under State or local law, and such law is not clearly established in published legal decisions of the State or other relevant jurisdiction, the municipality may rely upon:

- (i) An opinion of the municipality's legal counsel adequately addressing the issue;
- (ii) The established or consistent practice of the municipality, to the extent

appropriate;

- (iii) The law of other local jurisdictions as established in published legal decisions; r
- (iv) If none of the foregoing adequately resolve the issue, published decisions of the Comptroller General of the United States (U.S. General Accounting Office) or of the Federal or State courts addressing Federal or State requirements comparable to procurement requirements of this section.

(B) A party who submits a document subsequent to initiation of a protest proceeding must simultaneously furnish each of the other parties with a copy of such document.

(C) The procedures established herein are not intended to preclude informal resolution or voluntary withdrawal of protests. A complainant may withdraw its appeal at any time, and the protest proceedings shall thereupon be terminated.

(D) A protest may be dismissed for failure to comply with procedural requirements set forth in this section.

## 22a-482-4 (o)(6) Burden of proof

(A) In protest proceedings, if the municipality proposes to award a formally advertised, competitively bid, fixed price contract to a party who has submitted the apparent lowest price, the party initiating the protest will bear the burden of proof.

(B) In protest proceedings:

- (i) If the municipality proposes to award a formally advertised, competitively bid, fixed price contract to a bidder other than the bidder which submitted the apparent lowest price, the municipality will bear the burden of proving that its determination concerning responsiveness is in accordance with these regulations;
  - and
- (ii) If the basis for the municipality's

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## 22a-482-4 (o)(7) Deferral of procurement action

Upon receipt of a protest, the municipality must defer the protested procurement action (for example, defer the issuance of solicitations, contract award, or issuance of notice to proceed under a contract) until ten days after delivery of its determination to the participating parties. The municipality may receive or open bids at its own risk, if it considers this to be in its best interest. When the Commissioner has received a written protest, he or she must notify the municipality promptly to defer its protested procurement action until notified of the formal or informal resolution of the protest.

## 22a-482-4 (o)(8) Enforcement

Noncompliance with the procurement provisions by the municipality shall be cause for enforcement action in accordance with one or more of the provisions of Section 22a-482-4(h)(23).

## 22a-482-4 (o)(9) Limitation

A protest may not be filed with respect to the following:

(A) Issues not arising under the procurement provisions;

(B) Issues relating to the selection of a consulting engineer, provided that a protest may be filed only with respect to the mandatory procedural requirements of Section 22a-482-4(i);

(C) Issues primarily determined by local law or ordinance and as to which the Commissioner, upon review, determines that there is no

contravening state requirement and that the municipality's action has a rational basis;

(D) Provisions of State regulations applicable to direct State contracts unless such provisions are explicitly referred to or incorporated in these regulations;

(E) Basic project design determinations; or

(F) Award of subcontracts or issuance of purchase orders under formally advertised, competitively bid, lump sum construction contracts. However, protest may be made to alleged violations of the following:

- (i) Specification requirements of Section 22a-482-4(h)(12); or
- Provisions applicable to the procurement procedures, negotiation or award of subcontracts or issuance of purchase orders under Section 22a-482-4(l).
- Provisions applicable to the procurement procedures, negotiation or award of subcontracts or issuance of purchase orders under Section 22a-482-4(1).

## ADDITIONAL REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

## Construction Safety and Health Standards

It is a condition of this Contract, and shall be made a condition of each Subcontract entered into pursuant to this Contract, that the CONTRACTOR and any subcontractor shall not require any laborer or mechanic employed in performance of the Contract to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1518 - published in the Federal Register on April 17, 1971) promulgated by the United States Secretary of Labor, in accordance with section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (83 Stat. 96).

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#### Service of Process

The CONTRACTOR, if not a resident or a domestic entity of the State of Connecticut, or, in the case of a partnership, the partners, if not residents, hereby appoints the Secretary of State of the State of Connecticut, and his successors in office as agent for service of process for any action arising out of or as a result of this Contract; such appointment to be evidenced by the appropriate filing with the office of the Secretary of the State of Connecticut and to be in effect throughout the life of this Contract, and six (6) years thereafter.

#### Substitution of Securities for Retainage

The CONTRACTOR is advised of the provisions of section 3-112a of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, Revision of 1966, which is quoted as follows:

SECTION 3-112a. Substitution of securities for retainages on state contracts. (a) Under any contract made or awarded by the state, or by any public department of official thereof, the CONTRACTOR may, from time to time withdraw the whole or any portion of the amount retained for payments to the CONTRACTOR pursuant to the terms of the contract, upon depositing with the comptroller (1) United States treasury bonds, United States treasury notes, United States treasury certificates of indebtedness or United States treasury bills, or (2) bonds or notes of the state of Connecticut or (3) bonds of any political subdivision in the state of Connecticut. No amount shall be withdrawn in excess of the market value of the securities at the time of deposit or of the par value of such securities, whichever is lower. (b) The comptroller shall, on a regular basis, collect all interest or income on the obligations so deposited and shall pay the same, when and as collected, to the CONTRACTOR who deposited the obligations. If the deposit is in the form of coupon bonds, the comptroller shall deliver each coupon as it matures to the

CONTRACTOR. (c) Any amount deducted by the state, or by any public department or official thereof, pursuant to the terms of the contract, from the retainages due the CONTRACTOR, shall be deducted, first from that portion of the retainage for which no security has been substituted, then from the proceeds of any deposited security. In the latter case, the CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to receive interest, coupons or income only from those securities which remain after such amount has been deducted.

#### **Requirements for Timely Payments**

The CONTRACTOR is advised of the provisions of section 49-41a of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, Revision of 1958, which is quoted as follows:

SECTION 49-41a Enforcement of payment by general CONTRACTOR to subcontractor and by subcontractor to his subcontractors. (a) When any public work is awarded by a contract for which a payment bond is required by section 49-41, the contract for the public work shall contain the following provisions: (1) A requirement that the general CONTRACTOR, within forty-five days after payment to the CONTRACTOR by the state or a municipality, pay any amounts due any subCONTRACTOR, whether for labor performed or for materials furnished, when the labor or materials have been included in a requisition submitted by a CONTRACTOR and paid by the state or a municipality; (2) a requirement that the general CONTRACTOR shall include in each of its subcontracts a provision requiring each subcontractor to pay any amounts due any of its subcontractors, whether for labor performed or materials furnished, within twenty days after such subcontractor receives a payment from the general CONTRACTOR which encompasses labor or materials furnished by such subcontractor.

(b) If payment is not made by the general CONTRACTOR or any of its subcontractors in accordance with such requirements, the subcontractor shall set forth his claim against the

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general CONTRACTOR and the subcontractor of a subcontractor shall set forth its claim against the subcontractor through notice by registered or certified mail. Ten days after receipt of that notice, the general CONTRACTOR shall be liable to the subcontractor, and the subcontractor shall be liable to the subcontractor, for interest on the amount due and owing at the rate of one per cent per month. In addition, the general CONTRACTOR, upon written demand of its subcontractor, or the subcontractor, upon written demand of its subcontractor, shall be required to place funds in the amount of the claim, plus interest of one per cent, in an interest-bearing escrow account in a bank in this state, provided the general CONTRACTOR or subcontractor may refuse to place the funds in escrow on the grounds that the subcontractor has not substantially performed the work according to the terms of his or its employment. In the event that such general CONTRACTOR or subcontractor refuses to place such funds in escrow, and the party making a claim against it under this section is found to have substantially performed its work in accordance with the terms of its employment in any arbitration or litigation to determine the validity of such claim, then such general CONTRACTOR or subcontractor shall pay the attorney's fees of such party.

(c) No payment may be withheld from a subcontractor for work performed because of a dispute between the general CONTRACTOR and another CONTRACTOR or subcontractor.

(d) This section shall not be construed to prohibit progress payments prior to final payment of the contract and is applicable to all subcontractors for material or labor whether they have contracted directly with the general CONTRACTOR or with some other subcontractor on the work.

Language not current Maximum Retainage Allowed

SECTION 49-41b. Release of payments

on public works construction projects. When any public work is awarded by a contract for which a payment bond is required by section 49-41 and such contract contains a provision requiring the general or prime CONTRACTOR under such a contract to furnish a performance bond in the full amount of the contract price, the awarding authority shall be prohibited from withholding more than five per cent from any periodic or final payment which is otherwise properly due to the general or prime CONTRACTOR under the terms of such contract, and any such general or prime CONTRACTOR shall be prohibited from withholding more than five per cent from any periodic or final payment which is otherwise due any subcontractor.

### Nondiscrimination

The CONTRACTOR agrees and warrants that in the performance of this Contract CONTRACTOR will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age marital status, national origin, sex. mental retardation, or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such CONTRACTOR that such disability prevents performance of the Work involved in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the State of Connecticut, and further agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission concerning the employment practices and procedures of the CONTRACTOR as relates to the provisions of Public Act 78-148 and as required by law.

This Contract is subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. Three of Governor Thomas J. Meskill promulgated June 16, 1971 and, as such, this contract may be cancelled, terminated or suspended by the State Labor Commissioner for violation of or non-compliance with said Executive Order No. Three or any state or federal law concerning nondiscrimination,

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 notwithstanding that the Labor Commissioner is not a party to this Contract. The parties to this Contract as part of the consideration hereof, agree that Executive Order No. Three is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. The parties agree to abide by said Executive Order and agree that the State Labor Commissioner shall have continuing jurisdiction in respect to contract performance in regard to nondiscrimination, until the Contract is completed or terminated prior to completion.

The CONTRACTOR or subcontractor agrees, as part consideration hereof, that this Contract is subject to the Guidelines and Rules issued by the State Labor Commissioner to implement Executive Order No. Three, and that CONTRACTOR will not discriminate in CONTRACTOR's employment practices or policies, will file all reports as required, and will fully cooperate with the State of Connecticut and the State Labor Commissioner.

The Governor's Executive Order No. Three and the Guidelines and Rules implementing the Governor's Executive Order No. Three are included elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

## Language Not Current <u>Construction, Alteration or Repair of Public</u> <u>Works Projects by the State or Political</u> <u>Subdivision</u>

The CONTRACTOR shall comply with the provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, Revision of 1967, a part of which is quoted as follows:

SECTION 31-53(a). Each contract for the construction, alteration or repair of any public works projects by the State or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the State or any of its agents, shall contain the following provision: "The wages paid on an hourly basis to any mechanic, laborer or workman employed upon the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of

DEEP REQUIRED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROVIONS 00 74 10 - 25 payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works contract work is being constructed. Any CONTRACTOR who is not obligated by agreement to make payment or contribution on behalf of such employees to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each employee as part of his wages the amount of payment or contribution for his classification on each pay day."

## Listing All Employment Openings With the Office of the Connecticut State Employment Service

This contract is executed subject to the Governor's Executive Order No. 17, a copy of which is attached hereto and is hereby made a part of this Agreement. Governor's Executive Order No. 17 requires, inter alia, that all CONTRACTORs and subcontractors shall list all employment openings with the office of the Connecticut State Employment Service in the area where the work is to be performed or where the services are to be rendered. Failure of the CONTRACTOR to conform with the requirements of the Governor's Executive Order No. 17 and any orders, rules or regulations issued pursuant thereto, shall be a basis for termination of this agreement by the State.

## Residents Preference in Work on Other Public Facilities

The CONTRACTOR shall comply with the provisions of Section 31-52a of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, Revision of 1967, a part of which is quoted as follows:

SECTION 31-52a(b). Each contract for any such project covered by this section under the supervision of the state or any of its agents shall contain the following provision: "In the employment of mechanics, laborers or

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 workmen to perform the work specified herein, preference shall be given to residents of the state who are, and continuously for at least six months prior to the date hereof have been, residents of this state, and if no such person is available then to residents of other states."

## Education, Welfare, and Public Health Tax (Sales and Use Tax)

The CONTRACTOR's attention is called to Regulation 12-426-18 as amended, promulgated by the Sales and Use Tax Division of the State Department of Revenue Services, which provided for the exemption of the sales and use tax on the purchase of such materials and supplies as are to be physically incorporated in and become a permanent part of the project being performed under this contract. The CONTRACTOR may avail himself of the savings of this tax and shall take this exemption into account in calculating his bid for this work. The CONTRACTOR or Subcontractor shall furnish his suppliers with a completed certificate, in the following prescribed form:

## Project Sign (When DEP/EPA funds are applicable)

The CONTRACTOR shall erect a sign at the Site identifying the Project and indicating that the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection is providing funding for the construction of the Project. The sign shall be erected within 14 days after the Notice to Proceed has been issued, and shall be in accordance with these specifications and the enclosed project sign detail. The sign shall be furnished, erected, and maintained by the CONTRACTOR at a location designated by the Engineer. The names of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the Governor of the State of Connecticut as shown on the sign shall be kept current, and shall be revised within 30 days of such notice to the CONTRACTOR that a change has occurred, at no cost to the OWNER. No additional information shall be placed on the project sign beyond that

## DEEP REQUIRED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROVIONS 00 74 10 - 26

shown in the project sign detail. If the OWNER desires to erect a supplemental sign with additional detail regarding the Project or its sponsors, that sign shall be placed in such a manner that the project sign is not obscured from public view.

The sign shall be constructed of 3/4" minimum thickness exterior plywood (A-B) or APA high density overlay plywood (HDO). All fasteners shall be of a rustproof nature. The sign face background shall consist of at least three (3) coats of white outdoor enamel paint. The sign shall be fastened securely in an upright position and maintained in a location on the Site clearly visible to the public and to visitors to the Site.

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## Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate

## CONTRACTOR'S EXEMPT PURCHASE CERTIFICATE

Town	Grant or Loan Identifier	$\neg G$
Contract Name	Contract Number	$\underline{\langle}$
I hereby certify under penalties of (FALSE ST	ATEMENT) that I am engaged in the	$\mathbf{D}^{\mathbf{v}}$

I hereby certify under penalties of (FALSE STATEMENT) that I am engaged in the performance of a construction contract funded by the following named exempt agency or organization:

> Department of Environmental Protection 79 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut

That such agency is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, exempt from the Education, Welfare and Public Health Tax (Sales and Use Tax) because it is a branch of the State Government, in accordance with Regulation 12-426-18 of the Sales and Use Tax Division of the State Department of Revenue Services.

That this certificate is issued to cover all purchases of material and supplies to be physically incorporated in and become a permanent part of the project referred to above.

Signature of CONTRACTOR Date													
Name of Firm:	_												
Business Address:	_												
×	_												
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *	* * *	* *	* *	* *	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

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## **Connecticut General Statutes**

The following subsections are set forth here as required by section 4a-60 of the Connecticut General Statutes and shall be set forth in all Subcontracts:

(a) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, mental retardation, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the State of Connecticut. The contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, mental retardation, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved; (1) the contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, to state that it is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the commission; (3) the contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the commission advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (4) the contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and sections 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to sections 46a-56, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; (5) the contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.

(b) If the contract is a public works contract, the contractor agrees and warrants that he will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works project.

The following subsections are set forth herein as required by section 4a-60a of the Connecticut General statutes and shall be set forth in all Subcontracts:

(1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the State of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation; (2) the contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor

union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (3) the contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to section 46a-56; and (4) the contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor which relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.

## Executive Orders of the Governor

This Contract and all Subcontracts are subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. Three of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated June 16, 1971, concerning labor employment practices, Executive Order No. Seventeen of Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated February 15, 1973, concerning the listing of employment openings and Executive Order No. Sixteen of Governor John G. Rowland promulgated august 4, 1999, concerning violence in the workplace, all of which are incorporated into and are made a part of this Contract as if they had been fully set forth in it. This provision shall be set forth and incorporated in all Subcontracts.

# Executive Order No. Three

#### STATE OF CONNECTICUT BY HIS EXCELLENCY THOMAS J. MESKILL GOVERNOR EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. THREE

WHEREAS, sections 4-61d (b) and 4-11a of the 1969 supplement to the general statutes require nondiscrimination clauses in state contracts and subcontracts for construction on public buildings, other public works and goods and services and

WHEREAS, section 4-61e (c) of the 1969 supplement to the general statutes requires the labor department to encourage and enforce compliance with this policy by both employers and labor unions, and to promote equal employment opportunities, and

WHEREAS, the government of this state recognizes the duty and desirability of its leadership in providing equal employment opportunity, by implementing these laws.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, THOMAS J. MESKILL, Governor of the State of Connecticut, acting by virtue of the authority vested in me under section twelve of article fourth of the constitution of the state, as supplemented by section 3-1 of the general statutes, <u>do hereby ORDER and DIRECT</u>, as follows, by this Executive Order:

The <u>labor commissioner shall be responsible</u> for the administration of this Order and <u>shall adopt such regulations</u> as he deems necessary and appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Order. Upon the promulgation of this Order, the <u>commissioner of finance and control shall issue a directive forthwith to all state agencies</u>, that henceforth all state con-tracts and subcontracts for construction on public buildings, other public works and goods and services shall contain a pro-vision rendering such contract or subcontract subject to this Order, and that such contract or subcontract may be canceled, terminated or suspended by the labor commissioner for violation of or noncompliance with this Order or state and federal laws concerning nondiscrimination, notwithstanding that the labor commissioner is not a party to such contract or subcontract.

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Each contractor having a contracting containing the provisions prescribed in section 4-11a of the 1969 supplement to the general statutes, <u>shall file</u> and shall cause each of his subcontractors to file, <u>compliance reports with the contracting agency or the</u> <u>labor commissioner</u>, as may be directed. Such reports shall be filed within such times and shall contain such information as to employment policies and statistics of the contractor and each subcontractor, and shall be in such form as the labor commissioner may prescribe. Bidders or prospective contractors or subcontractors may be required to state whether they have participated in any previous contract subject to the provisions of this Order of any preceding similar Order, and in that event to submit on behalf of themselves and their proposed subcontractors compliance reports prior to or as an initial part of their bid or negotiation of a contract.

<u>Whenever the contractor or subcontractor has a collective bargaining agreement or contract or understanding with a labor</u> organization or employment agency as defined in section 31-122 of the general statutes, the compliance report shall identify the said organization or agency and the contracting agency or the labor commissioner may require a compliance report to be filed with the contracting agency or the labor commissioner, as may be directed, by such organization or agency, signed by an authorized officer or agent of such organization or agency, with <u>supporting information</u>, to the effect that the <u>signer's practices and policies</u> including but not limited to matters concerning personnel, training, apprenticeship, member-ship, grievance and representation, and upgrading, do not discriminate on grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, sex or national origin, or ancestry of any individual, and that the signer will either affirmatively cooperate in the implementation of the policy and provisions of this Order, or that it consents and agrees that recruitment, employment and the terms and conditions of employment under the proposed contract shall be in accordance with the purposes and provisions of the Order.

The labor commissioner may by regulation exempt certain classes of contracts, subcontracts or purchase order from the implementation of this Order, for standard commercial supplies or raw materials, for less than specified amounts of money or numbers of workers or for subcontractors below a specified tier. The labor commissioner may also provide by regulation for the exemption of facilities of a contractor which are in all respect a separate and distinct from activities of the contractor related to the performance of the state contract, provided only that such exemption will not interfere with or impede the implementation of this Order, and provided further, that in the absence of such an exemption, all facilities shall be covered by the provisions of this Order.

Each contracting agency shall be primarily responsible for obtaining compliance with the regulations of the labor commissioner with respect to contracts entered into by such agency or its contractors. All contracting agencies shall comply with the regulations of the labor commissioner in discharging their primary responsibility for securing compliance with the provisions of contracts and otherwise with the terms of this Order and of the regulations of the labor commissioner issued pursuant to this Order. They are directed to cooperate with the labor commissioner such information and assistance as he may require in the performance of his functions under this Order. They are further directed to appoint or designate from among the personnel of each agency, compliance officers, whose duty shall be to seek compliance with the objectives of this Order by conference, conciliation, mediation, or persuasion.

The labor commissioner may investigate the employment practices and procedures of any state contractor or sub-contractor and the practices and policies of any labor organization or employment agency hereinabove described, relating to employment under the state contract, as concerns nondiscrimination by such organization or agency as hereinabove described, or the labor commissioner may initiate such investigation by the appropriate contract agency, to determine whether or not the contractual provisions, hereinabove specified or statutes of the state respecting they have been violated. Such investigation shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures established by the labor commissioner and the investigating agency shall report to the labor commissioner any action taken or recommended.

VII

VI

The labor commissioner shall receive and investigate or cause to be investigated complaints by employees or prospective employees of a state contractor or subcontractor or member or applicants for membership or apprenticeship or training in a labor organization or employment agency hereinabove described, which allege discrimination contrary to the contractual provisions specified hereinabove or state

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## EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. THREE 00 74 30 - 1

statutes requiring nondiscrimination in employment opportunity. If this investigation is conducted for the labor commissioner by a contracting agency, that agency shall report to the labor commissioner what action has been taken or is recommended with regard to such complaints.

#### VIII

The labor commissioner shall use his best efforts directly and through contracting agencies, or other interested federal, state and local agencies, contractors and all other available instrumentalities, including the commission on human rights and opportunities, the executive committee on human rights and opportunities, and the apprenticeship council under its mandate to provide advice and counsel to the labor commissioner in providing equal employment opportunities to all apprentices and provide training, employment and upgrading opportunities for disadvantaged workers, in accordance with section 31-51 (d) of the 1969 supplement to the general statutes, to cause any labor organization or any employment agency whose members are engaged in work under government contracts or referring workers or providing or supervising apprentice-ship or training for or in the course of work under a state contract or subcontract to cooperate in the implementation of the purposes of this Order. The labor commissioner shall in appropriate cases notify the commission on human rights and opportunities or other appropriate state or federal agencies whenever it has reason to believe that the practices of any such organization or agency violate equal employment opportunity requirements or state or federal law.

#### IX

The labor commissioner or any agency officer or employee in the executive branch designated by regulation of the labor commissioner may hold such hearings, public or private, as the labor commissioner may deem advisable for compliance, enforcement or educational purposes under this Order.

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The labor commissioner may hold or cause to be held hearings, prior to imposing ordering or recommending the (a) imposition or penalties and sanctions under this Order. No order for disbarment or any contractor from further state contracts shall be made without affording the contractor an opportunity for a hearing. In accordance with such regulations as the labor commissioner may adopt, the commissioner or the appropriate contracting agency may

- Publish or cause to be published the names of contractors or labor organizations or employment agencies as hereinabove described which it has concluded have complied or failed to comply with the provisions of this (1)Order or the regulations of the labor commissioner in implementing this Order.
- Recommend to the commission on human rights and opportunities that in cases in which there is substantial or (2) material violation or threat thereof of the contractual provision or related state statutes concerned herein, appropriate proceedings be brought to enforce them, including proceedings by the commission on its own motion under chapter 563 of the general statutes and the enjoining, within the limitations or applicable law, of organizations, individuals or groups who prevent directly or indirectly or seek to prevent directly or indirectly compliance with the provisions of this Order.
- Recommend that criminal proceedings be brought under chapter 939 of the general statutes. (3)
- (4) Cancel, terminate, suspend or cause to be canceled, terminated, or suspended in accordance with law any contract or any portion or portions thereof for failure of the contractor or subcontractor to comply with the or their continuance conditioned upon a pro-gram for future compliance approved by the contracting agency.
- Provide that any contracting agency shall refrain from entering into any further contract or extensions or modifications of existing contracts with any contractor until he has satisfied the labor commissioner that he has established and will carry out personnel and employment policies compliant with this Order. (5)
- (6) Under regulations prescribed by the labor commissioner each contracting agency shall make reasonable efforts within a reasonable period of time to secure compliance with the contract provisions of this Order by methods of convenience, conciliation, mediation or persuasion, before other proceedings shall be instituted under this Order or before a state contract shall be can-celled or terminated in whole or in part for failure of the contractor or subcontractor to com-ply with the contract provisions of state statute and this Order.

(b) Any contracting agency taking any action authorized by this Order, whether on its own motion or as directed by the labor commissioner or pursuant to his regulations shall promptly notify him of such action. Whenever the labor commissioner makes a determination under this order, he shall promptly notify the appropriate contracting agency and other interested federal, state and local agencies of the action recommended. The state and local agency or agencies shall take such action and shall report the results thereof to the labor commissioner within such time as he shall specify.

XI

If the labor commissioner shall so direct, contracting agencies shall not enter into contracts with any bidder or prospective contractor unless he has satisfactorily complied with the provisions of this Order, or submits a program for compliance acceptable to the labor commissioner, or if the labor commissioner so authorizes, to the contracting agency.

#### XII

Whenever a contracting agency cancels or terminates a contract, or a contractor has been disbarred from further government contracts because of noncompliance with the contract provisions with regard to nondiscrimination, the labor com-missioner or the contracting agency shall rescind such disbarment, upon the satisfaction of the labor commissioner that the contractor has purged himself of such noncompliance and will thenceforth carry out personnel and employment policies of non-discrimination in compliance with the provision of this Order.

#### XIII

The labor commissioner may delegate to any officer, agency or employee in the executive branch any function or duty of the labor commissioner under this Order except authority to promulgate regulations of a general nature.

This Executive Order supplements the Executive Order issued on September 28, 1967. All regulations, orders, instructions, designations and other directives issued heretofore in these premises, including these issued by the heads of various departments or agencies under or pursuant to prior order or statute, shall remain in full force and effect, unless and until revoked or superseded by appropriate authority, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with this Order.

This Order shall become effective thirty days after the date of this Order.

Dated at Hartford, Connecticut, this 16th day of June, 1971.

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#### GUIDELINES AND RULES OF STATE LABOR COMMISSIONER IMPLEMENTING GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. THREE

#### SEC. 1 PERSONS AND FIRMS SUBJECT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. THREE AND GUIDELINES AND RULES.

a. Every contractor, or subcontractor as defined in Sec. 2 hereof, supplier of goods or services, vendor, bidder and prospective contractor or subcontractor, having ten or more employees as defined in Sec. 3 of these guidelines, having or entering into or bidding to enter into any type of contractual relationship with the State of Connecticut or any of its agencies, boards, commissions, departments or officers, and if the consideration, cost, subject matter or value of the goods or services exceeds \$5,000.00, shall be subject to the Governor's Executive Order No. Three and these Guidelines and Rules.

b. A copy of the Governor's Executive Order No. Three and of these Guidelines and Rules shall be available to each said contractor, subcontractor, supplier, vendor, bidder and prospective contractor and subcontractor, and the said Executive Order No. Three and these Guidelines and Rules shall be incorporate by reference and made a part of the contract, purchase order, agreement or document concerned. A copy of the Executive Order and of these Guidelines and Rules shall be furnished to a contracting party or bidder on request.

c. All persons, partnerships, associations, firms, corporations and other entities having less than ten employees as defined in Sec. 3 at the time of the bid and execution of the contract and continuing through the performance of the contract are exempt from the provisions of the said Executive Order and these Guidelines and Rules. All contracts, subcontracts, purchase orders and agreements wherein the consideration ins \$5,000.00 or less shall be exempt from Executive Order No. Three and from these Guidelines and Rules.

#### SEC. 2 SUBCONTRACTORS

As used herein, subcontractors are persons, partnerships, associations, firms or corporations or other entities having contractual relationship with a contractor who in turn has a contract with the State of Connecticut or any of its agencies, board, commissions or departments. Subcontractors below this tier are exempt from the Executive Order and from these Guidelines and Rules.

#### SEC. 3 EMPLOYEES

As used herein, employees are persons working full or part-time irrespective of personnel classification whose wages, salaries, or earnings are subject to the Federal Insurance Contribution Act and/or to Federal Withholding Tax as a matter of law (whether in fact or not any actual withholding occurs in a given case), in an employee-employer relationship at the time of bid, contract execution, or offer or acceptance, and/or during any time thereafter during the existence of the performance period of the contract to the conclusion thereof.

#### SEC. 4 REPORTS

a. Prior to the execution of the contract or prior to acceptance of a bid, as the case may be, the contractor, subcontractor, bidder or vendor shall file a report with the State Labor Commissioner, which report shall be complete and contain all of the information therein prescribed. The report shall be on Form E.0.3-1, a facsimile of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, or in lieu thereof the contractor, subcontractor, bidder or vendor shall submit a detailed report containing all of the information required in Form E.O. 3-1.

b. The Labor Commissioner may require the filing of additional reports prior to final payment or prior to any renewal or extension of the contract and during the duration of the contract at such times as the Commissioner may, in his discretion, from time to time deem necessary. The Labor Commissioner may require the filing of additional information or reports, and the contractor, subcontractor, bidder or vendor shall furnish said information or report within the times prescribed by the Labor Commissioner.

c. The Labor Commissioner may, at his discretion, also require timely statistical reports on the number of minority employees employed or to be employed in the performance of the contract, and the Labor Commissioner may de-fine such minority groups or persons.

d. Reports filed pursuant to these Guidelines and Rules in Implementation of Executive Order No. Three are not public records subject to public inspection, but may be inspected only by federal and state officials having jurisdiction and authority to investigate matters of this type. All federal and state agencies empowered by law to investigate matters relating to Executive order No. Three shall have access to these reports for inspection or copying during regular business hours.

e. Any person who willfully, wantonly or through negligence destroys or permits to be destroyed, alters or allows to be altered after filing any reports submitted in compliance herewith shall be subject to penalties as pre-scribed by law.

#### SEC. 5. MANDATORY CLAUSES IN DOCUMENTS

All contracts shall contain the following provisions verbatim:

This contract is subject in the provisions of Executive Order No. Three of Governor Thomas J. Meskill promulgated June 16, 1971 and, as such, this contract may be canceled, terminated or suspended by the state labor commissioner for violation of or noncompliance with said Executive Order No. Three, or any state or federal law concerning nondiscrimination, notwithstanding that the labor commissioner is not a party to this contract. The parties to this contract, as part of the consideration hereof, agree that said Executive Order No. Three is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. The parties agree to abide by said Executive Order and agree that the state labor commissioner shall have continuing jurisdiction in respect to contract performance in regard to nondiscrimination, until the contract is completed or terminated prior to completion.

The (contractor), (subcontractor), (bidder), (vendor) agrees, as part consideration hereof, that his (order) (contract) is subject to the Guidelines and Rules issued by the state labor commissioner to implement Executive Order No. Three, and that he will not discriminate in his employment practices or policies, will file all reports as required, and will fully cooperate with the State of Connecticut and the state labor commissioner.

These provisions are in addition to and not in lieu of other clauses required by law.\*

\*N.B. The above paragraphs contain requirements additional to those set forth in July 16, 1971 directive to state agencies.

Every purchase order or like form submitted by a vendor or bidder, as applicable, shall contain the following clause verbatim: b.

Vendor agrees, as part of the consideration hereof, that this order is subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. Three and the Guidelines and Rules issued by the Labor Commissioner implementing said Order as to nondiscrimination, and vendor agrees to comply therewith.

Where preprinted contract forms have been prescribed by federal authority and the rules of the federal agency prohibit the c. alteration thereof, the compliance officer of the State agency concerned shall submit to the Labor Commissioner a suggested short form or addendum acceptable to the federal agency, and such cases, after approval by the Labor Commissioner, said clause may be substituted.

#### COOPERATION OF STATE AGENCIES, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS SEC. 6.

Every agency, board, commission and departments of the State of Connecticut shall cooperate with the Labor Commissioner in the implantation of Executive Order No. Three and shall furnish such information and assistance as the Labor Commissioner may from time to time request.

#### SEC. 7. INVESTIGATIONS, COMPLAINTS

The Labor Commissioner may initiate an investigation upon receipt of a complaint alleging discrimination. The Labor Commissioner may request that an investigation be conducted by the State agency which is the party to the contract in question. Investigations shall be conducted in accordance with acceptable legal standards, safeguarding the rights of all parties involved, and obtaining all of the relevant facts necessary for a complete determination of the issues. If the Labor Commissioner is not satisfied with the investigation or any part thereof he may order it to continue intervent facts. or to proceed further.

#### SEC 8 HEARINGS

The Labor Commissioner or officers designed by the heads of the State agencies, boards and commissions may conduct hearings on complaints filed. Hearings shall be held only after a report of the complaint has been filed with the Labor Commissioner and after a hearing on the complaint has been authorized or directed by the Labor Commission-er. Hearings shall be in accordance with the accepted principles of administrative law. All parties shall be afforded the opportunity to a full, fair, impartial and complete hearing, the opportunity to examine and cross examine witnesses and to be present at all sessions of the hearing. If any party is vulnerable to a charge of a violation of the law, he shall be afforded the opportunity to procure counsel who say be present at the hearing.

#### EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES SEC. 9.

All State contracting agencies, employers, and labor unions shall use their best efforts to provide equal employment opportunities to all apprentices and to provide training, employment and upgrading opportunities for disadvantaged workers in accordance with section 31-51 (d) of the General Statutes.

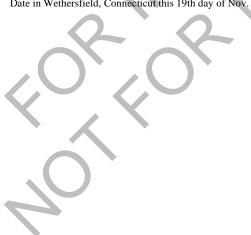
#### SEC. 10. DUTIES OF CONTRACTING AGENCIES.

All State contracting agencies shall be responsible for compliance with said Executive Order and with all state and federal laws relating to equal employment opportunities. All contracting agencies conducting investigations for the Labor Commissioner pursuant to Executive Order No. Three and these Guidelines and Rules shall report to the Labor Commissioner the action taken or recommended with regard to each complaint filed. Each officer of the executive department, every commissioner, and each executive head of each State agency, board and commission in the executive branch of the State government is expected to assume the responsibility of seeing to complete compliance with the Governor's Executive Order No. Three and shall forthwith take steps to assure and guarantee that there shall be no discrimination within their departments, agencies, boards or commissions in the performance of any state contract or subcontract on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, age, national origin or national ancestry, or in any way in violation of any state or federal law relating thereto.

BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. THREE EFFECTIVE JULY 16, 1971, AND THE GENERAL STATUTES OF CONNECTICUT.

Date in Wethersfield, Connecticut this 19th day of Nov., 1971,

Jack Fusari Labor Commissioner



# Executive Order No. Sixteen

#### STATE OF CONNECTICUT BY HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN G. ROWLAND GOVERNOR EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. SIXTEEN

WHEREAS, the State of Connecticut recognizes that workplace violence is a growing problem that must be addressed; and

WHEREAS, the State is committed to providing its employees a reasonably safe and healthy working environment, free from intimidation, harassment, threats, and/or violent acts; and

WHEREAS, violence or the threat of violence by or against any employee of the State of Connecticut or member of the public in the workplace is unacceptable and will subject the perpetrator to serious disciplinary action up to and including discharge and criminal penalties.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, John G. Rowland, Governor of the State of Connecticut, acting by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and by the statutes of this state, do hereby ORDER and DIRECT:

That all state agency personnel, contractors, subcontractors, and vendors comply with the following Violence in the Workplace Prevention Policy

The State of Connecticut adopts a statewide zero tolerance policy for workplace violence.

Therefore, except as may be required as a condition of employment 3/4

No employee shall bring into any state worksite any weapon or dangerous instrument as defined herein. No employee shall use, attempt to use, or threaten to use any such weapon or dangerous instrument in a state worksite. No employee shall cause or threaten to cause death or physical injury to any individual in a state worksite.

Weapon means any firearm, including a BB gun, whether loaded or unloaded, any knife (excluding a small pen or pocket knife), including a switchblade or other knife having an automatic spring release device, a stiletto, and police baton or nightstick or any martial arts weapon or electronic defense weapon.

Dangerous instrument means any instrument, article, or substance that, under the circumstances, is capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

Violation of the above reasonable work rules shall subject the employee to disciplinary action up to and including discharge.

That each agency must prominently post this policy and that all managers and supervisors must clearly communicate this policy to all state employees.

That all manager and supervisors are expected to enforce this policy fairly and uniformly.

That any employee who feels subjected to or witnesses violent, threatening, harassing, or intimidating behavior in the workplace immediately report the incident or statement to their supervisor, manager, or human resources office.

That any employee who believes that there is a serious threat to their safety or the safety of others that requires immediate attention notifies proper law enforcement authorities and his or her manager or supervisor.

That any manager or supervisor receiving such a report shall immediately contact their human resources office to evaluate, investigate and take appropriate action.

That all parties must cooperate fully when questioned regarding violations of this policy.

That all parties be advised that any weapon or dangerous instrument at the worksite will be confiscated and that there is no reasonable expectation of privacy with respect to such items in the workplace.

That this order applies to all state employees in the executive branch.

That each agency will monitor the effective implementation of this policy.

That this order shall take effect immediately.

Dated in Hartford, Connecticut, this fourth day of August, 1999.

/s/John G. Rowland, Governor

# Executive Order No. Seventeen

#### STATE OF CONNECTICUT THOMAS J. MESKILL GOVERNOR EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. SEVENTEEN

WHEREAS, Section 31-247 of the General statutes of Connecticut as amended requires the maintaining of the established free services of the Connecticut State Employment Service to both employers and prospective employees and

WHEREAS, Section 31-5 of the General Statutes of Connecticut requires that no compensation or fee shall be charged or received directly or indirectly for the services of the Connecticut State Employment Service and

WHEREAS, large numbers of our citizens who have served in the Armed Forces of our nation are returned to civilian life in our state and seeking employment in civilian occupations and

WHEREAS, we owe a duty as well as gratitude to these returning veterans including the duty to find suitable employment for them and

WHEREAS, many of our handicapped citizens are fully capable of employment and are entitled to be placed in suitable employment and

WHEREAS, many of the citizens of our state who are unemployed are unaware of the job openings and employment opportunities which do in fact exist in our state and

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the free services of the Connecticut State Employment Service, many of our Connecticut employers do not use its free services or do not avail themselves fully of all the services offered.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Thomas J. Meskill, Governor of the State of Connecticut, acting by virtue of the authority vested in me under the fourth article of the Constitution of the State and in accordance with Section 3-1 of the General Statutes, do hereby ORDER and DIRECT, as follows, by this Executive Order:

The Labor Commissioner shall be responsible for the administration of this Order and shall do all acts necessary and appropriate to achieve its purpose. Upon the promulgation of this Order, the Commissioner of Finance and Control shall issue a directive forthwith to all state agencies that henceforth all state contracts and subcontracts for construction on public buildings, other public works and goods and services shall contain a provision rendering such contract or subcontract subject to this Order, and that such contract or subcontract may be canceled, terminated or suspended by the Labor Commissioner for violation of or noncompliance with this Order, notwithstanding that the Labor Commissioner is not a party to such contract or subcontract.

# Every contractor and subcontractor having a contract with the state or any of its agencies, boards, commissions, or departments, every individual partnership, corporation, or business entity having business with the state or who or which seeks to do business in the state, and every bidder or prospective bidder who submits a bid or replies to an invitation to bid on any state contract shall list all employees openings with the office of the Connecticut State Employment Service in the area where the work is in be performed or where the services are to be rendered.

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All state contracts shall contain a clause which shall be a condition of the contract that the contractor and any subcontractor holding a contract directly under the contractor shall list all employment openings with the Connecticut State Employment Service. The Labor Commissioner may allow exceptions to listings of employment openings which the contractor proposes to fill from within its organization from employees on the rolls of contractor on the date of publication of the invitation to bid or the date on which the public announcement was published or promulgated advising of the program concerned.

#### IV

Each contracting agency of the state shall be primarily responsible for obtaining compliance with this Executive Order. Each contracting agency shall appoint or designate from amount its personnel one or more persons who shall be responsible for compliance with the objectives of this Order

V

The Labor Commissioner shall be an is hereby empowered to inspect the books, records, payroll and personnel data of each individual or business entity subject to this Executive Order and may hold hearings or conference, formal or informal, in pursuance of the duties and responsibilities hereunto delegated to the Labor Commissioner.

VI

The Labor Commissioner or any agency officer or employee in the executive branch designated by regulation of the Labor Commissioner may hold such hearings, public or private, as the Labor Commissioner may deem advisable for compliance, enforcement or educational purposes under this Order.

VII

(a) The Labor Commissioner may hold or cause to be held hearings, prior to imposing, ordering, or recommending the imposition of penalties and sanctions under this Order. In accordance herewith, the Commissioner or the appropriate contracting agency may suspend, cancel, terminate, or cause to be suspended, canceled, or terminated in accordance with

law any contract or any portion or portions thereof for failure of the contractor or subcontractor to comply with the listing provisions of the contract. Contracts may be canceled, terminated, suspended absolutely or their continuance conditioned upon a program for future compliance approved by the contracting agency.

(b) Any contracting agency taking any action authorized by this Order, whether on its own motion or as directed by the Labor Commissioner, shall promptly notify him of such action. Whenever the Labor Commissioner makes a determination under this Order, he shall promptly notify the appropriate contracting agency of the action recommended. The agency shall report the results to the Labor Commissioner promptly.

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. SEVENTEEN 00 74 40 - 1 If the Labor Commissioner shall so direct, contracting agencies shall not enter into contracts with any bidder or prospective contractor unless he has satisfactorily complied with the provisions of this Order.

This Order shall become effective sixty days after the date of this Order.

Dated at Hartford, Connecticut, this 15th day of February, 1973.

Governor

## Clean Water Fund Memo 2019-003 for Construction



79 Elm Street • Hartford, CT 06106-5127

www.ct.gov/deep

Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

### Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2019-003)

## Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Subcontractor Participation on Clean Water Fund (CWF) Projects for Construction Projects

## I. PURPOSE

The municipality, through its prime contractor must make specified good faith efforts to attain the DBE goals as specified in this document in Section III. This is an administrative condition of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Grant which funds CWF projects.

This memorandum supersedes the Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2016-003)

## **II. GOVERNING STATUTE OR REGULATION**

General Compliance (Federal), 40 CFR, Part 33: The municipality, through its prime contractor must comply with the requirements of EPA's Program for Utilization of DBEs.

## **III. EPA REQUIREMENTS**

The following clause shall be included in all construction contract documents and amendments for goods and services to be funded under the CWF:

The requirement for DBE subcontractor participation, expressed as a percentage of the total eligible contract amount, shall be a minimum of 8.0 percent with the following makeup:

## Minority Business Enterprise (MBE): 3.0 percent Woman Business Enterprise (WBE): 5.0 percent

Failure to meet or exceed the required percentage or submit acceptable documentation of the six good faith efforts may render a bid non-responsive and may cause the bid to be rejected.

## IV. THE SIX GOOD FAITH EFFORTS AS SPECIFICALLY DEFINED BY EPA

The Six Good Faith Efforts are required methods employed by all Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) CWF recipients to ensure that all DBEs have the opportunity to compete for procurements funded by DEEP financial assistance dollars. The prime contractor is expected to employ the six good faith efforts throughout the entire project to insure that the DBE percentages are maintained or exceeded in the event that one DBE subcontractor needs to be substituted for another.

1. Ensure DBEs are made aware of contracting opportunities to the fullest extent practicable through outreach and recruitment activities. For Indian Tribal, State and Local and Government recipients, this will include placing DBEs on solicitation lists and soliciting them whenever they are potential sources.

- 2. Make information on forthcoming opportunities available to DBEs and arrange time frames for contracts and establish delivery schedules, where the requirements permit, in a way that encourages and facilitates participation by DBEs in the competitive process. This includes, whenever possible, posting solicitations for bids or proposals for a minimum of 30 calendar days before the bid or proposal closing date.
- Consider in the contracting process whether firms competing for large contracts could subcontract with DBEs. For Indian Tribal, State and local Government recipients, this will include dividing total requirements when economically feasible into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by DBEs in the competitive process.
- 4. Encourage contracting with a consortium of DBEs when a contract is too large for one of these firms to handle individually.
- 5. Use the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration (SBA) (Federal) and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.
- 6. If the prime contractor awards subcontracts, require the prime contractor to take the above steps.

The prime contractor's certification as a DBE has no effect on this requirement. Therefore, if the prime contractor is a DBE, the Six Good Faith Efforts defined above must be employed in the procurement of subcontracts to be secured to achieve the MBE 3.0% and WBE 5.0% participation.

## **V. CERTIFICATION**

A DBE must be certified at the time that the subcontract for their services is executed. A business that is pending new certification, recertification, or whose certification has expired **cannot** be counted toward the goals.

In the case where a subcontractor DBE is certified as both a MBE and a WBE (a woman who is also a member of a minority class):

- 1. The prime contractor may count the entire value of the subcontract as either a MBE or a WBE.
- 2. The prime contractor may choose to split the subcontract between the MBE and the WBE categories to fulfill both goals. If the prime contractor chooses this route:
  - a. They must indicate the dollars to be apportioned to the categories either on the face of the copy of the fully executed subcontract submitted to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) or by some other written method.
  - b. The certification submitted to DEEP must indicate that the principal of the subcontractor is both a woman and a minority.
  - c. For a certification that only identifies the subcontractor as a DBE, additional documentation is required as proof of dual status. In the case of Connecticut Department of Transportation (CTDOT), the detailed information page within their online database suffices as proof.

## VI. ACCEPTABLE CERTIFICATION OPTIONS

- 1. Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) DEEP will continue to accept DAS certification until such time as other State entities are identified whose certification processes meet the EPA criteria. DAS will only certify Connecticut based firms that meet the criteria under Connecticut General Statute 4a-60g.
- 2. **CTDOT** Companies that desire to do business with CTDOT as well as the DEEP should seek CTDOT certification which will be accepted by the DEEP. DBE firms are advised that the certification process can take 90 days to complete. CTDOT will certify both in state as well as out of state firms.

- 3. **EPA** In the event an entity cannot be certified by CTDOT as a DBE, that entity should seek certification with EPA. Such entities must provide EPA with evidence from CTDOT denying certification.
- SBA Certification is available to companies under the Woman Owned Small Business (WOSB) program and the SBA 8(a) Business Development Program (www.sba.gov/8abd/) which has a net worth ceiling of \$250,000 for initial applicants.
- 5. Other states certification Prime contractors may utilize certification from other states. Such certification must specify the DBE designation. Where there is no DBE certification option within a state, the instance must be presented to the DEEP Financial Administrator assigned to the project for consideration on a per case basis.

## VII. DBE COMPLIANCE PROCESS

- 1. Within fourteen (14) calendar days after bid opening the prime contractor (apparent low bidder) shall complete and submit two copies of the DEEP Subcontractor Verification Form along with the DBE certification for each subcontractor to the municipality. The municipality must then submit one copy of these documents to DEEP as part of the authorization to award request.
- Once DEEP authorizes the municipality to award the contract, the prime contractor is required to submit two copies of the executed DBE subcontracts to the municipality who submits one copy to the DEEP Financial Administrator.
- 3. No payment requests will be processed by DEEP until the executed copies of the subcontracts and the DBE certifications are on file in the DEEP office.
- 4. Should the prime contractor not meet the goals, documentation of good faith efforts will be required to be submitted to the DEEP Municipal Facilities Wastewater Engineer for consideration that the good faith effort was extensive enough to warrant the acceptance of a lower goal for the specific contract in question.
- 5. In the event that a DBE subcontractor is substituted for another during the project, two copies of the executed subcontract along with the corresponding DBE certification for the substitute are submitted to the municipality who forwards one copy of each to the DEEP Financial Administrator.
- 6. If additional construction costs are approved by DEEP, the prime contractor employs the good faith efforts defined above to meet the goals for the new total eligible contract amount.

## VIII. DAS PREQUALIFICATION CERTIFICATION FOR DBE SUBCONTRACTORS

At time that the prime contractor submits copies of the executed DBE subcontracts to the municipality, two copies of the current DAS Prequalification Certificate for each DBE subcontractor whose subcontract value is equal to or greater than \$500,000 must also be submitted. In turn, the municipality is required to submit one copy of each DBE Prequalification Certification to the DEEP Financial Administrator. Suppliers of material or products who do not do installation or construction work are not subject to the DAS Construction Contractor prequalification requirement.

## IX. SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM

This form is to be signed by the contractor or the contractor's authorized representative. The form is then submitted to the municipality's representative for signature. The municipality includes the form as part of the authorization to award request to DEEP.

I hereby verify that I have read and unders subcontracts whose percentages will meet o	stand the DBE requirements in this memorandum and will procure or exceed the minimums listed above.
Contract Name	
Name of Prime Contractor	
Name and Title of Authorized Officer	
Authorized Signature	Date
Town Official and Title	
Authorized Signature	Date

### X. DEFINITIONS

CGS: Connecticut General Statutes

CTDOT: Connecticut Department of Transportation

CWF: Clean Water Fund

DAS: Connecticut Department of Administrative Services

DBE: Disadvantaged Business Enterprise

DEEP: Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (Federal)

MBE: Minority Business Enterprise

SBA: Small Business Administration (Federal)

WBE: Woman Business Enterprise

WOSE: Woman Owned Small Business (Federal program - SBA)

June 19, 2019 Date

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Denise Ruzicka, Director Water Planning and Management Division Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse

Page 4 of 4

## Contract Language Required Pursuant to Public Acts 88-351 and 89-253

### Contract Language Required

### Pursuant to Public Acts 88-351 and 89-253

(a) For the purposes of this section, "minority business enterprise" means any small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one percent or more of the capital stock, if any, of assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) Who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 32-9n; and "good faith" means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations. "Good faith efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements.

For the purpose of this Section, "Commission" means the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities.

The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the (b) contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, mental retardation or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut. The contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to insure that applicants with job related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, mental retardation, or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved; (2 the contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, to state that it is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the commission; (3) the contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the commission advising the labor union or worker's representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment; (4) the contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 46a-56, as amended by Section 5 of Public Act 89-253, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; (5) the contractor agrees to provide the commission on human rights and opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employ7ment practices and procedures of the contractor as

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS JULY 2023 CONTRACT LANGUAGE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO PUBLIC ACTS 88-351 AND 89-253 00 74 80 - 1 related to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56. If the contract is a public works contract, the contractor agrees and warrants that he will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works projects.

Determination of the contractor's good faith efforts shall (C) include but shall not be limited to the following factors: the contractor's employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the commission may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.

The contractor shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, (d) in a manner prescribed by the commission, of its good faith efforts.

The contractor shall include the provisions of subsection (b) of (e) this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the commission. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-56, as amended by Section 5 of Public Act 89-253; provided if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

The contractor agrees to comply with the regulations referred to (f) in this section as they exist on the date of this contract and as they may be adopted or amended from time to time during the term of this contract and any amendments thereto

Eff. 7/1/89

JULY 2023

PW\DEN003\E2X90000\.SPECS CONTRACT LANGUAGE REQUIRED PURSUANT TO PUBLIC ACTS 88-351 AND 89-253 00 74 80 - 2

# Wage Rate Requirements

# WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS

00820.02 WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS. Wage rates on this Project shall conform to the following:

A. CONNECTICUT REQUIREMENTS. The State of Connecticut requires minimum wage rates to be paid if the value of work done on this Contract exceeds \$400,000 for new construction or exceeds \$100,000 for remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project. These wage rates, if required for this Project, are included in Document 00830.

It is the responsibility of the contractor before bid opening to request, if necessary, any additional information on State Wage Rates for those tradespeople who are not covered by the applicable State Wage Determination but who may be employed for the proposed work under this contract.

B. CERTIFIED PAYROLL/COMPLIANCE STATEMENT. The CONTRACTOR may be required, for work under this Contract, to submit weekly to the Engineer a certified payroll and compliance statement consistent with the requirements of public act 93-392. (Section 31-53 of Connecticut General Statues, as amended.) A copy of this form, if submittal is required, is included following this page.

C. FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS. It is the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to obtain the most recent Federal Wage Determination. For further information on Federal Wage Determinations, the CONTRACTOR shall contact the U.S. Department of Labor in Washington D.C. Information may also be obtained from the Connecticut State Library, U.S. Regional Depository.

It is also the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to request, before bid opening if necessary, any additional information on Federal Wage Determination for those tradespeople who are not covered by the applicable Federal Wage Determination but who may be employed for the proposed Work under this Contract.

D. RATES TO BE PAID. The minimum wage rates to be paid on this Project shall be as shown on either the State of Connecticut Labor Department Wage Rate Schedule or the Federal Wage Determination, whichever is higher. The State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection has determined that all construction on this Project shall be covered by the heavy construction rates and classifications.

# Davis Bacon Act

# THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE WAGE AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE DAVIS-BACON ACT.

# Davis Bacon Act:

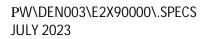
All monthly pay requests for funding shall contain a certification from the principal or prime Contractor which states at a minimum the following:

- 1. The project name, location, contract number and pay period.
- That all of the U.S. Department of Labor Davis-Bacon requirements have been complied with by the undersigned as principal contractor, and by each subcontractor employing mechanics or laborers at the site of the work;
- 3. That I, the undersigned, pay or supervise the payment of the persons employed by (insert name of construction company), principal contractor;
- 4. That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under Sec. 5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under See. 5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
- 5. That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract or a subcontract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part;
- 6. That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- 7. The undersigned acknowledges that the falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the undersigned to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code. It shall be the responsibility of the Bidder, before the Bid Opening, to request any additional information on Federal Wage Rate requirements relating to the Davis-Bacon Act.

# Wage Rates:

It shall be the responsibility of the Bidder, before the Bid Opening, to request any additional information on Federal Wage Rate requirements relating to the Davis-Bacon Act.

- 1. Since this project falls under the Davis-Bacon Act, the higher of Connecticut State and Federal Wage Rates apply.
- 2. It shall be the responsibility of the Bidder, before Bid Opening, to request any additional information on Wage Rates for trades people not covered by the applicable Wage Decisions Package, but who may be employed for the proposed work under this Contract. All construction associated with this Contract will be governed by Heavy and Highway Rates.



DAVIS-BACON ACT 00 74 91 - 1

# STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2010-0816) August 16, 2010



# TO: ALL CONNECTICUT MUNICIPALITIES AND ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS

RE: DAVIS BACON REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

As of 10/30/2009, all financing agreements that utilize the Clean Water Fund must comply with Davis-Bacon Act (DB) wage requirements. DB wage requirements are federally established rates to be paid to laborers and mechanics on public works projects. Application of the DB requirements extends to all assistance agreements executed on or after October 30, 2009. If a project began construction prior to 10/30/2009, but is financed through an assistance agreement executed on or after 10/30/2009, DB requirements will apply to all construction that occurs on or after 10/30/2009 and through the completion of construction. This requirement is in addition to compliance with Connecticut's Prevailing Wage rates.

All monthly pay requests for funding shall contain a certification from the principal or prime contractor which states at a minimum the following:

- 1. The project name, location, contract number and pay period.
- 2. That all of the U.S. Department of Labor Davis-Bacon requirements have been complied with by the undersigned as principal contractor, and by each subcontractor employing mechanics or laborers at the site of the work;
- 3. That I, the undersigned, pay or supervise the payment of the persons employed by (insert name of construction company), principal contractor;
- 4. That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under Sec. 5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under See. 5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
- 5. That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract or a subcontract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part;
- 6. That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- 7. The undersigned acknowledges that the falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the undersigned to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

It is not necessary to submit the state and federal certified payroll forms with each pay request to DEP provided the above certification has been submitted.

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If utility relocation work by private utility companies is required for the project (generally for projects involving separation of storm drainage from sanitary sewers), all utility companies must comply with DB regardless of the funding source. The only exception to this requirement is when 1) there is no state or federal funding for the utility relocation work, and 2) the utility company relocates their utilities before the municipality commences construction of the CWF project.

If you have any questions, please contact George Hicks at 860-424-3752.

Paul Extacey

Paul E. Stacey, Director Planning & Standards Division Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse

Attachment: Outline of Davis Bacon Requirements

### Page 3 of 5

Outline of the Davis-Bacon Act Requirements

Determine the type of construction (serves as the basis for prevailing wage classification)

- Residential -single family houses, townhouses, and apartment buildings up to four stories
- Building sheltered enclosures with walk-in access for the purpose of housing persons, machinery, equipment, or supplies. Also apartment buildings greater than 4 stories, parking garages, service stations, office buildings, fire stations, etc.
- Highway roads, streets, highways, sidewalks, runways, parking areas, and other paving work not incidental to other construction
- Heavy those projects, generally public works, which cannot be classified as Residential, Building, or Highway Construction

**General Requirements** 

- Obtain Wage Determinations: <u>http://www.wdol.gov</u> Wage Determinations online
- Davis-Bacon Wage Determinations
  - Established by geographic area (usually a county or a group of counties)
  - Published for the 4 types of construction: Residential, Building, Highway, Heavy (classifications may be combined in many areas)
  - May be modified periodically
  - Must be included in bid documents and contract for construction with appropriate Federal labor standards provisions
- Verify prime contractor and all subcontractor eligibility against GSA Debarment List
- On-line access at: http://epls.arnet.gov
- Make record of verification to contract file
- Bid/contract documents must contain:
  - Applicable Davis-Bacon Wage Determination (WD)
  - Federal labor standards clauses

Wage Determination "Lock-In" Rules

- Competitive bidding: Modifications published less than 10 days before bid opening may be disregarded if found there is not sufficient time to notify bidders, and a report is made to contract file
- Lock-in at bid opening provided contract is awarded within 90 days
- Must update wage determination if contract award is more than 90 days after bid opening
- Once a Davis-Bacon wage rate has been "locked," it stays in effect for the duration of the project.

Municipal Responsibilities

- Ensure bid/contract documents contain applicable wage determination and labor clauses (prime and subcontractors)
- Ensure no contracts are awarded to ineligible contractors

### Page 4 of 5

- Ensure submission of certified payrolls
- Ensure sole source contracts contain labor standards
- Conduct onsite interviews with laborers and mechanics
  - Minimum once within 2 weeks of initial payroll and once within 2 week of final payroll per contractor
- Spot-check payrolls/related records
  - Minimum once within 2 weeks of initial payroll and once within 2 week of final payroll per contractor
- Periodically review use of apprentices and trainees
- Report potential violations to EPA DB contact and DOL Wages and Hours District Office
- Maintain full documentation
- Maintain records 3 years after completion

Prime Contractor's Responsibilities

- Prepares and submits certified payrolls for its own employees.
- Submits certified payrolls for all subcontractor employees.
- Reviews wage determination and requests additional classifications when needed.
- Provides subcontractors with forms and guidance concerning DB requirements.
- Provides DB Poster and interviewer confidential access to employees on site.
- Instructs lower-tier subcontractors of their responsibilities

Subcontractor's Responsibilities

- Prepares & submits certified payrolls each week for its own employees.
- Instructs any lower-tier subcontractors of responsibilities.
- Reviews wage determination and requests additional classifications if needed.
- Provides DB Poster and interviewer confidential access to employees on-site.

Federal and State Wage Rates Apply

- Contract must contain both Federal and State wage decisions/contract standards
- Employers must pay higher of two rates
- Payrolls must carry Federal statement of compliance (backside of payroll form WH-347) and the State's statement of compliance

Job Site Postings

- Notice to All Employees (WH1321)
- Davis-Bacon wage decision OR Project Wage Rate Sheet
- Protected from elements
- Accessible to all laborers and mechanics
- Easy for contractors and subs to know what rates they must pay
- Easy for laborers and mechanics to see whether they are paid properly
- Easy for the contract administrators reviewing payroll reports

Page 5 of 5

- Should be prepared only after the wage decision has been locked in
- Davis-Bacon wage decision OR Project Wage Rate Sheet
- Should be prepared only after the wage decision has been locked in

Certified Payroll

- Form WH 347
- Compliance statement (w/original signature of corporate official or designee)
- Payrolls required weekly
- Identify first and final payroll
- Prime contractor reviews prior to submission
- Payroll retention is 3 years

Violations of DB

- Misclassification of laborers and mechanics.
- Failure to pay full prevailing wage, including fringe benefits, for all hours worked (including overtime hours).
- Inadequate recordkeeping, such as not counting all hours worked by an individual in two or more classifications during a day.
- Failure to maintain a copy of bona fide apprenticeship program and individual registration documents for apprentices.
- Failure to submit certified weekly payrolls.
- Failure to post the Davis-Bacon poster and applicable wage determination

All alleged violations should be reported to the EPA DB Coordinator and to Department of Labor

# Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection Payroll Certification-Davis Bacon Compliance

Project name:	
Project location:	
Contract number:	7.5
Pay period:	
I,	, the undersigned, pay or supervise the payment of the
persons employed by	, prime contractor.
<ul> <li>complied with by the und subcontractor employing</li> <li>2. The payroll for the payron provided under Sec. 5.5 (information is being main part 5, and that such info</li> <li>3. Each laborer or mechanic employed on the contract</li> </ul>	nt of Labor Davis-Bacon requirements have been ersigned as principal contractor, and by each mechanics or laborers at the site of the work. Il period contains the information required to be a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate trained under See. 5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR mation is correct and complete; (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) or a subcontract during the payroll period has been paid ned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that
no deductions have been	made either directly or indirectly from the full wages sible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part

5;

 Each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

The undersigned acknowledges that the falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the undersigned to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code

Name:	(please type or print).
Title:	
	_
Signature:	Date

# Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards

# Minimum Rates and Classifications for Building Construction

ID#:	23-50635	Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards		
Conr only cont	necticut, as amende where the contract ractor or subcontract	ty vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Sec ed, the following are declared to be the prevailing rates and is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the ctor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and of his/her hourly wages.	d welfare payments ar he rates are establishe	nd will apply ed. Any
			L	.6
	ject Number: te#:	CWF 2019-04 Project Tow FAP#:	n: New Haven	
Pro	ject: Process A	Air Compressor System for Low Level Nitrogen Ren	noval	5
CLAS	SSIFICATION		Hourly Rate	Benefits
enca	psulation (except	ste Removal Laborers: Asbestos removal and its removal from mechanical systems which are not waste removers, blasters.**See Laborers Group 7**	SP	
1c) A	sbestos Worker/H	eat and Frost Insulator	45.56	32.65
2) Bo	ilermaker		45.21	29.05
3a) B Maso		: Mason, Concrete Finisher (including caulking), Stone	39.4	34.62 + a
3b) T	ïle Setter		37.1	30.52
3c) T	ile and Stone Finis	shers	30.0	25.30
3d) N	larble & Terrazzo	Finishers	31.07	24.23
3e) I	Plasterer		42.77	29.63

4) Group 1: General laborers, carpenter tenders, concrete specialists, wrecking laborers and fire watchers.	33.5	25.59
4) Group 1a: Acetylene Burners (Hours worked with a torch)	34.5	25.59
4a) Group 2: Mortar mixers, plaster tender, power buggy operators, powdermen, fireproofer/mixer/nozzleman (Person running mixer and spraying fireproof only).	33.75	25.59
4b) Group 3: Jackhammer operators/pavement breaker, mason tender (brick), mason tender (cement/concrete), forklift operators and forklift operators (masonry).	34.0	25.59
4c) **Group 4: Pipelayers (Installation of water, storm drainage or sewage lines outside of the building line with P6, P7 license) (the pipelayer rate shall apply only to one or two employees of the total crew who primary task is to actually perform the mating of pipe sections) P6 and P7 rate is \$26.80.	34.5	25.59
4d) Group 5: Air track operator, sand blaster and hydraulic drills.	34.25	25.59
4e) Group 6: Blasters, nuclear and toxic waste removal.	36.5	25.59
4f) Group 7: Asbestos/lead removal and encapsulation (except it's removal from mechanical systems which are not to be scrapped).	36.5	25.59
4g) Group 8: Bottom men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring crew.	31.78	25.59
4h) Group 9: Top men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring crew.	31.24	25.59
4i) Group 10: Traffic Control Signalman	20.1	25.59

4j) Group 11: Toxic Waste Removers A or B With PPE	36.5	25.59
5) Carpenter, Acoustical Ceiling Installation, Soft Floor/Carpet Laying, Metal Stud Installation, Form Work and Scaffold Building, Drywall Hanging, Modular-Furniture Systems Installers, Lathers, Piledrivers, Resilient Floor Layers.	37.61	27.61
5a) Millwrights	38.02	28.41
6) Electrical Worker (including low voltage wiring) (Trade License required: E1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9)	42.6	33.21+3% of gross wage
7a) Elevator Mechanic (Trade License required: R-1,2,5,6)	61.42	37.335+a+b
LINE CONSTRUCTION	5	
Groundman	26.5	6.5% + 9.00
Linemen/Cable Splicer	48.19	6.5% + 22.00
8) Glazier (Trade License required: FG-1,2)	41.18	24.55 + a
9) Ironworker, Ornamental, Reinforcing, Structural, and Precast Concrete Erection	42.37	40.02 + a
OPERATORS		
Group 1: Crane Handling or Erecting Structural Steel or Stone; Hoisting Engineer (2 drums or over). (Trade License Required)	52.78	27.80 + a
Group 1a: Front End Loader (7 cubic yards or over); Work Boat 26 ft. and Over	48.37	27.80 + a

Group 2: Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over); Bauer Drill/Caisson. (Trade License Required)	52.41	27.80 + a
Group 2a: Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity).	51.51	27.80 + a
Group 2b: Excavator over 2 cubic yards; Pile Driver (\$3.00 premium when operator controls hammer)	48.0	27.80 + a
Group 3: Excavator; Gradall; Master Mechanic; Hoisting Engineer (all types of equipment where a drum and cable are used to hoist or drag material regardless of motive power of operation), Rubber Tire Excavator (Drott- 1085 or similar);Grader Operator; Bulldozer Finegrade. (slopes, shaping, laser or GPS, etc.). (Trade License Required)	47.1	27.80 + a
Group 4: Trenching Machines; Lighter Derrick; CMI Machine or Similar; Koehring Loader (Skooper); Goldhofer.	46.64	27.80 + a
Group 5: Specialty Railroad Equipment; Asphalt Spreader, Asphalt Reclaiming Machine; Line Grinder; Concrete Pumps; Drills with Self Contained Power Units; Boring Machine; Post Hole Digger; Auger; Pounder; Well Digger; Milling Machine (over 24 mandrel).	45.92	27.80 + a
Group 5 continued: Side Boom; Combination Hoe and Loader; Directional Driller.	45.92	27.80 + a
Group 6: Front End Loader (3 up to 7 cubic yards); Bulldozer (rough grade dozer).	45.55	27.80 + a
Group 7: Asphalt Roller; Concrete Saws and Cutters (ride on types); Vermeer Concrete Cutter; Stump Grinder; Scraper; Snooper; Skidder; Milling Machine (24" and under mandrel).	45.14	27.80 + a
Group 8: Mechanic; Grease Truck Operator; Hydroblaster; Barrier Mover; Power Stone Spreader; Welding; Work Boat Under 26 ft.; Transfer Machine; Rigger Foreman.	44.67	27.80 + a
Group 9: Front End Loader (under 3 cubic yards); Skid Steer Loader regardless of attachments; (Bobcat or Similar); Forklift, Power Chipper; Landscape Equipment (including Hydroseeder); Vacuum Excavation	44.14	27.80 + a

Truck and Hydrovac Excavation Truck (27 HG pressure or greater).

Group 10: Vibratory hammer; ice machine; diesel and air, hammer, etc.	41.69	27.80 + a
Group 11: Conveyor, earth roller, power pavement breaker (whiphammer), robot demolition equipment.	41.69	27.80 + a
Group 12: Wellpoint Operator.	41.61	27.80 + a
Group 13: Compressor Battery Operator.	40.92	27.80 + a
Group 14: Elevator Operator; Tow Motor Operator (solid tire no rough terrain).	39.54	27.80 + a
Group 15: Generator Operator; Compressor Operator; Pump Operator; Welding Machine Operator; Heater Operator.	39.06	27.80 + a
Group 16: Maintenance Engineer.	38.28	27.80 + a
Group 17: Portable Asphalt Plant Operator; Portable Crusher Plant Operator; Portable Concrete Plant Operator; Portable Grout Plant Operator; Portable Water Filtration Plant Operator.	43.46	27.80 + a
Group 18: Power Safety Boat; Vacuum Truck; Zim Mixer; Sweeper; (Minimum for any job requiring a CDL license); Rigger; Signalman.	40.54	27.80 + a
PAINTERS (Including Drywall Finishing)		
10a) Brush and Roller	37.62	24.55
10b) Taping Only/Drywall Finishing	38.37	24.55

10c) Paperhanger and Red Label	38.12	24.55
10e) Blast and Spray	40.62	24.55
11) Plumber (excluding HVAC pipe installation) (Trade License required: P- 1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2)	48.28	35.50
12) Well Digger, Pile Testing Machine	37.26	24.05 + a
Roofer: Cole Tar Pitch	44.5	23.30 + a
Roofer: Slate, Tile, Composition, Shingles, Singly Ply and Damp/Waterproofing	43.0	23.30 + a
15) Sheetmetal Worker (Trade License required for HVAC and Ductwork: SM-1,SM-2,SM-3,SM-4,SM-5,SM-6)	41.89	43.22
16) Pipefitter (Including HVAC work) (Trade License required: S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4, G-1, G-2, G-8 & G-9)	48.28	35.50
TRUCK DRIVERS		
17a) 2 Axle, Helpers	32.16	30.51 + a
17b) 3 Axle, 2 Axle Ready Mix	32.27	30.51 + a
17c) 3 Axle Ready Mix	32.33	30.51 + a
17d) 4 Axle	32.39	30.51 + a
17e) 4 Axle Ready Mix	32.44	30.51 + a

17f) Heavy Duty Trailer (40 Tons and Over)	34.66	30.51 + a
17g) Specialized Earth Moving Equipment (Other Than Conventional Type on-the-Road Trucks and Semi-Trailers, Including Euclids)	32.44	30.51 + a
17h) Heavy Duty Trailer up to 40 tons	33.39	30.51 + a
17i) Snorkle Truck	32.54	30.51 + a
18) Sprinkler Fitter (Trade License required: F-1,2,3,4)	47.55	32.27 + a
19) Theatrical Stage Journeyman	25.76	7.34
Welders: Rate for craft to which welding is incidental. *Note: Hazardous waste removal work receives additional \$1.25 per hour for truck driver **Note: Hazardous waste premium \$3.00 per hour over classified rate	rs.	

Crane with 150 ft. boom (including jib) - \$1.50 extra Crane with 200 ft. boom (including jib) - \$2.50 extra Crane with 250 ft. boom (including jib) - \$5.00 extra Crane with 300 ft. boom (including jib) - \$7.00 extra Crane with 400 ft. boom (including jib) - \$10.00 extra

All classifications that indicate a percentage of the fringe benefits must be calculated at the percentage rate times the "base hourly rate".

Apprentices duly registered under the Commissioner of Labor's regulations on "Work Training Standards for Apprenticeship and Training Programs" Section 31-51-d-1 to 12, are allowed to be paid the appropriate percentage of the prevailing journeymen hourly base and the full fringe benefit rate, providing the work site ratio shall not be less than one full-time journeyperson instructing and supervising the work of each apprentice in a specific trade.

The Prevailing wage rates applicable to this project are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of the project.

Each contractor shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.

It is the contractor's responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's website.

The annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor's Web page:

www.ct.gov/dol. For those without internet access, please contact the division listed below.

The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project.

All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Contracting Agencies are under no obligation pursuant to State labor law to pay any increase due to the annual adjustment provision.

Effective October 1, 2005 - Public Act 05-50: any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker shall be paid prevailing wage

All Person who perform work ON SITE must be paid prevailing wage for the appropriate mechanic, laborer, or worker classification.

All certified payrolls must list the hours worked and wages paid to All Persons who perform work ON SITE regardless of their ownership i.e.: (Owners, Corporate Officers, LLC Members, Independent Contractors, et. al)

Reporting and payment of wages is required regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.

~~Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clause (29 CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

Please direct any questions which you may have pertaining to classification of work and payment of prevailing wages to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division, telephone (860)263-6790.

As of: July 25, 2023

# Prohibition on Certain Telecommunication and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment in SRF Programs

### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



OFFICE OF WATER

# **MEMORANDUM**

Prohibition on Certain Telecommunication and Video Surveillance Services or **SUBJECT:** Equipment in the SRF Programs Digitally signed by KIRSTEN ANDERER FROM: Kiri Anderer, P.E., Acting Associate Branch Chief KIRSTEN Infrastructure Branch, OGWDW Date: 2020.12.11 07:55:52 ANDERER -05'00' Michael Deane, Branch Chief Digitally signed by MICHAEL MICHAEL DEANE DEANE State Revolving Fund Branch, OWM Date: 2020.12.11 17:56:38 -05'00' TO: **SRF Branch Chiefs** Regions 1-10

Effective August 13, 2020, recipients and subrecipients of EPA funded assistance agreements, including borrowers under EPA funded revolving loan funds, must comply with regulations at <u>2 CFR 200.216</u>, *Prohibition on certain telecommunication and video surveillance services or equipment*, implementing section 889 of <u>Public Law 115-232</u>. The regulation prohibits the use of Federal funds to procure (enter into, extend, or renew contracts) or obtain equipment, systems, or services that use "covered telecommunications equipment or services" identified in the regulation as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Prohibitions extend to the use of Federal funds by recipients and subrecipients to enter into a contract with an entity that "uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services" as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Certain equipment, systems, or services, including equipment, systems, or services produced or provided by entities subject to the prohibition are recorded in the <u>System for Award Management</u> exclusion list.

As described in section 889 of Public Law 115-232, covered telecommunications equipment or services includes:

- Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
- For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
- Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment.

• Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

# Applicability in the State Revolving Fund (SRF) Programs

Clean Water and Drinking Water SRF (CWSRF and DWSRF) programs may not expend equivalency funds for these products on or after August 13, 2020. States must ensure that equivalency assistance agreements include the telecommunications prohibition condition <u>provided by EPA's Office of Grants</u> and <u>Debarment</u> (OGD) in OGD's most recent EPA General Terms and Conditions. The condition must also be in construction contracts associated with equivalency assistance agreements.

There is no exhaustive list of components and services that fall under the prohibition. State SRF managers and local assistance recipients should exercise due diligence and be particularly mindful of project components with internet or cellular connections. For example, recipients should be mindful of automatic meter reading (AMR) technology and advanced metering infrastructure (AMI), instrumentation control systems (e.g. process control systems, distributed control systems and programmable logic controls), and security cameras and other electronic security measures to ensure that those items are procured from a non-excluded entity. Items included in the prohibition are not eligible SRF costs, and the SRF programs cannot reimburse borrowers for these costs.

The prohibition also applies to the CWSRF administrative funds (if states are billing those costs to the federal CWSRF capitalization grant) and the four DWSRF set-asides. States should be mindful of items such as cell phones, computers, and mobile WiFi routers or hotspots funded by those accounts.

If you have questions on the implementation of this grant condition, please contact Michael Deane at <u>Deane.Michael@epa.gov</u> or Kiri Anderer at <u>Anderer Kirsten@epa.gov</u>.

## Eff: 8/13/2020

# <u>Per EPA Guidance, the following language must be inserted in all bid/Specification documents</u> to ensure proper compliance to the Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video <u>Surveillance Services or Equipment:</u>

Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment This term and condition implements 2 CFR 200.216 and is effective for obligations and expenditures of EPA financial assistance funding on or after 8/13/2020. As required by 2 CFR 200.216, EPA recipients and subrecipients, including borrowers under EPA funded revolving loan fund programs, are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to procure or obtain; extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that use covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. As described in Public Law 115-232, section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities). Recipients, subrecipients, and borrowers also may not use EPA funds to purchase: a. For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical Page 4 of 29 infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities). b. Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment. c. Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country. Consistent with 2 CFR 200.471, costs incurred for telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment such as phones, internet, video surveillance, and cloud servers are allowable except for the following circumstances: a. Obligating or expending EPA funds for covered telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment or services as described in 2 CFR 200.216 to: (1) Procure or obtain, extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; (2) Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure; or (3) Obtain the equipment, services, or systems. Certain prohibited equipment, systems, or services, including equipment, systems, or services produced or provided by entities identified in section 889, are recorded in the System for Award Management exclusion list.

# American Iron and Steel Act DEEP Revised



79 Elm Street • Hartford, CT 06106-5127

www.ct.gov/deep

Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

# Memorandum

To: All Connecticut Municipalities, Water Pollution Control Facilities, and Consultants

Date: May 28, 2015

Re: Revised American Iron and Steel Memorandum

The Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's (DEEP) Municipal Water Pollution Control Section has updated the American Iron and Steel (AIS) memorandum that was distributed on May 19, 2014.

On June 10, 2014, the Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2014 (WRRDA) was signed into law by President Obama, which amended the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA). The FWPCA section 608 extended the AIS provision that was originally scheduled to expire on September 30, 2014.

This means that AIS is now a **permanent** project requirement for all Connecticut Clean Water Fund (CWF) projects.

The effective date for the newly codified AIS provision is the date of enactment of the WRRDA, or June 10, 2014.

A recent Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) memorandum dated September 18, 2014 indicates that EPA intends to interpret the WRRDA language for the AIS requirement in the same manner as described in an earlier EPA guidance memo dated March 20, 2014. Therefore, the March 20, 2014 EPA memorandum shall still serve as the final EPA AIS guidance on how to apply the AIS requirement, and it is attached to the revised CWF memo.

The final memorandum is now available on our website at http://www.ct.gov/dep/cwp.

Sincerely,

George V. Hicks, P.E.

Supervising Sanitary Engineer Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse



79 Elm Street • Hartford, CT 06106-5127

www.ct.gov/deep

Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

#### Revised Clean Water Fund Memorandum (2014-001a)

#### TO: All Connecticut Municipalities and Consultants

## RE: Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions on Connecticut Clean Water Fund Projects

#### I. PURPOSE

To provide clarification on the applicability of American Iron and Steel (AIS) provisions to construction projects funded by the Connecticut Clean Water Fund (CWF).

#### II. GOVERNING FEDERAL PUBLIC LAW

Section 436 of Public Law (P.L.) 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014.

#### III. APPLICABILITY

All Connecticut CWF projects must use "iron and steel products" (Section III.A) that are "produced in the United States" for construction projects. The final Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) AIS guidance memorandum dated March 20, 2014 ("final EPA AIS guidance") on how to apply the AIS requirement is attached.

This memorandum summarizes the final EPA AIS guidance, and describes how it relates specifically to Connecticut CWF projects. Section III.C details what is required for a CWF project that is subject to the AIS provisions. Any definitions provided by the final EPA AIS guidance are included in Section IV.

Section 436 of P.L. 113-76 excludes products (Section III.B) to the AIS requirement, as well as a waiver request process to exclude products or the entire project from AIS requirements (Section III.D).

#### A. Applicable Iron and Steel Products

- 1. The AIS requirement applies to all of the following products:
  - a. Lined or unlined pipes and fittings;
  - b. Manholes covers and other "municipal castings";
  - c. Hydrants;
  - d. Tanks;
  - e. Flanges;
  - f. Pipe clamps and restraints;
  - g. Valves;
  - h. "Structural steel";
  - i. Reinforced precast concrete; or
  - j. "Construction materials".

Refer to Section IV for further clarification of items b, h, and j.

- 2. Each project item listed in Section III.A.1 and is considered to be "primarily iron or steel", or comprised of greater than 50% iron or "steel" as measured by cost, becomes subject to the AIS requirement.
  - a. The cost used to determine AIS applicability shall be based on the material costs, and shall include the cost to pour and cast iron and/or steel components.
  - b. The cost used to determine AIS applicability shall not include assembly cost.
- 3. Unlike the products listed in Section III.A.1.a h and j, all reinforced precast concrete used in applicable products is subject to the AIS requirement, no matter how much iron or steel comprises the reinforced precast concrete. The reinforcing bar and wire must be produced in the US and meet the same standards as for any other iron or steel product. The casting of the concrete product must take place in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in concrete production are not required to be of domestic origin.
- 4. "Construction materials" are any products that become permanently incorporated into the project, even if those products may be considered temporary in most instances. For example, any iron or steel sheeting or piles that are not removed after construction is completed are considered to be "construction materials" subject to the AIS requirement.

#### **B.** Excluded Products

- 1. The AIS requirement does <u>not</u> apply to any mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems. Mechanical and electrical components, equipment and systems are not considered construction materials.
- 2. The following examples (including their appurtenances necessary for their intended use and operation) are NOT considered construction materials, and are therefore NOT subject to the AIS requirement:
  - a. Pumps;
  - b. Motors;
  - c. Gear reducers;
  - d. Drives (including variable frequency drives (VFDs));
  - e. Electric/pneumatic/manual accessories used to operate valves (such as electric valve actuators);
  - f. Mixers;
  - g. Gates;
  - h. Motorized screens (such as traveling screens);
  - i. Blowers/aeration equipment;
  - j. Compressors;
  - k. Meters, sensors, controls and switches;
  - 1. Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA);
  - m. Membrane bioreactor systems;
  - n. Membrane filtration systems;
  - o. Filters, clarifiers and clarifier mechanisms;
  - p. Rakes, grinders;
  - q. Disinfection systems;
  - r. Presses (including belt presses);
  - s. Conveyors, cranes;
  - t. HVAC (excluding ductwork), water heaters, heat exchangers;
  - u. Generators;

- v. Cabinetry and housings (such as electrical boxes/enclosures);
- w. Lighting fixtures;
- x. Electrical conduit;
- y. Emergency life systems;
- z. Metal office furniture, shelving;
- aa. Laboratory equipment, analytical instrumentation; and
- bb. Dewatering equipment.
- Raw materials such as iron ore, limestone, and iron/steel scrap are not covered by the AIS
  requirement. If any raw materials are being applied as a coating, the raw materials are similarly not
  covered.

#### C. AIS Requirements

- 1. For each item that meets the criteria indicated in Sections III.A, the iron and steel products contained in that item must be "produced in the United States (US)".
  - a. All manufacturing processes must take place in the US, with the exception of metallurgical processes involving the refinement of steel additives.
  - b. Manufacturing processes covered by the AIS requirement include: melting, refining, forming, rolling, drawing, refining, finishing, fabricating, coating.
  - c. In the case of reinforced precast concrete, the casting of the concrete must also occur in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in the concrete production may come from non-US sources.
  - d. Each domestic iron and steel product must remain in the US for the entire manufacturing process; otherwise, it will be considered foreign source material.
  - e. Non-iron or steel components of an iron and steel product may come from non-US sources.
- 2. The construction contract language contained in Appendix 4 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance must be included in the CWF contract documents in order to obtain CWF approval of the engineering plans and specifications.
- 3. Certification for AIS compliance
  - a. Certification must be provided for all items in Section III.A.
  - b. Types of Certification
    - i. <u>Step certification process</u>: Each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer, processor, etc) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed.
    - ii. <u>Final manufacturer certification</u>: Alternatively, the final manufacturer that delivers the iron or steel product to the worksite, vendor, or contractor, may provide a certification asserting that all manufacturing processes occurred in the US.
  - c. AIS compliance certification must be provided on company letterhead, in the format provided by Appendix 5 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - d. These certifications shall be collected and maintained by the municipality, and must be available upon request by either the EPA or the DEEP.

#### **D.** Waiver Request Process

- 1. A waiver from the AIS requirement may be requested for a CWF project if at least one of the following conditions is sufficiently demonstrated:
  - a. The AIS requirement will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent, as demonstrated by the inclusion of a bid alternate and backup calculations;

- b. The iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and "reasonably available quantities" and of "satisfactory quality", as demonstrated by soliciting proposals from at least three manufacturers; or
- c. The AIS requirement is inconsistent with the public interest.
- 2. Waiver Request Format
  - a. The waiver request must include a table with responses to the "Information Checklist for Waiver Request" in Appendix 1 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - b. Evaluation of the waiver request shall include the criteria in the "HQ Review Checklist for Waiver Request" in Appendix 2 of the attached final EPA AIS guidance.
  - c. Waiver requests shall be submitted to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) for initial screening.
  - d. If the DEEP determines that a waiver to the AIS requirement has been sufficiently demonstrated, the DEEP will forward the waiver request to the EPA.
- 3. Final Waiver Determination
  - a. The waiver request shall be made available on the EPA website and the DEEP CWF webpage.
  - b. The EPA shall allow for informal public input for at least 15 days prior to making a determination.

#### IV. DEFINITIONS

AIS: American Iron and Steel

<u>Assistant recipients</u>: A borrower or grantee that receives funding from a State CWSRF program. In the case of Connecticut CWF projects, "assistance recipients" are the municipalities, as defined below.

CGS: Connecticut General Statutes

<u>Construction materials</u>: Construction materials are those articles, materials, or supplies made primarily of iron and steel, that are permanently incorporated into the applicable project, not including mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems.

Some construction materials may overlap with what is also considered "structural steel". This includes, but is not limited to, the following products: wire rod, bar, angles, concrete reinforcing bar, wire, wire cloth, wire rope and cables, tubing, framing, joists, trusses, fasteners (i.e., nuts and bolts), welding rods, decking, grating, railings, stairs, access ramps, fire escapes, ladders, wall panels, dome structures, roofing, ductwork, surface drains, cable hanging systems, manhole steps, fencing and fence tubing, guardrails, doors, and stationary screens.

CWF: Connecticut Clean Water Fund

CWSRF: Clean Water State Revolving Fund

DEEP: Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

<u>Electrical equipment</u>: Electrical equipment is typically any machine powered by electricity and includes components that are part of the electrical distribution system.

EPA: Federal Environmental Protection Agency

FWPCA: Federal Water Pollution Control Act

Final EPA AIS Guidance: This refers to the attached EPA Memorandum entitled "Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014" dated March 20, 2014.

HVAC: Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning

<u>Municipality</u>: Any "municipality" eligible for the CWF, as defined in Section 22a-475 of the CGS. The municipalities are the "assistance recipients" for the purposes of the AIS requirement.

<u>Iron and Steel Products</u>: The term "iron and steel products" means the following products are made of "primarily iron or steel": lined or unlined pipes and fittings, manholes covers and other municipal castings, hydrants, tanks, flanges, pipe clamps and restraints, valves, structural steel, reinforced precast concrete, and construction materials.

<u>Mechanical equipment</u>: Mechanical equipment is typically that which has motorized parts and/or is powered by a motor.

<u>Municipal castings</u>: Municipal castings are cast iron or steel infrastructure products that are melted and cast. They typically provide access, protection, or housing for components incorporated into utility owned drinking water, storm water, wastewater, and surface infrastructure. They are typically made of grey or ductile iron, or steel. Examples of municipal castings are:

- Access Hatches;
- Ballast Screen;
- Benches (Iron or Steel);
- Bollards;
- Cast Bases;
- Cast Iron Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular;
- Cast Iron Riser Rings;
- Catch Basin Inlet;
- Cleanout/Monument Boxes;
- Construction Covers and Frames;
- Curb and Corner Guards;
- Curb Openings;
- Detectable Warning Plates;
- Downspout Shoes (Boot, Inlet);
- Drainage Grates, Frames and Curb Inlets;
- Inlets;
- Junction Boxes;
- Lampposts;
- Manhole Covers, Rings and Frames, Risers;
- Meter Boxes;
- Service Boxes;
- Steel Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular;
- Steel Riser Rings;

- Trash receptacles;
- Tree Grates;
- Tree Guards;
- Trench Grates; and
- Valve Boxes, Covers and Risers.

<u>Primarily Iron or Steel</u>: To be considered "primarily iron or steel", the product must be made of greater than 50% iron or steel, measured by cost. The cost should be based on the material costs.

#### P.L.: Public Law

<u>Production in the US</u>: For the purposes of the AIS requirement, "production in the US" of the iron or steel used in an applicable product requires that all manufacturing processes must take place in the US, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives.

<u>Reasonably Available Quantity</u>: The quantity of iron or steel products is available or will be available at the time needed and place needed, and in the proper form or specification as specified in the project plans and design.

Satisfactory Quality: The quality of iron or steel products, as specified in the project plans and designs.

SCADA: Supervisory control and data acquisition

<u>Steel</u>: An alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements. Metallic elements such as chromium, nickel, molybdenum, manganese, and silicon may be added during the melting of steel for the purpose of enhancing properties such as corrosion resistance, hardness, or strength. The definition of steel includes carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, tool steel, and other specialty steels.

<u>Step Certification</u>: A step certification is a process under which each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer, processor, etc.) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed.

<u>Structural steel</u>: Structural steel is rolled flanged shapes, having at least one dimension of their cross-section three inches or greater, which are used in the construction of bridges, buildings, ships, railroad rolling stock, and for numerous other constructional purposes. Such shapes are designated as wide-flange shapes, standard I-beams, channels, angles, tees and zees. Other shapes include H-piles, sheet piling, tie plates, cross ties, and those for other special purposes. Some structural steel may overlap with what is also considered "construction materials" (see definition above).

RCSA: Regulations of the Connecticut State Agencies

US: United States

<u>VFDs</u>: Variable frequency drives

WRRDA: Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2014

5/28/2015 Date

George V. Hicks, P.E. Supervising Sanitary Engineer Bureau of Water Protection & Land Reuse

Attachment: EPA Memorandum: "Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014" dated March 20, 2014.



TO:

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

# MAR 2 0 2014

OFFICE OF WATER

### MEMORANDUM

- SUBJECT: Implementation of American Iron and Steel provisions of P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014
- FROM: For Andrew D. Sawyers, Director Office of Wastewater Management (4201M)

Peter C. Grevatt, Director Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water (4601M)

Water Management Division Directors Regions I - X

P.L. 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (Act), includes an "American Iron and Steel (AIS)" requirement in section 436 that requires Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) and Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund (DWSRF) assistance recipients to use iron and steel products that are produced in the United States for projects for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works if the project is funded through an assistance agreement executed beginning January 17, 2014 (enactment of the Act), through the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2014.

Section 436 also sets forth certain circumstances under which EPA may waive the AIS requirement. Furthermore, the Act specifically exempts projects where engineering plans and specifications were approved by a State agency prior to January 17, 2014.

The approach described below explains how EPA will implement the AIS requirement. The first section is in the form of questions and answers that address the types of projects that must comply with the AIS requirement, the types of products covered by the AIS requirement, and compliance. The second section is a step-by-step process for requesting waivers and the circumstances under which waivers may be granted.

### Implementation

The Act states:

Sec. 436. (a)(1) None of the funds made available by a State water pollution control revolving fund as authorized by title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) or made available by a drinking water treatment revolving loan fund as authorized by section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12) shall be used for a project for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works unless all of the iron and steel products used in the project are produced in the United States.

(2) In this section, the term "iron and steel products" means the following products made primarily of iron or steel: lined or unlined pipes and fittings, manhole covers and other municipal castings, hydrants, tanks, flanges, pipe clamps and restraints, valves, structural steel, reinforced precast concrete, and construction materials.

(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply in any case or category of cases in which the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (in this section referred to as the "Administrator") finds that—

(1) applying subsection (a) would be inconsistent with the public interest;

(2) iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or

(3) inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

(c) If the Administrator receives a request for a waiver under this section, the Administrator shall make available to the public on an informal basis a copy of the request and information available to the Administrator concerning the request, and shall allow for informal public input on the request for at least 15 days prior to making a finding based on the request. The Administrator shall make the request and accompanying information available by electronic means, including on the official public Internet Web site of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(d) This section shall be applied in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements.

(e) The Administrator may retain up to 0.25 percent of the funds appropriated in this Act for the Clean and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds for carrying out the provisions described in subsection (a)(1) for management and oversight of the requirements of this section.

(f) This section does not apply with respect to a project if a State agency approves the engineering plans and specifications for the project, in that agency's capacity to approve such plans and specifications prior to a project requesting bids, prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

The following questions and answers provide guidance for implementing and complying with the AIS requirements:

# **Project Coverage**

# 1) What classes of projects are covered by the AIS requirement?

All treatment works projects funded by a CWSRF assistance agreement, and all public water system projects funded by a DWSRF assistance agreement, from the date of enactment through the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2014, are covered. The AIS requirements apply to the entirety of the project, no matter when construction begins or ends. Additionally, the AIS requirements apply to all parts of the project, no matter the source of funding.

# 2) Does the AIS requirement apply to nonpoint source projects or national estuary projects?

No. Congress did not include an AIS requirement for nonpoint source and national estuary projects unless the project can also be classified as a 'treatment works' as defined by section 212 of the Clean Water Act.

# 3) Are any projects for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works excluded from the AIS requirement?

Any project, whether a treatment works project or a public water system project, for which engineering plans and specifications were approved by the responsible state agency prior to January 17, 2014, is excluded from the AIS requirements.

## 4) What if the project does not have approved engineering plans and specifications but has signed an assistance agreement with a CWSRF or DWSRF program prior to January 17, 2014?

The AIS requirements do not apply to any project for which an assistance agreement was signed prior to January 17, 2014.

5) What if the project does not have approved engineering plans and specifications, but bids were advertised prior to January 17, 2014 and an assistance agreement was signed after January 17, 2014?

If the project does not require approved engineering plans and specifications, the bid advertisement date will count in lieu of the approval date for purposes of the exemption in section 436(f).

# 6) What if the assistance agreement that was signed prior to January 17, 2014, only funded a part of the overall project, where the remainder of the project will be funded later with another SRF loan?

If the original assistance agreement funded any construction of the project, the date of the original assistance agreement counts for purposes of the exemption. If the original assistance agreement was only for planning and design, the date of that assistance agreement will count for purposes of the exemption only if there is a written commitment or expectation on the part of the assistance recipient to fund the remainder of the project with SRF funds.

# 7) What if the assistance agreement that was signed prior to January 17, 2014, funded the first phase of a multi-phase project, where the remaining phases will be funded by SRF assistance in the future?

In such a case, the phases of the project will be considered a single project if all construction necessary to complete the building or work, regardless of the number of contracts or assistance agreements involved, are closely related in purpose, time and place. However, there are many situations in which major construction activities are clearly undertaken in phases that are distinct in purpose, time, or place. In the case of distinct phases, projects with engineering plans and specifications approval or assistance agreements signed prior to January 17, 2014 would be excluded from AIS requirements while those approved/signed on January 17, 2014, or later would be covered by the AIS requirements.

## 8) What if a project has split funding from a non-SRF source?

Many States intend to fund projects with "split" funding, from the SRF program and from State or other programs. Based on the Act language in section 436, which requires that American iron and steel products be used in any project for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public water system or treatment works receiving SRF funding between and including January 17, 2014 and September 30, 2014, any project that is funded in whole or in part with such funds must comply with the AIS requirement. A "project" consists of all construction necessary to complete the building or work regardless of the number of contracts or assistance agreements involved so long as all contracts and assistance agreements awarded are closely related in purpose, time and place. This precludes the intentional splitting of SRF projects into separate and smaller contracts or assistance agreements to avoid AIS coverage on some portion of a larger

project, particularly where the activities are integrally and proximately related to the whole. However, there are many situations in which major construction activities are clearly undertaken in separate phases that are distinct in purpose, time, or place, in which case, separate contracts or assistance agreement for SRF and State or other funding would carry separate requirements.

## 9) What about refinancing?

If a project began construction, financed from a non-SRF source, prior to January 17, 2014, but is refinanced through an SRF assistance agreement executed on or after January 17, 2014 and prior to October 1, 2014, AIS requirements will apply to all construction that occurs on or after January 17, 2014, through completion of construction, unless, as is likely, engineering plans and specifications were approved by a responsible state agency prior to January 17, 2014. There is no retroactive application of the AIS requirements where a refinancing occurs for a project that has completed construction prior to January 17, 2014.

# 10) Do the AIS requirements apply to any other EPA programs, besides the SRF program, such as the Tribal Set-aside grants or grants to the Territories and DC?

No, the AIS requirement only applies to funds made available by a State water pollution control revolving fund as authorized by title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) or made available by a drinking water treatment revolving loan fund as authorized by section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12)

# **Covered Iron and Steel Products**

# 11) What is an iron or steel product?

For purposes of the CWSRF and DWSRF projects that must comply with the AIS requirement, an iron or steel product is one of the following made primarily of iron or steel that is permanently incorporated into the public water system or treatment works:

Lined or unlined pipes or fittings; Manhole Covers; Municipal Castings (defined in more detail below); Hydrants; Tanks; Flanges; Pipe clamps and restraints; Valves; Structural steel (defined in more detail below); Reinforced precast concrete; and Construction materials (defined in more detail below).

#### 12) What does the term 'primarily iron or steel' mean?

'Primarily iron or steel' places constraints on the list of products above. For one of the listed products to be considered subject to the AIS requirements, it must be made of greater than 50% iron or steel, measured by cost. The cost should be based on the material costs.

### 13) Can you provide an example of how to perform a cost determination?

For example, the iron portion of a fire hydrant would likely be the bonnet, body and shoe, and the cost then would include the pouring and casting to create those components. The other material costs would include non-iron and steel internal workings of the fire hydrant (i.e., stem, coupling, valve, seals, etc). However, the assembly of the internal workings into the hydrant body would not be included in this cost calculation. If one of the listed products is not made primarily of iron or steel, United States (US) provenance is not required. An exception to this definition is reinforced precast concrete, which is addressed in a later question.

# 14) If a product is composed of more than 50% iron or steel, but is not listed in the above list of items, must the item be produced in the US? Alternatively, must the iron or steel in such a product be produced in the US?

The answer to both question is no. Only items on the above list must be produced in the US. Additionally, the iron or steel in a non-listed item can be sourced from outside the US.

# 15) What is the definition of steel?

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements. Metallic elements such as chromium, nickel, molybdenum, manganese, and silicon may be added during the melting of steel for the purpose of enhancing properties such as corrosion resistance, hardness, or strength. The definition of steel covers carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, tool steel and other specialty steels.

### 16) What does 'produced in the United States' mean?

Production in the United States of the iron or steel products used in the project requires that all manufacturing processes, including application of coatings, must take place in the United States, with the exception of metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. All manufacturing processes includes processes such as melting, refining, forming, rolling, drawing, finishing, fabricating and coating. Further, if a domestic iron and steel product is taken out of the US for any part of the manufacturing process, it becomes foreign source material. However, raw materials such as iron ore, limestone and iron and steel scrap are not covered by the AIS requirement, and the material(s), if any, being applied as a coating are similarly not covered. Non-iron or steel components of an iron and steel product may come from non-US sources. For example, for products such as valves and hydrants, the individual non-iron and steel components do not have to be of domestic origin.

# 17) Are the raw materials used in the production of iron or steel required to come from US sources?

No. Raw materials, such as iron ore, limestone, scrap iron, and scrap steel, can come from non-US sources.

# 18) If an above listed item is primarily made of iron or steel, but is only at the construction site temporarily, must such an item be produced in the US?

No. Only the above listed products made primarily of iron or steel, permanently incorporated into the project must be produced in the US. For example trench boxes, scaffolding or equipment, which are removed from the project site upon completion of the project, are not required to be made of U.S. Iron or Steel.

# **19**) What is the definition of 'municipal castings'?

Municipal castings are cast iron or steel infrastructure products that are melted and cast. They typically provide access, protection, or housing for components incorporated into utility owned drinking water, storm water, wastewater, and surface infrastructure. They are typically made of grey or ductile iron, or steel. Examples of municipal castings are:

Access Hatches; Ballast Screen; Benches (Iron or Steel); Bollards; Cast Bases; Cast Iron Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular; Cast Iron Riser Rings; Catch Basin Inlet; Cleanout/Monument Boxes: Construction Covers and Frames; Curb and Corner Guards; Curb Openings; Detectable Warning Plates; Downspout Shoes (Boot, Inlet); Drainage Grates, Frames and Curb Inlets; Inlets; Junction Boxes; Lampposts; Manhole Covers, Rings and Frames, Risers;

Meter Boxes; Service Boxes; Steel Hinged Hatches, Square and Rectangular; Steel Riser Rings; Trash receptacles; Tree Grates; Tree Guards; Trench Grates; and Valve Boxes, Covers and Risers.

### 20) What is 'structural steel'?

Structural steel is rolled flanged shapes, having at least one dimension of their cross-section three inches or greater, which are used in the construction of bridges, buildings, ships, railroad rolling stock, and for numerous other constructional purposes. Such shapes are designated as wide-flange shapes, standard I-beams, channels, angles, tees and zees. Other shapes include H-piles, sheet piling, tie plates, cross ties, and those for other special purposes.

# 21) What is a 'construction material' for purposes of the AIS requirement?

Construction materials are those articles, materials, or supplies made primarily of iron and steel, that are permanently incorporated into the project, not including mechanical and/or electrical components, equipment and systems. Some of these products may overlap with what is also considered "structural steel". This includes, but is not limited to, the following products: wire rod, bar, angles, concrete reinforcing bar, wire, wire cloth, wire rope and cables, tubing, framing, joists, trusses, fasteners (i.e., nuts and bolts), welding rods, decking, grating, railings, stairs, access ramps, fire escapes, ladders, wall panels, dome structures, roofing, ductwork, surface drains, cable hanging systems, manhole steps, fencing and fence tubing, guardrails, doors, and stationary screens.

# 22) What is not considered a 'construction material' for purposes of the AIS requirement?

Mechanical and electrical components, equipment and systems are not considered construction materials. Mechanical equipment is typically that which has motorized parts and/or is powered by a motor. Electrical equipment is typically any machine powered by electricity and includes components that are part of the electrical distribution system.

The following examples (including their appurtenances necessary for their intended use and operation) are NOT considered construction materials: pumps, motors, gear reducers, drives (including variable frequency drives (VFDs)),

electric/pneumatic/manual accessories used to operate valves (such as electric valve actuators), mixers, gates, motorized screens (such as traveling screens), blowers/aeration equipment, compressors, meters, sensors, controls and switches, supervisory control and

data acquisition (SCADA), membrane bioreactor systems, membrane filtration systems, filters, clarifiers and clarifier mechanisms, rakes, grinders, disinfection systems, presses (including belt presses), conveyors, cranes, HVAC (excluding ductwork), water heaters, heat exchangers, generators, cabinetry and housings (such as electrical boxes/enclosures), lighting fixtures, electrical conduit, emergency life systems, metal office furniture, shelving, laboratory equipment, analytical instrumentation, and dewatering equipment.

# 23) If the iron or steel is produced in the US, may other steps in the manufacturing process take place outside of the US, such as assembly?

No. Production in the US of the iron or steel used in a listed product requires that all manufacturing processes must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives.

# 24) What processes must occur in the US to be compliant with the AIS requirement for reinforced precast concrete?

While reinforced precast concrete may not be at least 50% iron or steel, in this particular case, the reinforcing bar and wire must be produced in the US and meet the same standards as for any other iron or steel product. Additionally, the casting of the concrete product must take place in the US. The cement and other raw materials used in concrete production are not required to be of domestic origin.

If the reinforced concrete is cast at the construction site, the reinforcing bar and wire are considered to be a construction material and must be produced in the US.

### **Compliance**

# 25) How should an assistance recipient document compliance with the AIS requirement?

In order to ensure compliance with the AIS requirement, specific AIS contract language must be included in each contract, starting with the assistance agreement, all the way down to the purchase agreements. Sample language for assistance agreements and contracts can be found in Appendix 3 and 4.

EPA recommends the use of a step certification process, similar to one used by the Federal Highway Administration. The step certification process is a method to ensure that producers adhere to the AIS requirement and assistance recipients can verify that products comply with the AIS requirement. The process also establishes accountability and better enables States to take enforcement actions against violators.

Step certification creates a paper trail which documents the location of the manufacturing process involved with the production of steel and iron materials. A step certification is a process under which each handler (supplier, fabricator, manufacturer,

processor, etc) of the iron and steel products certifies that their step in the process was domestically performed. Each time a step in the manufacturing process takes place, the manufacturer delivers its work along with a certification of its origin. A certification can be quite simple. Typically, it includes the name of the manufacturer, the location of the manufacturing facility where the product or process took place (not its headquarters), a description of the product or item being delivered, and a signature by a manufacturer's responsible party. Attached, as Appendix 5, are sample certifications. These certifications should be collected and maintained by assistance recipients.

Alternatively, the final manufacturer that delivers the iron or steel product to the worksite, vendor, or contractor, may provide a certification asserting that all manufacturing processes occurred in the US. While this type of certification may be acceptable, it may not provide the same degree of assurance. Additional documentation may be needed if the certification is lacking important information. Step certification is the best practice.

# 26) How should a State ensure assistance recipients are complying with the AIS requirement?

In order to ensure compliance with the AIS requirement, States SRF programs must include specific AIS contract language in the assistance agreement. Sample language for assistance agreements can be found in Appendix 3.

States should also, as a best practice, conduct site visits of projects during construction and review documentation demonstrating proof of compliance which the assistance recipient has gathered.

# 27) What happens if a State or EPA finds a non-compliant iron and/or steel product permanently incorporated in the project?

If a potentially non-compliant product is identified, the State should notify the assistance recipient of the apparent unauthorized use of the non-domestic component, including a proposed corrective action, and should be given the opportunity to reply. If unauthorized use is confirmed, the State can take one or more of the following actions: request a waiver where appropriate; require the removal of the non-domestic item; or withhold payment for all or part of the project. Only EPA can issue waivers to authorize the use of a non-domestic item. EPA may use remedies available to it under the Clean Water Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, and 40 CFR part 31 grant regulations, in the event of a violation of a grant term and condition.

It is recommended that the State work collaboratively with EPA to determine the appropriate corrective action, especially in cases where the State is the one who identifies the item in noncompliance or there is a disagreement with the assistance recipient.

If fraud, waste, abuse, or any violation of the law is suspected, the Office of Inspector General (OIG) should be contacted immediately. The OIG can be reached at 1-

888-546-8740 or OIG\_Hotline@epa.gov. More information can be found at this website: http://www.epa.gov/oig/hotline.htm.

# 28) How do international trade agreements affect the implementation of the AIS requirements?

The AIS provision applies in a manner consistent with United States obligations under international agreements. Typically, these obligations only apply to direct procurement by the entities that are signatories to such agreements. In general, SRF assistance recipients are not signatories to such agreements, so these agreements have no impact on this AIS provision. In the few instances where such an agreement applies to a municipality, that municipality is under the obligation to determine its applicability and requirements and document the actions taken to comply for the State.

### Waiver Process

The statute permits EPA to issue waivers for a case or category of cases where EPA finds (1) that applying these requirements would be inconsistent with the public interest; (2) iron and steel products are not produced in the US in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or (3) inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the US will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

In order to implement the AIS requirements, EPA has developed an approach to allow for effective and efficient implementation of the waiver process to allow projects to proceed in a timely manner. The framework described below will allow States, on behalf of the assistance recipients, to apply for waivers of the AIS requirement directly to EPA Headquarters. Only waiver requests received from states will be considered. Pursuant to the Act, EPA has the responsibility to make findings as to the issuance of waivers to the AIS requirements.

### Definitions

The following terms are critical to the interpretation and implementation of the AIS requirements and apply to the process described in this memorandum:

<u>Reasonably Available Quantity</u>: The quantity of iron or steel products is available or will be available at the time needed and place needed, and in the proper form or specification as specified in the project plans and design.

<u>Satisfactory Quality</u>: The quality of iron or steel products, as specified in the project plans and designs.

Assistance Recipient: A borrower or grantee that receives funding from a State CWSRF or DWSRF program.

### **Step-By-Step Waiver Process**

#### Application by Assistance Recipient

Each local entity that receives SRF water infrastructure financial assistance is required by section 436 of the Act to use American made iron and steel products in the construction of its project. However, the recipient may request a waiver. Until a waiver is granted by EPA, the AIS requirement stands, except as noted above with respect to municipalities covered by international agreements.

The waiver process begins with the SRF assistance recipient. In order to fulfill the AIS requirement, the assistance recipient must in good faith design the project (where applicable) and solicit bids for construction with American made iron and steel products. It is essential that the assistance recipient include the AIS terms in any request for proposals or solicitations for bids, and in all contracts (see Appendix 3 for sample construction contract language). The assistance recipient may receive a waiver at any point before, during, or after the bid process, if one or more of three conditions is met:

- 1. Applying the American Iron and Steel requirements of the Act would be inconsistent with the public interest;
- 2. Iron and steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or
- 3. Inclusion of iron and steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

Proper and sufficient documentation must be provided by the assistance recipient. A checklist detailing the types of information required for a waiver to be processed is attached as Appendix 1.

Additionally, it is strongly encouraged that assistance recipients hold pre-bid conferences with potential bidders. A pre-bid conference can help to identify iron and steel products needed to complete the project as described in the plans and specifications that may not be available from domestic sources. It may also identify the need to seek a waiver prior to bid, and can help inform the recipient on compliance options.

In order to apply for a project waiver, the assistance recipient should email the request in the form of a Word document (.doc) to the State SRF program. It is strongly recommended that the State designate a single person for all AIS communications. The State SRF designee will review the application for the waiver and determine whether the necessary information has been included. Once the waiver application is complete, the State designee will forward the application to either of two email addresses. For CWSRF waiver requests, please send the application to: <u>cwsrfwaiver@epa.gov</u>. For DWSRF waiver requests, please send the application to: <u>dwsrfwaiver@epa.gov</u>.

#### Evaluation by EPA

After receiving an application for waiver of the AIS requirements, EPA Headquarters will publish the request on its website for 15 days and receive informal comment. EPA Headquarters will then use the checklist in Appendix 2 to determine whether the application properly and adequately documents and justifies the statutory basis cited for the waiver – that it is quantitatively and qualitatively sufficient – and to determine whether or not to grant the waiver.

In the event that EPA finds that adequate documentation and justification has been submitted, the Administrator may grant a waiver to the assistance recipient. EPA will notify the State designee that a waiver request has been approved or denied as soon as such a decision has been made. Granting such a waiver is a three-step process:

1. Posting – After receiving an application for a waiver, EPA is required to publish the application and all material submitted with the application on EPA's website for 15 days. During that period, the public will have the opportunity to review the request and provide informal comment to EPA. The website can be found at: <u>http://water.epa.gov/grants\_funding/aisrequirement.cfm</u>

2. Evaluation – After receiving an application for waiver of the AIS requirements, EPA Headquarters will use the checklist in Appendix 2 to determine whether the application properly and adequately documents and justifies the statutory basis cited for the waiver – that it is quantitatively and qualitatively sufficient – and to determine whether or not to grant the waiver.

3. Signature of waiver approval by the Administrator or another agency official with delegated authority – As soon as the waiver is signed and dated, EPA will notify the State SRF program, and post the signed waiver on our website. The assistance recipient should keep a copy of the signed waiver in its project files.

### Public Interest Waivers

EPA has the authority to issue public interest waivers. Evaluation of a public interest waiver request may be more complicated than that of other waiver requests so they may take more time than other waiver requests for a decision to be made. An example of a public interest waiver that might be issued could be for a community that has standardized on a particular type or manufacturer of a valve because of its performance to meet their specifications. Switching to an alternative valve may require staff to be trained on the new equipment and additional spare parts would need to be purchased and stocked, existing valves may need to be unnecessarily replaced, and portions of the system may need to be redesigned. Therefore, requiring the community to install an alternative valve would be inconsistent with public interest.

EPA also has the authority to issue a public interest waiver that covers categories of products that might apply to all projects.

EPA reserves the right to issue national waivers that may apply to particular classes of assistance recipients, particular classes of projects, or particular categories of iron or steel products. EPA may develop national or (US geographic) regional categorical waivers through the identification of similar circumstances in the detailed justifications presented to EPA in a waiver request or requests. EPA may issue a national waiver based on policy decisions regarding the public's interest or a determination that a particular item is not produced domestically in reasonably available quantities or of a sufficient quality. In such cases, EPA may determine it is necessary to issue a national waiver.

If you have any questions concerning the contents of this memorandum, you may contact us, or have your staff contact Jordan Dorfman, Attorney-Advisor, State Revolving Fund Branch, Municipal Support Division, at dorfman.jordan@epa.gov or (202) 564-0614 or Kiri Anderer, Environmental Engineer, Infrastructure Branch, Drinking Water Protection Division, at anderer.kirsten@epa.gov or (202) 564-3134.

Attachments

# **Appendix 1: Information Checklist for Waiver Request**

The purpose of this checklist is to help ensure that all appropriate and necessary information is submitted to EPA. EPA recommends that States review this checklist carefully and provide all appropriate information to EPA. This checklist is for informational purposes only and does not need to be included as part of a waiver application.

	Items	Notes
• Wai	<ul> <li>ver request includes the following information:</li> <li>Description of the foreign and domestic construction materials</li> <li>Unit of measure</li> </ul>	
• Assi	<ul> <li>Quantity</li> <li>Price</li> <li>Time of delivery or availability</li> <li>Location of the construction project</li> <li>Name and address of the proposed supplier</li> <li>A detailed justification for the use of foreign construction materials</li> <li>ver request was submitted according to the instructions in the memorandum</li> <li>istance recipient made a good faith effort to solicit bids for domestic iron and steel products, as demonstrated by language in</li> </ul>	
requ st Waiver I	ests for proposals, contracts, and communications with the prime contractor Requests	
• Wai	<ul> <li>ver request includes the following information:</li> <li>Comparison of overall cost of project with domestic iron and steel products to overall cost of project with foreign iron and steel products</li> <li>Relevant excerpts from the bid documents used by the contractors to complete the comparison</li> <li>Supporting documentation indicating that the contractor made a reasonable survey of the market, such as a description of the</li> </ul>	
	process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers	
• Wai	<ul> <li>Vaiver Requests</li> <li>ver request includes the following supporting documentation necessary to demonstrate the availability, quantity, and/or quality of naterials for which the waiver is requested:         <ul> <li>Supplier information or pricing information from a reasonable number of domestic suppliers indicating availability/delivery date for construction materials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Documentation of the assistance recipient's efforts to find available domestic sources, such as a description of the process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers.</li> <li>Project schedule</li> <li>Relevant excerpts from project plans, specifications, and permits indicating the required quantity and quality of construction materials</li> </ul>	
cons	ver request includes a statement from the prime contractor and/or supplier confirming the non-availability of the domestic struction materials for which the waiver is sought	
• Has	the State received other waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects?	

# **Appendix 2: HQ Review Checklist for Waiver Request**

Instructions: To be completed by EPA. Review all waiver requests using the questions in the checklist, and mark the appropriate box as Yes, No or N/A. Marks that fall inside the shaded boxes may be grounds for denying the waiver. If none of your review markings fall into a shaded box, the waiver is eligible for approval if it indicates that one or more of the following conditions applies to the domestic product for which the waiver is sought:

- 1. The iron and/or steel products are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality.
- 2. The inclusion of iron and/or steel products produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

Review Items Yes No	N/A	Comments			
Cost Waiver Requests					
Does the waiver request include the following information?					
<ul> <li>Comparison of overall cost of project with domestic iron and steel products to overall cost of project with foreign iron and</li> </ul>					
steel products					
<ul> <li>Relevant excerpts from the bid documents used by the contractors to complete the comparison</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>A sufficient number of bid documents or pricing information from domestic sources to constitute a reasonable survey of</li> </ul>					
the market					
Does the Total Domestic Project exceed the Total Foreign Project Cost by more than 25%?					
Availability Waiver Requests					
• Does the waiver request include supporting documentation sufficient to show the availability, quantity, and/or quality of the					
iron and/or steel product for which the waiver is requested?					
<ul> <li>Supplier information or other documentation indicating availability/delivery date for materials</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Project schedule</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Relevant excerpts from project plans, specifications, and permits indicating the required quantity and quality of materials</li> </ul>					
Does supporting documentation provide sufficient evidence that the contractors made a reasonable effort to locate domestic					
suppliers of materials, such as a description of the process for identifying suppliers and a list of contacted suppliers?					
Based on the materials delivery/availability date indicated in the supporting documentation, will the materials be unavailable					
when they are needed according to the project schedule? (By item, list schedule date and domestic delivery quote date or other					
relevant information)					
Is EPA aware of any other evidence indicating the non-availability of the materials for which the waiver is requested?					
Examples include:					
<ul> <li>Multiple waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects in the same State</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Multiple waiver requests for the materials described in this waiver request, for comparable projects in other States</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Correspondence with construction trade associations indicating the non-availability of the materials</li> </ul>					
• Are the available domestic materials indicated in the bid documents of inadequate quality compared those required by the					
project plans, specifications, and/or permits?					
		<u> </u>			
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#### **Appendix 3: Example Loan Agreement Language**

ALL ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT MUST HAVE A CLAUSE REQUIRING COMPLIANCE WITH THE AIS REQUIREMENT. THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF WHAT COULD BE INCLUDED IN SRF ASSISTANCE AGREEMENTS. EPA MAKES NO CLAIMS REGARDING THE LEGALITY OF THIS CLAUSE WITH RESPECT TO STATE LAW:

Comply with all federal requirements applicable to the Loan (including those imposed by the 2014 Appropriations Act and related SRF Policy Guidelines) which the Participant understands includes, among other, requirements that all of the iron and steel products used in the Project are to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") unless (i) the Participant has requested and obtained a waiver from the Agency pertaining to the Project or (ii) the Finance Authority has otherwise advised the Participant in writing that the American Iron and Steel Requirement is not applicable to the Project.

Comply with all record keeping and reporting requirements under the Clean Water Act/Safe Drinking Water Act, including any reports required by a Federal agency or the Finance Authority such as performance indicators of program deliverables, information on costs and project progress. The Participant understands that (i) each contract and subcontract related to the Project is subject to audit by appropriate federal and state entities and (ii) failure to comply with the Clean Water Act/Safe Drinking Water Act and this Agreement may be a default hereunder that results in a repayment of the Loan in advance of the maturity of the Bonds and/or other remedial actions.

#### **Appendix 4: Sample Construction Contract Language**

ALL CONTRACTS MUST HAVE A CLAUSE REQUIRING COMPLIANCE WITH THE AIS REQUIREMENT. THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF WHAT COULD BE INCLUDED IN ALL CONTRACTS IN PROJECTS THAT USE SRF FUNDS. EPA MAKES NO CLAIMS REGARDING THE LEGALITY OF THIS CLAUSE WITH RESPECT TO STATE OR LOCAL LAW:

The Contractor acknowledges to and for the benefit of the City of ("Purchaser") and the (the "State") that it understands the goods and services under this Agreement are being funded with monies made available by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and/or Drinking Water State Revolving Fund that have statutory requirements commonly known as "American Iron and Steel;" that requires all of the iron and steel products used in the project to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") including iron and steel products provided by the Contactor pursuant to this Agreement. The Contractor hereby represents and warrants to and for the benefit of the Purchaser and the State that (a) the Contractor has reviewed and understands the American Iron and Steel Requirement, (b) all of the iron and steel products used in the project will be and/or have been produced in the United States in a manner that complies with the American Iron and Steel Requirement, unless a waiver of the requirement is approved, and (c) the Contractor will provide any further verified information, certification or assurance of compliance with this paragraph, or information necessary to support a waiver of the American Iron and Steel Requirement, as may be requested by the Purchaser or the State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any failure to comply with this paragraph by the Contractor shall permit the Purchaser or State to recover as damages against the Contractor any loss, expense, or cost (including without limitation attorney's fees) incurred by the Purchaser or State resulting from any such failure (including without limitation any impairment or loss of funding, whether in whole or in part, from the State or any damages owed to the State by the Purchaser). While the Contractor has no direct contractual privity with the State, as a lender to the Purchaser for the funding of its project, the Purchaser and the Contractor agree that the State is a third-party beneficiary and neither this paragraph (nor any other provision of this Agreement necessary to give this paragraph force or effect) shall be amended or waived without the prior written consent of the State.

## **Appendix 5: Sample Certifications**

The following information is provided as a sample letter of <u>step</u> certification for AIS compliance. Documentation must be provided on company letterhead.

Date

Company Name

Company Address

City, State Zip

Subject: American Iron and Steel Step Certification for Project (XXXXXXXXX)

I, (company representative), certify that the (melting, bending, coating, galvanizing, cutting, etc.) process for (manufacturing or fabricating) the following products and/or materials shipped or provided for the subject project is in full compliance with the American Iron and Steel requirement as mandated in EPA's State Revolving Fund Programs.

Item, Products and/or Materials:

- 1. Xxxx
- 2. Xxxx
- 3. Xxxx

Such process took place at the following location:

If any of the above compliance statements change while providing material to this project we will immediately notify the prime contractor and the engineer.

Signed by company representative

The following information is provided as a sample letter of certification for AIS compliance. Documentation must be provided on company letterhead.

Date

Company Name

Company Address

City, State Zip

Subject: American Iron and Steel Certification for Project (XXXXXXXXX)

I, (company representative), certify that the following products and/or materials shipped/provided to the subject project are in full compliance with the American Iron and Steel requirement as mandated in EPA's State Revolving Fund Programs.

Item, Products and/or Materials:

- 1. Xxxx
- 2. Xxxx
- 3. Xxxx

Such process took place at the following location:

If any of the above compliance statements change while providing material to this project we will immediately notify the prime contractor and the engineer.

Signed by company representative



# American Iron and Steel Provisions - Bidder Certification

The Bidder ("Contractor") acknowledges to and for the benefit of the Greater New Haven Water Pollution Control Authority ("Purchaser") and the State of Connecticut ("State") that it understands the goods and services under this Agreement are being funded with monies made available by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and/or Drinking Water State Revolving Fund that have statutory requirements commonly known as "American Iron and Steel;" that requires all of the iron and steel products used in the project to be produced in the United States ("American Iron and Steel Requirement") including iron and steel products provided by the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement. The Contractor hereby represents and warrants to and for the benefit of the Purchaser and the State that (a) the Contractor has reviewed and understands the American Iron and Steel Requirement, (b) all of the iron and steel products used in the project will be and/or have been produced in the United States in a manner that complies with the American Iron and Steel Requirement, unless a waiver of the requirement is approved, and (c) the Contractor will provide any further verified information, certification or assurance of compliance with this paragraph, or information necessary to support a waiver of the American Iron and Steel Requirement, as may be requested by the Purchaser or the State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any failure to comply with this paragraph by the Contractor shall permit the Purchaser or State to recover as damages against the Contractor any loss, expense or cost (including without limitation attorney's fees) incurred by the Purchaser or State resulting from any such failure (including without limitation any impairment or loss of funding, whether in whole or in part, from the State or any damages owed to the State by the Purchaser). While the Contractor has no direct contractual privity with the State, as a lender to the Purchaser for the funding of its project, the Purchaser and the Contractor agree that the State is a third-party beneficiary and neither this paragraph (nor any other provision of this Agreement necessary to give this paragraph force or effect) shall be amended or waived without the prior written consent of the State.

**Please Print** 

Bidder (Contractor):

By:

Name of Contractor (Company)

Address

Signature

Print Name

City/State/Zip Code

Date

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